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## FORM 10-Q

### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 28, 2007

OR

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE  
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File No. 1-2217

*The Coca-Cola Company*

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its Charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

One Coca-Cola Plaza  
Atlanta, Georgia  
(Address of principal executive offices)

58-0628465  
(IRS Employer  
Identification No.)

30313  
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (404) 676-2121

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Indicate by check mark if the Registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).

Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the Registrant's classes of Common Stock as of the latest practicable date.

Class

Outstanding at October 19, 2007

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Common Stock, \$0.25 Par Value

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2,310,976,727 Shares

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THE COCA-COLA COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

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## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

*This report contains information that may constitute "forward-looking statements." Generally, the words "believe," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "anticipate," "project," "will" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements, which generally are not historical in nature. All statements that address operating performance, events or developments that we expect or anticipate will occur in the future — including statements relating to volume growth, share of sales and earnings per share growth, and statements expressing general optimism about future operating results — are forward-looking statements. As and when made, management believes that these forward-looking statements are reasonable. However, caution should be taken not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements because such statements speak only as of the date when made. Our Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. In addition, forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from our Company's historical experience and our present expectations or projections. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those described in Part II, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" and elsewhere in this report and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, and those described from time to time in our future reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.*

Part I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements (Unaudited)

**THE COCA-COLA COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**  
(UNAUDITED)  
(In millions except per share data)

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006
<b>NET OPERATING REVENUES</b>	<b>\$ 7,690</b>	\$ 6,454	<b>\$ 21,526</b>	\$ 18,156
Cost of goods sold	<b>2,884</b>	2,265	<b>7,765</b>	6,101
<b>GROSS PROFIT</b>	<b>4,806</b>	4,189	<b>13,761</b>	12,055
Selling, general and administrative expenses	<b>2,896</b>	2,488	<b>7,906</b>	6,844
Other operating charges	<b>81</b>	39	<b>129</b>	115
<b>OPERATING INCOME</b>	<b>1,829</b>	1,662	<b>5,726</b>	5,096
Interest income	<b>59</b>	35	<b>150</b>	152
Interest expense	<b>127</b>	47	<b>300</b>	173
Equity income — net	<b>287</b>	231	<b>497</b>	569
Other income (loss) — net	<b>65</b>	(55)	<b>177</b>	48
<b>INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES</b>	<b>2,113</b>	1,826	<b>6,250</b>	5,692
Income taxes	<b>459</b>	366	<b>1,483</b>	1,290
<b>NET INCOME</b>	<b>\$ 1,654</b>	\$ 1,460	<b>\$ 4,767</b>	\$ 4,402
<b>BASIC NET INCOME PER SHARE</b>	<b>\$ 0.72</b>	\$ 0.62	<b>\$ 2.06</b>	\$ 1.87
<b>DILUTED NET INCOME PER SHARE</b>	<b>\$ 0.71</b>	\$ 0.62	<b>\$ 2.05</b>	\$ 1.87
<b>DIVIDENDS PER SHARE</b>	<b>\$ 0.34</b>	\$ 0.31	<b>\$ 1.02</b>	\$ 0.93
<b>AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING</b>	<b>2,311</b>	2,342	<b>2,312</b>	2,353
Effect of dilutive securities	<b>20</b>	1	<b>14</b>	1
<b>AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING ASSUMING DILUTION</b>	<b>2,331</b>	2,343	<b>2,326</b>	2,354

Refer to Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**THE COCA-COLA COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
(UNAUDITED)  
(In millions except par value)

	September 28, 2007	December 31, 2006
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,616	\$ 2,440
Marketable securities	195	150
Trade accounts receivable, less allowances of \$111 and \$63, respectively	3,116	2,587
Inventories	2,048	1,641
Prepaid expenses and other assets	2,120	1,623
<b>TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS</b>	<b>12,095</b>	<b>8,441</b>
<b>INVESTMENTS</b>		
Equity method investments:		
Coca-Cola Enterprises Inc.	1,538	1,312
Coca-Cola Hellenic Bottling Company S.A.	1,406	1,251
Coca-Cola FEMSA, S.A.B. de C.V.	926	835
Coca-Cola Amatil Limited	746	817
Other, principally bottling companies	1,986	2,095
Cost method investments, principally bottling companies	504	473
<b>TOTAL INVESTMENTS</b>	<b>7,106</b>	<b>6,783</b>
<b>OTHER ASSETS</b>	<b>2,634</b>	<b>2,701</b>
<b>PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT</b> , less accumulated depreciation of \$6,111 and \$5,008, respectively	<b>8,003</b>	<b>6,903</b>
<b>TRADEMARKS WITH INDEFINITE LIVES</b>	<b>5,218</b>	<b>2,045</b>
<b>GOODWILL</b>	<b>4,170</b>	<b>1,403</b>
<b>OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS</b>	<b>2,444</b>	<b>1,687</b>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 41,670</b>	<b>\$ 29,963</b>
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 7,130	\$ 5,055
Loans and notes payable	7,992	3,235
Current maturities of long-term debt	60	33
Accrued income taxes	384	567
<b>TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>	<b>15,566</b>	<b>8,890</b>
<b>LONG-TERM DEBT</b>	<b>1,594</b>	<b>1,314</b>
<b>OTHER LIABILITIES</b>	<b>3,438</b>	<b>2,231</b>
<b>DEFERRED INCOME TAXES</b>	<b>1,403</b>	<b>608</b>
<b>SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY</b>		
Common stock, \$0.25 par value; Authorized — 5,600 shares; Issued — 3,519 and 3,511 shares, respectively	<b>880</b>	878
Capital surplus	6,947	5,983
Reinvested earnings	35,809	33,468
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(470)	(1,291)
Treasury stock, at cost — 1,211 and 1,193 shares, respectively	(23,497)	(22,118)
<b>TOTAL SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>19,669</b>	<b>16,920</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREOWNERS' EQUITY</b>	<b>\$ 41,670</b>	<b>\$ 29,963</b>

Refer to Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**THE COCA-COLA COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(UNAUDITED)  
(In millions)

	Nine Months Ended	
	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Net income	\$ 4,767	\$ 4,402
Depreciation and amortization	794	666
Stock-based compensation expense	241	237
Deferred income taxes	(67)	(32)
Equity income or loss, net of dividends	(331)	(420)
Foreign currency adjustments	6	47
Gains on sales of assets, including bottling interests	(213)	(127)
Other operating charges	129	115
Other items	59	127
Net change in operating assets and liabilities	72	(381)
Net cash provided by operating activities	5,457	4,634
<b>INVESTING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Acquisitions and investments	(3,935)	(784)
Purchases of other investments	(29)	(75)
Proceeds from disposals of other investments	266	210
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(1,091)	(960)
Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	179	72
Other investing activities	(2)	(5)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,612)	(1,542)
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Issuances of debt	7,094	298
Payments of debt	(3,599)	(2,075)
Issuances of stock	1,013	8
Purchases of stock for treasury	(1,699)	(1,212)
Dividends	(1,575)	(1,460)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	1,234	(4,441)
<b>EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		
	97	36
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		
Net increase (decrease) during the period	2,176	(1,313)
Balance at beginning of period	2,440	4,701
Balance at end of period	\$ 4,616	\$ 3,388

Refer to Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

**THE COCA-COLA COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(UNAUDITED)

**Note A — Basis of Presentation and Consolidation**

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. They do not include all information and notes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. However, except as disclosed herein, there has been no material change in the information disclosed in the notes to consolidated financial statements included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K of The Coca-Cola Company for the year ended December 31, 2006.

We use the equity method to account for our investments for which we have the ability to exercise significant influence over the operating and financial policies of the investee. Consolidated net income includes our Company's proportionate share of the net income or loss of these companies. Such amounts are classified as "equity income — net" in our consolidated statements of income.

When used in these notes, the terms "Company," "we," "us" or "our" mean The Coca-Cola Company and all entities included in our consolidated financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (including normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three and nine-month periods ended September 28, 2007, are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2007. Sales of our ready-to-drink nonalcoholic beverages are somewhat seasonal, with the second and third calendar quarters accounting for the highest sales volumes. The volume of sales in the beverages business may be affected by weather conditions.

Our reporting period ends on the Friday closest to the last day of the quarterly calendar period. The third quarter of 2007 and 2006 ended on September 28, 2007 and September 29, 2006, respectively. Our fiscal year ends on December 31 regardless of the day of the week on which December 31 falls.

**Note B — Recent Accounting Standards**

In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" ("Interpretation No. 48"). Interpretation No. 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes." Interpretation No. 48 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Interpretation No. 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure and transition. Our Company adopted the provisions of Interpretation No. 48 effective January 1, 2007. As a result of the adoption of Interpretation No. 48, we recorded an approximate \$66 million increase in accrued income taxes in our consolidated balance sheet for unrecognized tax benefits, which was accounted for as a cumulative effect adjustment to the January 1, 2007, balance of reinvested earnings. Refer to Note I.

**Note C — Inventories**

Inventories consisted of the following (in millions):

	<b>September 28, 2007</b>	December 31, 2006
Raw materials and packaging	<b>\$ 1,050</b>	\$ 923
Finished goods	<b>785</b>	548
Other	<b>213</b>	170
Inventories	<b>\$ 2,048</b>	\$ 1,641

**Note D — Comprehensive Income**

The following table summarizes total comprehensive income for the applicable periods (in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	<b>September 28, 2007</b>	September 29, 2006	<b>September 28, 2007</b>	September 29, 2006
Net income	<b>\$ 1,654</b>	\$ 1,460	<b>\$ 4,767</b>	\$ 4,402
Net foreign currency translation gain	<b>92</b>	80	<b>665</b>	370
Net loss on derivatives	<b>(46)</b>	(2)	<b>(59)</b>	(9)
Net change in unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities	<b>(43)</b>	(7)	<b>23</b>	(2)
Net change in minimum pension liability	<b>—</b>	(1)	<b>192</b>	3
Total comprehensive income	<b>\$ 1,657</b>	\$ 1,530	<b>\$ 5,588</b>	\$ 4,764

**Note E — Commitments and Contingencies**

As of September 28, 2007, we were contingently liable for guarantees of indebtedness owed by third parties in the amount of \$253 million. These guarantees are related to third-party customers, bottlers and vendors and have arisen through the normal course of business. These guarantees have various terms, and none of these guarantees is individually significant. The amount represents the maximum potential future payments that we could be required to make under the guarantees; however, we do not consider it probable that we will be required to satisfy these guarantees.

We believe our exposure to concentrations of credit risk is limited due to the diverse geographic areas covered by our operations.

The Company is also involved in various legal proceedings. We establish reserves for specific legal proceedings when we determine that the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is probable. Management has also identified certain other legal matters where we believe an unfavorable outcome is reasonably possible for which no estimate of possible losses can be made. Management believes that any liability to the Company that may arise as a result of currently pending legal proceedings, including

those discussed below, will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Company taken as a whole.

At the time we acquire or divest our interest in an entity, we sometimes agree to indemnify the seller or buyer for specific contingent liabilities. Management believes that any liability to the Company that may arise as a result of any such indemnification agreements will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Company taken as a whole.

The Company is involved in various tax matters, with respect to some of which the outcome is uncertain. We establish reserves to remove some or all of the tax benefit of any of our tax positions at the time we determine that it becomes uncertain based upon one of the following: (1) the tax position is not "more likely than not" to be sustained, (2) the tax position is "more likely than not" to be sustained, but for a lesser amount, or (3) the tax position is "more likely than not" to be sustained, but not in the financial period in which the tax position was originally taken. For purposes of evaluating whether or not a tax position is uncertain, (1) we presume the tax position will be examined by the relevant taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information, (2) the technical merits of a tax position are derived from authorities such as legislation and statutes, legislative intent, regulations, rulings and case law and their applicability to the facts and circumstances of the tax position, and (3) each tax position is evaluated without consideration of the possibility of offset or aggregation with other tax positions taken. A number of years may elapse before a particular uncertain tax position is audited and finally resolved or when a tax assessment is raised. The number of years subject to tax assessments varies depending on the tax jurisdiction. The tax benefit that has been previously reserved because of a failure to meet the "more likely than not" recognition threshold would be recognized in our income tax expense in the first interim period when the uncertainty disappears under any one of the following conditions: (1) the tax position is "more likely than not" to be sustained, (2) the tax position, amount, and/or timing is ultimately settled through negotiation or litigation, or (3) the statute of limitations for the tax position has expired. Refer to Note I.

**Note F — Pension and Other Postretirement Benefit Plans**

The following tables summarize net periodic benefit cost for our pension and other postretirement benefit plans for the applicable periods (in millions):

	Pension Benefits		Other Benefits	
	Three Months Ended			
	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006
Service cost	\$ 28	\$ 27	\$ 5	\$ 7
Interest cost	45	41	7	11
Expected return on plan assets	(56)	(46)	(5)	(3)
Amortization of prior service cost (credit)	2	2	(12)	—
Recognized net actuarial loss	5	12	1	1
<b>Net periodic benefit cost</b>	<b>\$ 24</b>	<b>\$ 36</b>	<b>\$ (4)</b>	<b>\$ 16</b>

	Pension Benefits		Other Benefits	
	Nine Months Ended			
	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006
Service cost	\$ 84	\$ 78	\$ 17	\$ 23
Interest cost	136	125	26	34
Expected return on plan assets	(168)	(141)	(15)	(4)
Amortization of prior service cost (credit)	5	6	(28)	—
Recognized net actuarial loss	16	30	1	3
<b>Net periodic benefit cost</b>	<b>\$ 73</b>	<b>\$ 98</b>	<b>\$ 1</b>	<b>\$ 56</b>

Effective March 1, 2007, the Company amended its U.S. retiree medical plan to limit the Company's exposure to increases in retiree medical costs associated with future retirees. The amendment required that we remeasure the assets and liabilities of the plan effective February 28, 2007. As a result of the remeasurement and amendment, the Company reduced its liabilities for the retiree medical plan by approximately \$299 million. In accordance with SFAS No. 158, "Employers' Accounting for Defined Benefit Pension and Other Postretirement Plans" ("SFAS No. 158"), the Company also recognized the appropriate effects of the change in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) ("AOCI") and deferred taxes.

We contributed \$39 million to our pension plans during the nine months ended September 28, 2007, and we anticipate contributing up to an additional \$9 million to these plans during the remainder of 2007. For the nine months ended September 29, 2006, we contributed \$82 million to our pension plans.

**Note G — Other Operating Charges**

During the third quarter of 2007, our Company recorded charges of approximately \$81 million, primarily related to restructuring activities and asset write-downs. These charges impacted the Africa,

Eurasia, European Union, Latin America, North America, Bottling Investments and Corporate operating segments. None of the charges was individually significant. Refer to Note J.

In the second quarter of 2007, our Company recorded charges of approximately \$42 million, primarily related to restructuring activities and impairments of certain investments. These charges impacted the Africa, European Union, Latin America, Pacific, Bottling Investments and Corporate operating segments. None of the charges was individually significant.

During the first quarter of 2007, our Company recorded other operating charges of approximately \$6 million, primarily related to restructuring activities and impairments of certain investments. These charges impacted the Africa, Bottling Investments and Corporate operating segments. None of the charges was individually significant.

In the third quarter of 2006, our Company recorded charges which totaled approximately \$39 million, primarily related to the impairment of certain intangible assets and investments in certain bottling operations and costs to rationalize production. These charges impacted the Africa, European Union, Pacific and Bottling Investments operating segments. None of these charges was individually significant.

In the second quarter of 2006, our Company recorded a charge of approximately \$31 million, primarily related to costs to rationalize production. This charge impacted the European Union, Pacific and Bottling Investments operating segments.

During the first quarter of 2006, our Company recorded a charge of approximately \$42 million, primarily related to the impairment of certain assets and investments in certain bottling operations in Asia, which impacted the Bottling Investments operating segment, and a charge of approximately \$3 million related to restructuring in the Pacific operating segment. The impairment charge was primarily the result of a revised outlook for certain bottling operations in Asia, which had been impacted by unfavorable market conditions and declines in volume.

#### **Note H — Other Significant Operating and Nonoperating Items**

During the third quarter of 2007, the Company sold a portion of its interest in Coca-Cola Amatil Limited ("Coca-Cola Amatil") for net proceeds of approximately \$143 million. As a result of this transaction, we recognized a gain of approximately \$73 million, which impacted the Corporate segment and was included in other income (loss) — net in our consolidated statements of income. Our ownership interest in the total outstanding shares of Coca-Cola Amatil was reduced from approximately 32 percent to approximately 30 percent.

In the third quarter of 2007, our equity income was increased by approximately \$21 million in the Bottling Investments operating segment, primarily related to our proportionate share of tax benefits recorded at an equity method investee, partially offset by asset write-downs and restructuring costs recorded by Coca-Cola Bottlers Philippines, Inc. ("CCBPI").

Our equity income for the second quarter of 2007 was reduced by approximately \$89 million in the Bottling Investments operating segment, primarily related to our proportionate share of an impairment recorded on investments by Coca-Cola Amatil in bottling operations in South Korea. Also included in this reduction was our proportionate share of an asset write-down recorded by CCBPI and our proportionate share of restructuring charges recorded by Coca-Cola Enterprises Inc. ("CCE").

In the first quarter of 2007, the Company sold substantially all of its interest in Vonpar Refrescos S.A. ("Vonpar"), a bottler headquartered in Brazil. Total proceeds from the sale were approximately \$238 million, and we recognized a gain on this sale of approximately \$70 million, which impacted the Corporate segment and is included in other income (loss) — net in our consolidated statements of income. Prior to this sale, our Company owned approximately 49 percent of Vonpar's outstanding common stock and accounted for the investment using the equity method.

Our equity income for the first quarter of 2007 was reduced by approximately \$67 million in the Bottling Investments operating segment related to our proportionate share of an asset write-down recorded by CCBPI. The asset write-down was related to excess bottles and cases at CCBPI.

During the first quarter of 2007, the Company recorded a gain of approximately \$66 million resulting from the sale of real estate in Spain, which is included in other income (loss) — net in the consolidated statements of income and impacted the Corporate segment.

In the second quarter of 2006, our Company sold a portion of our investment in Coca-Cola Icecek A.S. ("Coca-Cola Icecek"), an equity method investee bottler incorporated in Turkey, in an initial public offering. Our Company received net cash proceeds of approximately \$198 million and realized a net gain of approximately \$123 million, which was recorded as other income (loss) — net in the consolidated statements of income and impacted the Corporate operating segment. As a result of this public offering, our Company's interest in Coca-Cola Icecek decreased from approximately 36 percent to approximately 20 percent.

During the second quarter of 2006, our Company's equity income benefited by approximately \$21 million for our proportionate share of changes in certain of CCE's state and Canadian federal and provincial tax rates, which impacted our Bottling Investments operating segment.

#### **Note I — Income Taxes**

The Company or one of its subsidiaries files income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and various state and foreign jurisdictions. U.S. tax authorities have completed their federal income tax examinations for all years prior to 2005.

With respect to state and local jurisdictions and countries outside of the United States, with limited exceptions, the Company and its subsidiaries are no longer subject to income tax audits for years before 2001. Although the outcome of tax audits is always uncertain, the Company believes that adequate amounts of tax, including interest and penalties, have been provided for any adjustments that are expected to result from those years.

The Company adopted the provisions of Interpretation No. 48, effective January 1, 2007. As a result of the implementation of Interpretation No. 48, the Company recorded an approximate \$66 million increase in liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits, which was accounted for as a reduction to the January 1, 2007, balance of reinvested earnings. As of January 1, 2007, the gross amount of unrecognized tax benefits was approximately \$511 million, and accrued penalties and interest totaled approximately \$190 million. If the Company were to prevail on all uncertain tax positions, the net effect would be a benefit to the Company's effective tax rate of approximately \$114 million. The remaining approximately \$397 million, which was recorded as a deferred tax asset, primarily represents tax benefits that would be received in different taxing jurisdictions in the event that the Company did not prevail on all uncertain tax positions. In addition, the impact of penalties and interest would also benefit the effective tax rate.

It is reasonably possible that the amount of the unrecognized benefit with respect to certain of our unrecognized tax positions will significantly increase or decrease within the next 12 months. These changes may be the result of settlement of ongoing audits, competent authority proceedings related to transfer pricing, or final decisions in transfer pricing matters that are the subject of litigation. At this time, an estimate of the range of the reasonably possible outcomes cannot be made.

Our effective tax rate reflects the tax benefits from having significant operations outside the United States, which are taxed at rates lower than the U.S. statutory rate of 35 percent. In the third quarter of 2007, our effective tax rate reflected an approximate \$15 million tax charge related to amounts required to be recorded for changes in our uncertain tax positions under Interpretation No. 48. Also in the third quarter of 2007, our effective tax rate included an approximate 38 percent effective tax rate related to gains on the sale of a portion of our interest in Coca-Cola Amatil (refer to Note H), as well as an approximate \$19 million tax benefit related to tax rate changes in Germany. In addition, our effective tax rate included an approximate 19 percent effective tax rate on certain asset impairment and restructuring charges recorded by the Company (refer to Note G). Our effective tax rate in the third quarter of 2007 also included a tax charge related to our proportionate share of certain items recorded by our equity method investees (an approximate 33 percent combined effective tax rate). Refer to Note H.

In the first nine months of 2007, in addition to the items impacting the third quarter of 2007 noted above, our effective tax rate included an approximate 24 percent effective tax rate on certain asset impairments and restructuring charges recorded by the Company. Also in the first nine months of 2007, our effective tax rate included an approximate 16 percent combined effective tax rate on asset impairments primarily related to our proportionate share of asset write-downs recorded by CCBPI and Coca-Cola Amatil (refer to Note H). In addition, our effective tax rate reflected a tax charge of approximately \$73 million related to the gains primarily on the sale of our equity interest in Vonpar and the sale of real estate in Spain (an approximate 53 percent combined effective tax rate) (refer to Note H), as well as an approximate \$41 million tax expense related to amounts required to be recorded for changes to our uncertain tax positions under Interpretation No. 48, including interest and penalties.

Our effective tax rate for the third quarter of 2006 was benefited by approximately \$41 million related to the reversal of a tax valuation allowance due to the expected sale of a portion of our equity method investment in Coca-Cola FEMSA, S.A.B. de C.V. ("Coca-Cola FEMSA"), partially offset by a charge for the anticipated future resolution of certain tax matters and a change in the tax rate applicable to a portion of the temporary difference between the book and tax basis of our investment in Coca-Cola FEMSA. Our effective tax rate in the third quarter of 2006 also was benefited by a lower estimated full-year underlying effective tax rate than previously expected and an approximate \$12 million tax benefit associated with impairment charges and costs to rationalize production. Refer to Note G.

In addition to items that impacted our effective tax rate in the third quarter of 2006 mentioned above, our effective tax rate for the first nine months of 2006 included a tax benefit of approximately \$14 million related to the sale of a portion of our investment in Coca-Cola Icecek (refer to Note H). While the sale resulted in a taxable capital gain, we utilized a portion of our net capital loss carryforwards to offset this gain. There was a valuation allowance on the deferred tax asset created by the net capital loss carryforwards. However, as a result of this sale transaction, management determined that it was more likely than not that we would be able to utilize a portion of the deferred tax asset. Therefore, a portion of this valuation allowance was reversed in the second quarter of 2006, which

offset the change in the deferred tax asset the Company had as a result of utilizing its net capital loss carryforwards. In addition, the Company had previously recorded a deferred tax liability on the excess of the book basis over the tax basis in the stock of Coca-Cola Icecek. As a result of the sale transaction, we reversed approximately \$14 million of this deferred tax liability, resulting in a net tax benefit in the Company's consolidated statement of income. Also, in the first nine months of 2006, the Company recorded approximately \$8 million in tax benefits associated with impairment charges and costs to rationalize production. Refer to Note G.

#### Note J — Restructuring Costs

During the third quarter and the first nine months of 2007, the Company took steps to streamline and simplify its operations globally. During the third quarter of 2007, we announced plans to reorganize our North America operations around three main business units: Sparkling Beverages, Still Beverages and Emerging Brands. The Company also announced in the third quarter of 2007 a plan to close its beverage concentrate manufacturing and distribution plant in Drogheda, Ireland, in September 2008. The plant closure is expected to improve operating productivity and enhance capacity utilization. Employees separated or to be separated from the Company as a result of these streamlining initiatives were offered severance or early retirement packages, as appropriate, that included both financial and nonfinancial components. The expenses recorded for the three months and nine months ended September 28, 2007, included costs related to involuntary terminations and other direct costs associated with implementing these initiatives. Other direct costs included expenses to relocate employees; contract termination costs; costs associated with the development, communication and administration of these initiatives; accelerated depreciation; and asset write-offs. The Company incurred total pretax expenses related to these streamlining initiatives of approximately \$81 million during the three months ended September 28, 2007, and approximately \$113 million during the nine months ended September 28, 2007. The Company currently expects the total cost of these initiatives to be approximately \$350 million. The remainder of these costs is expected to be incurred during the fourth quarter of 2007 and the first three quarters of 2008. These expenses were recorded in the line item other operating charges.

The table below summarizes the balance of accrued streamlining expenses and the changes in the accrued amounts as of and for the three months ended September 28, 2007 (in millions):

	Accrued Balance June 29, 2007	Costs Incurred Three Months Ended September 28, 2007	Payments	Noncash and Exchange	Accrued Balance September 28, 2007
Severance pay and benefits	\$ 14	\$ 58	\$ (23)	\$ —	\$ 49
Outside services — legal, outplacement, consulting	—	2	(1)	—	1
Other direct costs	1	21	(1)	(11)	10
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 15</b>	<b>\$ 81</b>	<b>\$ (25)</b>	<b>\$ (11)</b>	<b>\$ 60</b>

The table below summarizes the balance of accrued streamlining expenses and the changes in the accrued amounts as of and for the nine months ended September 28, 2007 (in millions):

	Costs Incurred Nine Months Ended September 28, 2007	Payments	Noncash and Exchange	Accrued Balance September 28, 2007
Severance pay and benefits	\$ 88	\$ (41)	\$ 2	\$ 49
Outside services — legal, outplacement, consulting	3	(2)	—	1
Other direct costs	22	(1)	(11)	10
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 113</b>	<b>\$ (44)</b>	<b>\$ (9)</b>	<b>\$ 60</b>

The total streamlining initiative costs incurred for the three and nine months ended September 28, 2007 by operating segment were as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended September 28, 2007	Nine Months Ended September 28, 2007
Africa	\$ 13	\$ 33
Eurasia	2	2
European Union	7	12
Latin America	1	3
North America	13	13
Pacific	—	1
Bottling Investments	11	14
Corporate	34	35
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 81</b>	<b>\$ 113</b>

#### Note K — Acquisitions and Investments

In order to increase the efficiency of our bottling and distribution operations in the German market, the Company, through its consolidated German bottling entity Coca-Cola Erfrischungsgetraenke AG ("CCEAG"), acquired 18 German bottling and distribution operations during the third quarter of 2007 for a total purchase price of approximately \$678 million. The purchase price consisted of approximately 17 percent of the outstanding shares of CCEAG valued at approximately \$384 million, approximately \$156 million in cash, guaranteed future cash payments valued at approximately \$101 million, and assumed debt of approximately \$36 million. The acquisition agreements also provide the former owners of the 18 German bottling and distribution operations a put option to sell their respective shares in CCEAG back to the Company on January 2, 2014, with notification to the Company required by September 30, 2013. In addition, the agreements provide the Company with a call option to repurchase the issued shares of CCEAG back from the former owners of the 18 German bottling and distribution operations on January 2, 2014, with notification to the

former owners of the 18 German bottlers and distributors by December 15, 2013. The strike price of the call option is approximately 20 percent higher than the strike price of the put option.

Upon closing of the acquisition, we made preliminary estimates of the fair values of the assets and liabilities for consolidation. Due to the number of entities involved, our Company is still in the process of determining valuations for many of the assets and liabilities acquired; therefore, the preliminary estimates are subject to adjustment as additional information is obtained. This additional information includes, but is not limited to, valuations and physical counts of property, plant and equipment; valuation models for identifiable intangible assets; adjustments resulting from reviewing the closing balance sheets of the acquired entities; and income tax valuations. Accordingly, subsequent revisions to these preliminary estimates should be expected. As these issues are identified and resolved, adjustments will be made to the preliminary values assigned to the assets and liabilities acquired, including goodwill, which may be material.

The preliminary amount of purchase price allocated to franchise rights was approximately \$375 million, goodwill was approximately \$256 million, property, plant and equipment was approximately \$223 million and deferred tax liabilities was approximately \$103 million. The franchise rights have been assigned an indefinite life. These transactions were accounted for as business combinations, with the results of the 18 German bottling and distribution operations included in the Bottling Investments operating segment since September 1, 2007. Management has begun to formulate a plan to improve the efficiency of the German bottling and distribution operations. As of September 28, 2007, this plan had not yet been finalized.

In the third quarter of 2007, the Company acquired a 34 percent interest in Tokyo Coca-Cola Bottling Company ("Tokyo CCBC"). The Company's investment in Tokyo CCBC is accounted for under the equity method. Equity income — net includes our proportionate share of the results of Tokyo CCBC's operations beginning July 2007 and is included in the Bottling Investments operating segment. In the third quarter of 2007, the Company acquired an additional interest in Nordeste Refrigerantes S.A. ("NORSA"). After this acquisition, the Company owned approximately 60 percent of NORSA. The Company began consolidating this entity from the date we acquired the additional 11 percent interest. The combined purchase price for these third quarter acquisitions was approximately \$200 million.

On June 7, 2007, in an effort to expand our still beverage offerings, our Company acquired Energy Brands Inc., also known as glacéau, the maker of enhanced water brands such as vitaminwater, fruitwater and smartwater, and vitaminenergy, for approximately \$4.1 billion. On the acquisition date, we made a cash payment of approximately \$2.9 billion for a 71.4 percent interest in glacéau and entered into a put and call option agreement with certain entities associated with the Tata Group ("Tata") to acquire the remaining 28.6 percent ownership interest in glacéau. Under the terms of the put and call option agreement, the Company has the right to call the remaining interest in glacéau from Tata beginning in October 2007, and Tata has the right to put its ownership interest in glacéau to the Company beginning in November 2007. Both the put and call options expire on or before December 3, 2007. The strike prices on both the put and call options are equal to the per share cash price paid for the initial 71.4 percent interest in glacéau. Tata also entered into a voting agreement with the Company that effectively gives the Company voting control over Tata's 28.6 percent ownership interest in glacéau as of the acquisition date. As a result of the terms of these agreements with Tata, the amount to be paid under the put and call option agreement of \$1.2 billion was recorded at the

acquisition date as an additional investment in glaceau, with the offset being recorded as a current liability within loans and notes payable on the consolidated balance sheet.

On October 22, 2007, the Company exercised its right to call the remaining interest in glaceau. The amount due Tata will be paid in the fourth quarter of 2007.

Under the purchase method of accounting, the total purchase price of glaceau is allocated to the tangible assets, liabilities and identifiable intangible assets acquired based on their estimated fair values. Any excess of purchase price over the aggregate fair value of acquired net assets is recorded as goodwill. Based upon a preliminary purchase price allocation, using information currently available, the Company allocated approximately \$3.0 billion to trademarks, approximately \$2.0 billion to goodwill and approximately \$0.9 billion to deferred tax liabilities. The trademarks have been assigned indefinite lives. The goodwill resulting from this acquisition is primarily related to our ability to optimize the route to market and expand the brand offering to international markets. These purchase price allocations are preliminary estimates and are subject to change as additional information is obtained. Some of these changes could be material. Some of the additional information the Company expects to obtain includes, among other things, valuations of property, plant and equipment and identifiable intangible assets.

On August 30, 2007, the Company announced it had finalized its plans to transition to a new distribution model for glaceau products. This new distribution model includes a mix of current glaceau distributors and existing Coca-Cola system bottlers. Also, the Company will retain the distribution rights for certain channels. The implementation of this plan resulted in approximately \$0.2 billion in liabilities for anticipated costs to terminate existing glaceau distribution agreements, which was reflected as an adjustment to the original allocation of acquisition costs. The Company expects to complete this plan and make payments to the former glaceau distributors in the fourth quarter of 2007.

The acquisition of glaceau was accounted for as a business combination, with the results of the acquired entity included in the North America operating segment as of the acquisition date.

In addition, certain executive officers and former shareholders of glaceau invested approximately \$179 million of their proceeds from the sale of glaceau in common stock of the Company at then current market prices. These shares of Company common stock were placed in escrow pursuant to the glaceau acquisition agreement.

As discussed below, in the second quarter of 2007, the Company divested a portion of its interest in Scarlet Ibis Investment 3 (Proprietary) Limited ("Scarlet"), a bottling company in South Africa.

During the first quarter of 2007, our Company acquired the remaining 65 percent interest in CCBPI from San Miguel Corporation ("SMC") for consideration of approximately \$590 million plus assumed debt, of which \$100 million was placed in escrow until certain matters related to the closing balance sheet audit of CCBPI were resolved. During the third quarter of 2007, the entire escrow amount was released and our Company recovered \$70 million. The adjusted purchase price after the recovery from escrow was approximately \$520 million plus assumed debt of approximately \$143 million. Of the \$520 million of consideration, the Company has outstanding notes payable to SMC for approximately \$120 million. As a result of the acquisition, the Company owns 100 percent of the outstanding stock of CCBPI. Upon closing of the acquisition, we made preliminary estimates of the fair values of the assets and liabilities for consolidation. Our Company is in the process of obtaining third-party valuations for many of the assets and liabilities acquired, and the preliminary estimates are subject to adjustment as additional information is obtained. This additional information includes, but is

not limited to, valuations and physical counts of property, plant and equipment; valuation models for identifiable intangible assets; and income taxes. Accordingly, subsequent revisions to these preliminary estimates should be expected. As these issues are identified and resolved, adjustments will be made to the preliminary values assigned to the assets and liabilities acquired, including goodwill, which may be material. The preliminary amount of purchase price allocated to property, plant and equipment was approximately \$329 million, franchise rights was approximately \$232 million and goodwill was approximately \$194 million. The franchise rights have been assigned an indefinite life. CCBPI is included in the Bottling Investments operating segment. Management finalized a plan to improve the efficiency of CCBPI, which included the closing of eight production facilities during the third quarter of 2007.

First quarter 2007 acquisition and investing activities also included approximately \$328 million related to the purchase of Fuze Beverage, LLC ("Fuze"), maker of Fuze enhanced juices and teas in the U.S., and Leao Junior S.A. ("Leao Junior"), a Brazilian herbal beverage company, which are included in the North America and Latin America operating segments, respectively. The preliminary amount of purchase price related to these acquisitions allocated to property, plant and equipment was approximately \$13 million, identifiable intangible assets was approximately \$150 million and goodwill was approximately \$163 million. The purchase price allocations will be adjusted once additional fair value information is obtained.

The acquisitions of the 18 German bottling and distribution operations, glacéau, CCBPI, Fuze, Leao Junior and our 34 percent investment in Tokyo CCBC in the first nine months of 2007 were primarily financed through the issuance of commercial paper. These acquisition and investing activities, together with the \$1.2 billion recorded as a result of the put and call option agreement related to glacéau as discussed above, resulted in a significant increase in the consolidated balance sheet line item loans and notes payable.

Assuming the results of the businesses acquired in 2007 had been included in operations beginning on January 1, 2006, the estimated unaudited pro forma net operating revenues of the Company for the nine months ended September 28, 2007 and September 29, 2006 would have been \$22.4 billion and \$19.5 billion, respectively. The estimated unaudited pro forma net income for the nine months ended September 28, 2007 and September 29, 2006 would not have been significantly different than the reported amounts.

In the third quarter of 2006, our Company acquired a controlling shareholding interest in Kerry Beverages Limited ("KBL"). KBL was formed by the Company and the Kerry Group in 1993 and has a majority ownership in 11 joint ventures that manufacture and distribute Company products across nine provinces in China. KBL also has a minority interest in the joint venture bottler in Beijing. Subsequent to the acquisition, the Company changed KBL's name to Coca-Cola China Industries Limited ("CCCIL"). As a result of the transaction, the Company owns 89.5 percent of the outstanding shares of CCCIL, and we have agreed to purchase the remaining 10.5 percent by the end of 2008 at the same price per share as the initial purchase price plus interest. We have all voting and economic rights over the remaining shares. This transaction was accounted for as a business combination, and the results of CCCIL's operations have been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements since August 29, 2006. CCCIL is included in the Bottling Investments operating segment.

Also in the third quarter of 2006, our Company signed agreements with J. Bruce Llewellyn and Brucephil, Inc. ("Brucephil"), the parent company of The Philadelphia Coca-Cola Bottling Company, for the potential purchase of the remaining shares of Brucephil not currently owned by the Company.

The agreements provide for the Company's purchase of the shares upon the election of Mr. Llewellyn or the election of the Company. Based on the terms of these agreements, the Company concluded that it must consolidate Brucephil under FASB Interpretation No. 46 (revised December 2003), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities." Brucephil's financial statements were consolidated effective September 29, 2006. Brucephil is included in our Bottling Investments operating segment.

In the third quarter of 2006, our Company also acquired Apollinaris GmbH ("Apollinaris"), a mineral water company headquartered in Hamburg, Germany. Apollinaris has been selling sparkling and still mineral water in Germany since 1862. This transaction was accounted for as a business combination, and the results of Apollinaris's operations have been included in the Company's consolidated financial statements since July 1, 2006. A portion of Apollinaris's business is included in the European Union operating segment, and the balance is included in the Bottling Investments operating segment.

The combined amount paid or to be paid to complete these third-quarter 2006 transactions totals approximately \$700 million. As a result of these transactions, the Company recorded approximately \$645 million of franchise rights, approximately \$74 million of trademarks and \$227 million of goodwill. The franchise rights and trademarks have been assigned an indefinite life.

In January 2006, our Company acquired a 100 percent interest in TJC Holdings (Pty) Ltd. ("TJC"), a bottling company in South Africa, from Chef Limited and Tom Cook Trust for cash consideration of approximately \$200 million. Subsequently, the Company renamed TJC as Scarlet. This transaction was accounted for as a business combination, with the results of Scarlet included in the Company's consolidated financial statements since the date of acquisition. In May 2007, Scarlet issued common shares to a Black Economic Empowerment Entity ("BEEE") at a price per share equal to the current carrying value of our investment in Scarlet, which was subsequently renamed as Shanduka Beverages (Proprietary) Limited ("Shanduka"). This issuance reduced the Company's ownership interest in Shanduka to 30 percent. As a result of subordinated financial support provided by the Company for the BEEE to complete this transaction, the Company concluded that it must continue to consolidate Shanduka's operations under FASB Interpretation No. 46 (revised December 2003), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities" ("Interpretation No. 46(R)"). Shanduka is included in our Bottling Investments operating segment.

Assuming the results of the businesses acquired in 2006 had been included in operations beginning on January 1, 2006, pro forma financial data would not be required due to immateriality.

## Note L — Operating Segments

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company combined the Eurasia and Middle East Division, and the Russia, Ukraine and Belarus Division, both of which were previously included in the North Asia, Eurasia and Middle East operating segment, with the India Division, previously included in the East, South Asia and Pacific Rim operating segment, to form the Eurasia operating segment. In addition, we combined the China Division and the Japan Division, previously included in the North Asia, Eurasia and Middle East operating segment, with the remaining East, South Asia and Pacific Rim operating segment to form the Pacific operating segment. As a result, beginning with the first quarter of 2007, our organizational structure consists of the following operating segments: Africa, Eurasia, European Union, Latin America, North America, Pacific, Bottling Investments and Corporate. Prior-period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the new operating structure described above.

Information about our Company's operations as of and for the three months ended September 28, 2007, and September 29, 2006, by operating segment, is as follows (in millions):

	Africa	Eurasia	European Union	Latin America	North America	Pacific	Bottling Investments	Corporate	Eliminations	Consolidated
<b>2007</b>										
Net operating revenues:										
Third party	\$ 293	\$ 252	\$ 1,018	\$ 791	\$ 2,160	\$ 1,094	\$ 2,065	\$ 17	\$ —	\$ 7,690
Intersegment	19	26	280	44	26	112	42	—	(549)	—
Total net operating revenues	312	278	1,298	835	2,186	1,206	2,107	17	(549)	7,690
Operating income (loss)	991	811	6521	4301	4471	428	581	(366)	1	1,829
Income (loss) before income taxes	971	901	6511	4311	4521	427	3081.2	(343)	1.2	2,113
Identifiable operating assets	559	362	2,528	1,897	10,403	1,506	8,440	8,869	—	34,564
Investments	2	375	66	16	12	9	6,548	78	—	7,106
<b>2006</b>										
Net operating revenues:										
Third party	\$ 274	\$ 203	\$ 983	\$ 624	\$ 1,809	\$ 1,108	\$ 1,429	\$ 24	\$ —	\$ 6,454
Intersegment	14	21	245	30	—	26	35	—	(371)	—
Total net operating revenues	288	224	1,228	654	1,809	1,134	1,464	24	(371)	6,454
Operating income (loss)	973	49	6323	353	383	4213	473	(320)	—	1,662
Income (loss) before income taxes	943	52	6323	350	383	4193	2533.4	(357)	—	1,826
Identifiable operating assets	545	273	2,530	1,455	4,770	1,082	5,862	7,391	—	23,908
Investments	—	309	18	7	—	7	6,950	104	—	7,395
<b>As of December 31, 2006</b>										
Identifiable operating assets	\$ 572	\$ 314	\$ 2,557	\$ 1,516	\$ 4,778	\$ 1,120	\$ 5,953	\$ 6,370	\$ —	\$ 23,180
Investments	—	348	64	—	2	7	6,302	60	—	6,783

Certain prior-period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current-period presentation.

<sup>1</sup> Operating income (loss) and income (loss) before income taxes for the third quarter of 2007 were reduced by approximately \$13 million for Africa, \$2 million for Eurasia, \$7 million for European Union, \$1 million for Latin America, \$13 million for North America, \$14 million for Bottling Investments and \$34 million for Corporate primarily due to restructuring costs and asset write-downs. Refer to Note G.

<sup>2</sup> Income (loss) before income taxes for the third quarter of 2007 was increased by approximately \$73 million for Corporate due to a gain on the sale of Coca-Cola Amatil shares and was increased by approximately \$21 million for Bottling Investments, primarily due to our proportionate share of tax benefits recorded at an equity method investee offset by asset write-downs and restructuring costs recorded by equity method investees. Refer to Note H.

<sup>3</sup> Operating income (loss) and income (loss) before income taxes for the third quarter of 2006 were reduced by approximately \$1 million for Africa, \$7 million for European Union, \$15 million for Pacific and \$16 million for Bottling Investments primarily due to contract termination costs related to production capacity efficiencies, asset impairments and other restructuring costs. Refer to Note G.

<sup>4</sup> Income (loss) before income taxes for the third quarter of 2006 was reduced by approximately \$3 million for Bottling Investments due to certain items impacting equity method investees.

Information about our Company's operations for the nine months ended September 28, 2007, and September 29, 2006, by operating segment, is as follows (in millions):

	Africa	Eurasia	European Union	Latin America	North America	Pacific	Bottling Investments	Corporate	Eliminations	Consolidated
<b>2007</b>										
Net operating revenues:										
Third party	\$ 881	\$ 756	\$ 3,094	\$ 2,229	\$ 5,887	\$ 3,018	\$ 5,612	\$ 49	\$ —	\$ 21,526
Intersegment	41	93	743	104	63	297	107	—	(1,448)	—
Total net operating revenues	922	849	3,837	2,333	5,950	3,315	5,719	49	(1,448)	21,526
Operating income (loss)	2901	3301	2,085 <sup>1</sup>	1,258 <sup>1</sup>	1,294 <sup>1</sup>	1,306 <sup>1</sup>	1311	(968) <sup>1</sup>	—	5,726
Income (loss) before income taxes	2831	347 <sup>1</sup>	2,086 <sup>1</sup>	1,259 <sup>1</sup>	1,294 <sup>1</sup>	1,295 <sup>1</sup>	5621.2	(876) <sup>1,2</sup>	—	6,250
<b>2006</b>										
Net operating revenues:										
Third party	\$ 786	\$ 631	\$ 2,706	\$ 1,789	\$ 5,363	\$ 3,042	\$ 3,773	\$ 66	\$ —	\$ 18,156
Intersegment	29	70	656	90	—	57	74	—	(976)	—
Total net operating revenues	815	701	3,362	1,879	5,363	3,099	3,847	66	(976)	18,156
Operating income (loss)	2873	239	1,774 <sup>3</sup>	1,048	1,264	1,276 <sup>3</sup>	773	(869)	—	5,096
Income (loss) before income taxes	2793	257	1,778 <sup>3</sup>	1,045	1,263	1,274 <sup>3</sup>	6013.4	(805) <sup>4</sup>	—	5,692

Certain prior-period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current-period presentation.

<sup>1</sup> Operating income (loss) and income (loss) before income taxes for the first nine months of 2007 were reduced by approximately \$33 million for Africa, \$2 million for Eurasia, \$12 million for European Union, \$3 million for Latin America, \$13 million for North America, \$1 million for Pacific, \$43 million for Bottling Investments and \$35 million for Corporate primarily due to restructuring costs and asset write-downs. Refer to Note G.

<sup>2</sup> Income (loss) before income taxes for the first nine months of 2007 was decreased by approximately \$141 million for Bottling Investments, primarily due to our proportionate share of asset write-downs and restructuring costs recorded by equity method investees, and was increased by approximately \$209 million for Corporate primarily due to gains on the sale of real estate in Spain, the sale of our ownership in Vonpar and the sale of Coca-Cola Amatil shares. Refer to Note H.

<sup>3</sup> Operating income (loss) and income (loss) before income taxes for the first nine months of 2006 were reduced by approximately \$1 million for Africa, \$34 million for European Union, \$20 million for Pacific and \$60 million for Bottling Investments, primarily due to contract termination costs related to production capacity efficiencies, asset impairments and other restructuring costs. Refer to Note G.

<sup>4</sup> Income (loss) before income taxes for the first nine months of 2006 was increased by approximately \$9 million for Bottling Investments due to certain items impacting equity investees, and was increased by approximately \$123 million for Corporate due to the gain on the sale of shares in the initial public offering of Coca-Cola Icecek. Refer to Note H.

## APPLICATION OF CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Recoverability of Noncurrent Assets

Current period losses incurred by bottling operations in the Philippines and certain other bottling operations in Africa, Asia and Europe in the third quarter and in the first nine months of 2007 were considered impairment indicators. Therefore, the Company completed impairment reviews of our noncurrent assets and investments in these bottling operations. In the third quarter and in the first nine months of 2007, as a result of these impairment reviews, the Company recorded charges of approximately \$3 million and \$29 million, respectively. As of September 28, 2007, the remaining carrying values of our investments in noncurrent assets and in bottling operations subject to these impairment reviews in the Philippines, Asia and Europe were approximately \$158 million, \$372 million and \$1,631 million, respectively. The Company will continue to monitor the recoverability of these noncurrent assets and investments in bottling operations throughout the remainder of 2007.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Refer to Note L of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for information relating to certain changes in our operating segment structure effective January 1, 2007.

Sales of our ready-to-drink nonalcoholic beverages are somewhat seasonal, with the second and third calendar quarters accounting for the highest sales volumes. The volume of sales in the beverages business may be affected by weather conditions.

### Beverage Volume

We measure our sales volume in two ways: (1) unit cases of finished products and (2) concentrate sales. A "unit case" is a unit of measurement equal to 192 U.S. fluid ounces of finished beverage (24 eight-ounce servings). Unit case volume represents the number of unit cases of Company beverage products directly or indirectly sold by the Company and its bottling partners ("Coca-Cola system") to customers. Unit case volume primarily consists of beverage products bearing Company trademarks. Also included in unit case volume are certain products licensed to, or distributed by, our Company, and brands owned by Coca-Cola system bottlers for which our Company provides marketing support and from the sale of which it derives income. Such products licensed to, or distributed by, our Company or owned by Coca-Cola system bottlers account for a minimal portion of total unit case volume. In addition, unit case volume includes sales by joint ventures in which the Company is a partner. Unit case volume is derived based on estimates supplied by our bottling partners and distributors. Concentrate sales volume represents the amount of concentrates, syrups, beverage bases and powders (in all cases expressed in equivalent unit cases) sold by, or used in finished beverages sold by, the Company to its bottling partners or other customers. "Concentrate sales" replaced the "gallon sales" concept beginning with the first quarter of 2007. We made this change primarily to replace "equivalent gallons" with "equivalent unit cases" as a unit of measurement for concentrates, syrups, beverage bases and powders, which better reflects how our Company conducts its operations. Most of our revenues are based on concentrate sales, a primarily wholesale activity. Unit case volume and concentrate sales growth rates are not necessarily equal during any given period. Items such as seasonality, bottlers' inventory practices, supply point changes, timing of price increases, new product introductions and changes in product mix can impact unit case volume and concentrate sales and can create differences between unit case volume and concentrate sales growth rates.

Information about our volume growth by operating segment for the three and nine months ended September 28, 2007 is as follows:

	Percentage Change 2007 versus 2006			
	Third Quarter		Year-to-Date	
	Unit Cases <sup>1, 2, 3</sup>	Concentrate Sales	Unit Cases <sup>1, 2, 3</sup>	Concentrate Sales
Worldwide	6%	6%	6%	6%
Africa	8	1	11	11
Eurasia	17	20	17	16
European Union	(2)	(2)	4	4
Latin America	9	12	9	10
North America	1	2	(1)	(1)
Pacific	11	13	9	10
Bottling Investments	63	N/A	64	N/A

<sup>1</sup> Bottling Investments segment data reflects unit case volume growth for consolidated bottlers only.

<sup>2</sup> Geographic segment data reflects unit case volume growth for all bottlers in the applicable geographic areas, both consolidated and unconsolidated.

<sup>3</sup> Unit case volume percentage change is based on average daily sales. Unit case volume growth based on average daily sales is computed by comparing the average daily sales in each of the corresponding periods. Average daily sales for each quarter are the unit cases sold during the quarter divided by the number of days in the quarter.

#### *Unit Case Volume*

Although most of our Company's revenues are not based directly on unit case volume, we believe unit case volume is one of the measures of the underlying strength of the Coca-Cola system because it measures trends at the consumer level.

In Africa, unit case volume increased 8 percent and 11 percent in the third quarter and in the first nine months of 2007, respectively, versus the comparable periods in 2006. The increase in the third quarter and in the first nine months of 2007 reflected growth across all divisions, led by growth in South Africa. South Africa unit case volume increased 9 percent in the quarter and 17 percent in the first nine months of 2007, driven by strong marketing, the replenishment of trade inventory resulting from the carbon dioxide shortage in the fourth quarter of 2006, and favorable weather. Strong growth in North and West Africa, and in East and Central Africa, driven primarily by strong marketing and bottler execution, also favorably impacted the results for the quarter and for the nine months ended September 28, 2007, versus the prior-year comparable periods.

In Eurasia, unit case volume grew 17 percent in both the third quarter and in the first nine months of 2007 compared to the same periods in 2006. Double-digit unit case volume growth in Russia, India, Turkey, Pakistan, Eastern Europe and southern Eurasia drove the results. In India, continued investment in marketing initiatives on the quality and safety of our products and focus on improved execution by the consolidated bottling operations resulted in strong growth.

In the European Union, unit case volume decreased 2 percent in the third quarter of 2007 compared to the third quarter of 2006, reflecting the impact of unfavorable summer weather. The unit case volume growth in Central and Southern Europe was offset by a volume decline in Western Europe, resulting from unfavorable summer weather across Western Europe. The decline also reflected the impact of World Cup activation, the acquisition of Apollinaris, the joint acquisition of Fonti del Vulture S.r.l. ("Fonti del Vulture"), an Italian mineral water company, with Coca-Cola Hellenic Bottling Company S.A. ("Coca-Cola HBC") and favorable weather in the prior year quarter. Effective

September 1, 2007, the Company completed the consolidation of the German bottling system. Refer to Note K of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Unit case volume in the European Union increased 4 percent in the first nine months of 2007 versus the comparable period in 2006, primarily due to double digit growth in central and southern Europe. The results reflected the benefits of marketing and innovation initiatives. In addition, the acquisition of Apollinaris, and the joint acquisition of Fonti del Vulture contributed 2 percentage points of unit case volume growth in the first nine months of 2007. Unit case volume growth in the European Union was partially offset by the unfavorable impact of unseasonably cool and rainy summer weather.

In Latin America, unit case volume increased 9 percent both in the third quarter and in the first nine months of 2007 compared to the same periods in 2006, primarily due to 7 percent growth in Trademark Coca-Cola, including growth from the introduction of Coca-Cola Zero during the first quarter of 2007. The acquisition of Leao Junior in Brazil favorably impacted the unit case volume growth in both the third quarter and the first nine months of 2007 versus the same periods in 2006. Unit case volume increased 16 percent in Brazil, 7 percent in Mexico and 5 percent in Argentina during the third quarter versus the same period in 2006. The unit case volume growth in the first nine months of 2007 versus the same period in 2006 in Brazil, Mexico and Argentina was 16 percent, 5 percent and 9 percent, respectively. In December 2006, the Company and Coca-Cola FEMSA entered into an agreement to jointly acquire Jugos del Valle, S.A.B. de C.V. ("Jugos del Valle"), the second largest producer of packaged juices, nectars and fruit-flavored beverages in Mexico and the largest producer of such products in Brazil. In July 2007, the Mexican Federal Competition Commission approved the acquisition of Jugos del Valle. The transfer of ownership is expected to occur in the fourth quarter of 2007.

Unit case volume in North America increased 1 percent in the third quarter of 2007 and decreased 1 percent in the first nine months of 2007 versus the prior year comparable periods. The increase in the third quarter of 2007 versus the third quarter of 2006 reflected a 2 percent increase in the Retail Division, primarily due to the acquisition of glacéau in June 2007. Refer to Note K of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Unit case volume growth for the third quarter and for the first nine months of 2007 was favorably impacted by this acquisition. Unit case volume for glacéau beverages was 56 million unit cases in 2006. The Retail Division's unit case volume results in both the third quarter and the first nine months of 2007 were also impacted by the difficult sparkling beverage industry environment and by a unit case volume decline in warehouse-delivered water resulting from the strategic decision to refocus resources behind the more profitable Dasani business. Sparkling beverage unit case volume declined 2 percent and 3 percent in the quarter and the first nine months of 2007, respectively, reflecting the expected difficult category environment resulting from increased retail pricing. Coca-Cola Zero unit case volume continued to increase by double digits in both the quarter and the first nine months of 2007. In the third quarter and in the first nine months of 2007, both Trademark Dasani and Trademark Powerade unit case volume continued to grow. Warehouse-delivered juice unit case volume declined due to retail price increases taken to cover higher ingredient costs. This decline was partially offset by continued unit case volume growth in Trademark Odwalla and Trademark Simply juices.

Unit case volume in the Pacific increased 11 percent and 9 percent in the third quarter and in the first nine months of 2007, respectively, versus the comparable periods of the prior year. The increase in the third quarter of 2007 versus the third quarter of 2006 was led by 20 percent growth in China, 13 percent growth in the Philippines, and 4 percent growth in Japan. The unit case volume increase in the first nine months of 2007 versus the prior-year comparable period was primarily due to 19 percent growth in China, 4 percent growth in the Philippines and 4 percent growth in Japan. The increases in unit case volume in China were led by double-digit growth in sparkling beverages, Minute Maid and Nestea. The increases in unit case volume in Japan were primarily due to growth in Trademarks Coca-Cola, Sprite, Sokenbicha and water brands. Georgia Coffee volume declined in the third quarter

and the first nine months of 2007 when compared to the same periods of 2006. The results also reflected the favorable impact of initiatives to improve business performance in the Philippines. On February 22, 2007, the Company announced the closing of the transaction to acquire the remaining 65 percent ownership interest in CCBPI held by SMC and implemented certain initiatives to address business performance. The Company expects unit case volume in the Philippines to improve during the fourth quarter of 2007 and in 2008.

Unit case volume for Bottling Investments increased 63 percent and 64 percent in the third quarter and the first nine months of 2007, respectively, versus the comparable periods in the prior year, primarily due to acquisitions of certain bottlers. Refer to Note K of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### *Concentrate Sales Volume*

For the third quarter and the first nine months of 2007, differences between unit case volume and concentrate sales volume growth rates for all segments were primarily due to timing of concentrate shipments. In the Pacific, for the first nine months of 2007, strong concentrate sales ahead of the peak season and the Coca-Cola Zero launch in Japan resulted in concentrate sales volume growth being higher than unit case volume growth.

#### **Net Operating Revenues**

Net operating revenues were \$7,690 million in the third quarter of 2007 compared to \$6,454 million in the third quarter of 2006, an increase of \$1,236 million or 19 percent. The following table indicates, on a percentage basis, the estimated impact of key factors resulting in increases in net operating revenues for the three months ended September 28, 2007, versus the comparable period in 2006:

	Percentage Change 2007 versus 2006
Increase in concentrate sales volume	6%
Structural changes	8
Price and product/geographic mix	1
Impact of currency fluctuations versus the U.S. dollar	4
<b>Total percentage increase</b>	<b>19%</b>

Refer to the heading "Beverage Volume" for a discussion on concentrate sales volume.

"Structural changes" refers to acquisitions or disposition of bottling, distribution or canning operations and consolidation or deconsolidation of bottling and distribution entities for accounting purposes. Structural changes increased net operating revenues by 8 percent for the third quarter of 2007 compared to the third quarter of 2006. These structural changes include the impact of the acquisition of CCBPI in the first quarter of 2007, the acquisition of the 18 remaining German bottling and distribution operations in September 2007, the consolidation of Brucephil effective September 29, 2006 and the acquisition of several other individually insignificant bottling operations. Refer to Note K of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Price and product/geographic mix increased net operating revenues by 1 percent for the third quarter of 2007 compared to the third quarter of 2006, primarily due to favorable pricing and product/package mix across the majority of the operating segments.

The favorable impact of currency fluctuations for the three months ended September 28, 2007, versus the comparable period in 2006 was driven primarily by a stronger euro, which favorably impacted the European Union and Bottling Investments, and a stronger Brazilian real, which favorably

impacted Latin America and Bottling Investments. The favorable impact of the fluctuation in these currencies was partially offset by a weaker Japanese yen, which unfavorably impacted the Pacific.

Net operating revenues were \$21,526 million for the nine months ended September 28, 2007, compared to \$18,156 million for the nine months ended September 29, 2006, an increase of \$3,370 million or 19 percent. The following table indicates, on a percentage basis, the estimated impact of key factors resulting in increases in net operating revenues for the nine months ended September 28, 2007, versus the comparable period in 2006:

	Percentage Change 2007 versus 2006
Increase in concentrate sales volume	6%
Structural changes	7
Price and product/geographic mix	3
Impact of currency fluctuations versus the U.S. dollar	3
<b>Total percentage increase</b>	<b>19%</b>

Refer to the heading "Beverage Volume" for a discussion on concentrate sales volume.

The structural changes relate to the acquisitions and consolidation of certain bottling operations. Refer to the above discussion and to Note K of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Price and product/geographic mix increased net operating revenues by 3 percent for the first nine months of 2007 versus the comparable period in 2006, primarily due to favorable pricing and product/package mix across the majority of the operating segments.

The favorable impact of currency fluctuations for the nine months ended September 28, 2007, versus the comparable period in 2006 resulted from a weaker U.S. dollar versus most key currencies, especially a stronger euro, which favorably impacted the European Union and Bottling Investments, and a stronger Brazilian real, which favorably impacted Latin America and Bottling Investments. The favorable impact of the fluctuation in these currencies was partially offset by a weaker Japanese yen and South African rand, which unfavorably impacted the Pacific, Africa and Bottling Investments.

#### **Gross Profit**

Our gross profit margin decreased to 62.5 percent in the third quarter of 2007 from 64.9 percent in the third quarter of 2006. Our gross profit margin decreased to 63.9 percent in the first nine months of 2007 from 66.4 percent in the first nine months of 2006. Our gross profit margins decreased as a result of acquisitions and consolidations of certain bottling operations. Refer to the heading "Beverage Volume" and Note K of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. Generally, bottling and finished product operations produce higher net revenues but lower gross profit margins compared to concentrate and syrup operations. Our gross profit margins were also unfavorably impacted by increases in the cost of raw materials and freight.

## Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

The following table sets forth the significant components of selling, general and administrative expenses (in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006
Selling and advertising expenses	\$ 2,131	\$ 1,785	\$ 5,694	\$ 4,873
General and administrative expenses	679	624	1,971	1,734
Stock-based compensation expense	86	79	241	237
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 2,896	\$ 2,488	\$ 7,906	\$ 6,844

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$408 million or 16 percent for the third quarter of 2007 as compared to the third quarter of 2006. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased \$1,062 million or 16 percent for the nine months ended September 28, 2007, as compared to the same period in 2006. These increases were primarily related to continued investments in marketing, increased costs in our bottling operations, including acquisitions and consolidations of certain bottling operations, and foreign currency fluctuations. The increases in selling and advertising expenses were primarily related to increased investments in marketing and innovation activities, and increased costs in our consolidated bottling operations as a result of acquisitions and consolidations of certain bottling operations. General and administrative expenses increased for the three months and nine months ended September 28, 2007, versus the comparable periods in 2006, primarily due to increased costs in our consolidated bottling operations and the impact of the acquisitions. Refer to the heading "Beverage Volume" and Note K of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

As of September 28, 2007, we had approximately \$526 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested share-based compensation arrangements granted under our plans. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.8 years. This expected cost does not include the impact of any future stock-based compensation awards.

Effective March 1, 2007, the Company amended its U.S. retiree medical plan to limit the Company's exposure to increases in retiree medical costs associated with future retirees. The amendment required that we remeasure the assets and liabilities of the plan effective February 28, 2007. As a result of the remeasurement and amendment, the Company reduced its liabilities for the retiree medical plan by approximately \$299 million. In accordance with SFAS No. 158, the Company recognized the appropriate effects of the change in AOCI and deferred taxes. In addition, these changes to the plan are expected to reduce annual other benefits cost by approximately \$75 million compared to the results for 2006.

## Other Operating Charges

Other operating charges incurred by operating segment were as follows (in millions):

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006
Africa	\$ 13	\$ 1	\$ 33	\$ 1
Eurasia	2	—	2	—
European Union	7	7	12	34
Latin America	1	—	3	—
North America	13	—	13	—
Pacific	—	15	1	20
Bottling Investments	11	16	30	60
Corporate	34	—	35	—
	<b>\$ 81</b>	<b>\$ 39</b>	<b>\$ 129</b>	<b>\$ 115</b>

For the third quarter and nine months ended September 28, 2007, other operating charges were primarily related to restructuring costs. These restructuring costs include the reorganization of the North American business around three main business units: Sparkling Beverages, Still Beverages and Emerging Brands. They also include the plan to close a beverage concentrate manufacturing and distribution plant in Drogheda, Ireland, as well as streamlining activities by other selected business units. The total cost of these restructuring activities is expected to be approximately \$350 million. These costs are expected to be incurred through mid-2008. The expected payback period is three to four years. Refer to Note J of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. Also in both the third quarter and in the first nine months of 2007, other operating charges included charges related to impairment of certain assets, none of which was individually significant. Refer to Note G of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Other operating charges in the third quarter of 2006 were primarily related to impairments of certain intangible assets and investments, costs to rationalize production and other restructuring, none of which was individually significant.

For the nine months ended September 29, 2006, other operating charges reflected the impact of approximately \$35 million primarily related to payments associated with rationalizing production capacity in Bottling Investments and in the European Union; a charge of approximately \$73 million primarily related to the impairment of certain assets and investments in our bottling operations in Asia, which impacted the Pacific and Bottling Investments; and approximately \$7 million related to restructuring in the Pacific, Africa and Bottling Investments. The impairment charges were primarily the result of a revised outlook for certain assets and bottling operations in Asia, which have been impacted by unfavorable market conditions and declines in volume.

## Operating Income and Operating Margin

Information about operating income contribution by operating segment on a percentage basis is as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006
Africa	5.4%	5.9%	5.1%	5.6%
Eurasia	4.4	3.0	5.7	4.7
European Union	35.7	38.0	36.4	34.8
Latin America	23.5	21.2	22.0	20.6
North America	24.4	23.0	22.6	24.8
Pacific	23.4	25.3	22.8	25.0
Bottling Investments	3.2	2.8	2.3	1.5
Corporate	(20.0)	(19.2)	(16.9)	(17.0)
	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Information about our operating margin by operating segment is as follows:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006	September 28, 2007	September 29, 2006
Consolidated	23.8%	25.8%	26.6%	28.1%
Africa	33.8	35.4	32.9	36.5
Eurasia	32.1	24.1	43.7	37.9
European Union	64.0	64.3	67.4	65.6
Latin America	54.4	56.6	56.4	58.6
North America	20.7	21.2	22.0	23.6
Pacific	39.1	38.0	43.3	41.9
Bottling Investments	2.8	3.3	2.3	2.0
Corporate	*	*	*	*

\* Calculation is not meaningful.

Operating income was \$1,829 million for the third quarter of 2007 compared to \$1,662 million in the third quarter of 2006, an increase of \$167 million or 10 percent. Our operating margin for the third quarter of 2007 was 23.8 percent compared to 25.8 percent for the comparable period in 2006. Operating income was \$5,726 million in the first nine months of 2007 compared to \$5,096 million in the first nine months of 2006, an increase of \$630 million or 12 percent. Our operating margin for the first nine months of 2007 was 26.6 percent compared to 28.1 percent for the comparable period in 2006.

As demonstrated by the tables above, the percentage contribution to operating income and operating margin by each operating segment fluctuated between the periods. Operating income and operating margin by operating segment were influenced by a variety of factors and events, primarily the following:

- In the third quarter and the first nine months of 2007, foreign currency exchange rates favorably impacted operating income by approximately 4 percent and 3 percent, respectively, primarily related to a stronger euro, which impacted the European Union and Bottling Investments, and a stronger Brazilian real, which impacted Latin America and Bottling Investments. The favorable

impact of the fluctuation in these currencies was partially offset by a weaker Japanese yen, which impacted the Pacific, and a weaker South African rand, which impacted Africa and Bottling Investments. Based on current spot rates and the anticipated benefits of hedging coverage in place, the Company expects currency to have a mid single-digit favorable impact on operating income for the fourth quarter.

- In the third quarter and the first nine months of 2007, price increases across the majority of operating segments favorably impacted both operating income and operating margins.
- In the third quarter and the first nine months of 2007, increased spending on marketing and innovation activities impacted the majority of the operating segments' operating income and operating margins. Refer to the heading "Selling, General and Administrative Expenses."
- Operating income for the third quarter of 2007 was reduced by approximately \$13 million for Africa, \$2 million for Eurasia, \$7 million for the European Union, \$1 million for Latin America, \$13 million for North America, \$14 million for Bottling Investments and \$34 million for Corporate primarily due to restructuring costs and asset write-downs.
- Operating income for the first nine months of 2007 was reduced by approximately \$33 million for Africa, \$2 million for Eurasia, \$12 million for the European Union, \$3 million for Latin America, \$13 million for North America, \$1 million for the Pacific, \$43 million for Bottling Investments and \$35 million for Corporate, primarily due to restructuring costs and asset write-downs.
- In the third quarter and the first nine months of 2007, operating income and operating margin for North America reflected the impact of increases in the cost of raw materials in the finished goods businesses.
- In the third quarter and the first nine months of 2007, operating income and operating margin for Bottling Investments reflected the impact of acquisitions and the consolidation of certain bottling operations.
- In the third quarter of 2006, operating income was reduced by approximately \$1 million for Africa, \$7 million for the European Union, \$15 million for the Pacific and \$16 million for Bottling Investments, primarily due to contract termination costs related to production capacity efficiencies, asset impairments and other restructuring costs.
- In the first nine months of 2006, price increases across the majority of operating segments favorably impacted both operating income and operating margins.
- Operating income for the first nine months of 2006, was reduced by approximately \$1 million for Africa, \$34 million for the European Union, \$20 million for the Pacific and \$60 million for Bottling Investments, primarily due to contract termination costs related to production capacity efficiencies, asset impairments and other restructuring costs.

#### **Interest Income**

In the third quarter of 2007, interest income increased by \$24 million compared to the third quarter of 2006. This increase was primarily due to higher average short-term investment balances on U.S. dollar deposits and higher short-term investment balances outside of the U.S. Interest income decreased by \$2 million for the first nine months of 2007 compared to the first nine months of 2006 due to lower average short-term investment balances in the U.S. in 2007 and interest income from the settlement of certain indirect tax matters included in the prior-year results partially offset by higher average short-term investment balances outside of the U.S. in 2007.

## **Interest Expense**

In the third quarter of 2007, interest expense increased by \$80 million compared to the third quarter of 2006. This increase was primarily a result of higher average balances on commercial paper borrowings in the U.S.. Interest expense increased by \$127 million for the first nine months of 2007 compared to the first nine months of 2006, primarily due to higher average balances on commercial paper borrowings in the U.S. The increase in commercial paper borrowings is primarily due to the financing of acquisitions in the first nine months of 2007.

## **Equity Income — Net**

Our Company's share of income from equity method investments for the third quarter of 2007 totaled \$287 million, compared to \$231 million in the third quarter of 2006, an increase of \$56 million. The increase was primarily due to the increased net income from certain of our equity method investees resulting from the overall improving health of the Coca-Cola bottling system in most of the world and our proportionate share of tax benefits recorded by an equity method investee, partially offset by our proportionate share of asset impairments and restructuring costs recorded by certain equity method investees.

Our Company's proportionate share of income from equity method investments for the first nine months of 2007 totaled \$497 million, compared to \$569 million in the first nine months of 2006, a decrease of \$72 million. The decline in equity income — net was primarily due to the write-off of assets related to excess bottles and cases at CCBPI in the first quarter of 2007 and the sale of our ownership interest in Vonpar in January 2007. The decline was also due to approximately \$54 million of impairment charges related to investments by Coca-Cola Amatil in bottling operations in South Korea. The reduction in the Company's ownership position in Coca-Cola FEMSA in November 2006, as well as the sale of a portion of our investment in Coca-Cola Icecek in an initial public offering during the second quarter of 2006, also impacted our equity income — net. Our ownership interest in Coca-Cola FEMSA was reduced from approximately 40 percent to approximately 32 percent, and our Company's interest in Coca-Cola Icecek decreased from approximately 36 percent to approximately 20 percent. The impact of these unfavorable items was partially offset by our proportionate share of increased net income from certain of our equity method investees as a result of the overall improving health of the Coca-Cola bottling system in most of the world.

## **Other Income (Loss) — Net**

Other income (loss) — net was income of \$65 million for the third quarter of 2007 compared to a loss of \$55 million for the third quarter of 2006, a difference of \$120 million. Other income (loss) — net was income of \$177 million for the first nine months of 2007 compared to income of \$48 million for the first nine months of 2006, a difference of \$129 million. In the third quarter of 2007, other income (loss) — net included a gain of approximately \$73 million resulting from the sale of a portion of the Company's ownership interest in Coca-Cola Amatil. Our ownership interest in Coca-Cola Amatil was reduced from approximately 32 percent to 30 percent. In the first quarter of 2007, other income (loss) — net included a gain of approximately \$70 million resulting from the sale of our equity investment in Vonpar and a gain of approximately \$66 million resulting from the sale of real estate in Spain. Refer to Note H of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. For the nine months ended September 29, 2006, other income (loss) — net included a gain of \$123 million from the sale of a portion of the investment in Coca-Cola Icecek. Refer to Note H of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The three and nine months ended September 29, 2006 also included the accretion of the discounted value of our liability to purchase CCEAG shares.

For the three and nine month periods ended September 28, 2007 and September 29, 2006, other income (loss) — net also included the impact of foreign currency exchange gains and losses and the

minority shareowners' proportionate share of net income of certain consolidated subsidiaries. None of these items was individually significant in either the 2007 or 2006 period.

## Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate reflects tax benefits derived from significant operations outside the United States, which are generally taxed at rates lower than the U.S. statutory rate of 35 percent. A change in the mix of pretax income from these various tax jurisdictions can have a significant impact on the Company's periodic effective tax rate. Based on current tax laws and the anticipated mix of pretax income, the Company currently expects that its effective tax rate for the full year 2007 will be approximately 22.0 percent before considering the effect of any discrete items that may affect our tax rate in future periods.

### *Third Quarter of 2007 versus Third Quarter of 2006*

Our effective tax rate was 21.7 percent for the third quarter of 2007 compared to 20.0 percent for the third quarter of 2006. In addition to changes in pretax income among the various tax jurisdictions in which we operate, there were several other items that impacted our effective tax rate.

For the third quarter of 2007, our effective tax rate included the following:

- a tax charge of approximately \$15 million related to amounts required to be recorded on our uncertain tax positions under Interpretation No. 48;
- the impact of a tax benefit of approximately \$19 million related to tax rate changes in Germany;
- a tax charge related to the gains on the sale of a portion of our interest in Coca-Cola Amatil, at an effective tax rate of 38 percent, or approximately \$28 million;
- the impact of a tax benefit related to restructuring charges and impairment of certain assets recorded by the Company, at an effective tax rate of 19 percent, or approximately \$16 million; and
- a tax charge related to our proportionate share of certain items recorded by our equity method investees at a combined effective tax rate of 33 percent, or approximately \$7 million (refer to Note H of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements).

For the third quarter of 2006, our effective tax rate included the following:

- a tax benefit of approximately \$41 million related to the reversal of a tax valuation allowance due to the expected sale of a portion of our equity method investment in Coca-Cola FEMSA, partially offset by a charge for the anticipated future resolution of certain tax matters and a change in the tax rate applicable to a portion of the temporary difference between the book and tax basis of our investment in Coca-Cola FEMSA; and
- the impact of a tax benefit of approximately \$12 million associated with the impairment charges and costs to rationalize production (refer to Note H of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements).

### *First Nine Months of 2007 versus First Nine Months of 2006*

Our effective tax rate for the nine months ended September 28, 2007 was 23.7 percent compared to 22.7 percent for the nine months ended September 29, 2006. In addition to changes in pretax income among the various tax jurisdictions in which we operate, there were several other items that impacted our effective tax rate.

For the first nine months of 2007, in addition to the third-quarter items stated above, our effective tax rate included the following:

- the impact of a tax benefit related to restructuring charges and impairment of certain assets recorded by the Company, at an effective tax rate of 24 percent, or approximately \$14 million;
- the impact of an approximate 16 percent combined effective tax rate on our proportionate share of the impairment of assets recorded by CCBPI and Coca-Cola Amatil;
- a tax charge primarily related to the gains on the sale of our equity interest in Vonpar and real estate in Spain recorded at a combined effective tax rate of 53 percent, or approximately \$73 million; and
- a tax charge of approximately \$41 million related to amounts required to be recorded for changes to our uncertain tax positions under Interpretation No. 48, including interest and penalties.

For the first nine months of 2006, in addition to the third-quarter items stated above, our effective tax rate included the following:

- a tax benefit primarily related to asset impairment and restructuring charges in Asia recorded at a rate of 11 percent, or approximately \$8 million;
- a tax benefit of approximately \$32 million related to the reserves on uncertain tax positions; and
- a tax benefit of approximately \$14 million related to the sale of a portion of our investment in Coca-Cola Icecek (refer to Note H of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and see further discussion below).

The Company adopted the provisions of Interpretation No. 48 effective January 1, 2007. As a result of the implementation of Interpretation No. 48, the Company recorded an increase of approximately \$66 million in liabilities for unrecognized tax benefits, which was accounted for as a reduction to the January 1, 2007 balance of reinvested earnings. As of January 1, 2007, the gross amount of unrecognized tax benefits was approximately \$511 million, and accrued penalties and interest totaled \$190 million. If the Company were to prevail on all uncertain tax positions the net effect would be a benefit to the Company's effective tax rate of approximately \$114 million. The remaining \$397 million, which was recorded as a deferred tax asset, primarily represents tax benefits that would be received in different taxing jurisdictions in the event that the Company did not prevail on all uncertain tax positions. In addition, the impact of penalties and interest would also benefit the effective tax rate.

As of September 28, 2007, the Company's current accrued income taxes were approximately \$384 million, which we expect to settle within the next twelve months. As of September 28, 2007, the noncurrent portion of our income tax liability, including accrued interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits, was approximately \$780 million. At this time, the settlement period for the noncurrent portion of our income tax liability cannot be determined; however, it is not expected to be due within the next twelve months. The Company will include its income tax liabilities in the "Aggregate Contractual Obligations" table in its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ending December 31, 2007.

## FINANCIAL CONDITION

### Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities for the first nine months of 2007 amounted to \$5,457 million versus \$4,634 million for the comparable period in 2006, an increase of \$823 million. This increase was primarily related to increased net income for the first nine months of 2007 compared to the first nine months of 2006 and a reduction in tax payments in 2007 compared to 2006, primarily related to a payment in 2006 associated with the American Jobs Creation Act of 2004.

### Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$4,612 million for the first nine months of 2007 compared to \$1,542 million for the comparable period in 2006, an increase of \$3,070 million.

Net cash used in investing activities for the first nine months of 2007 included acquisitions and investments of \$3,935 million. During the third quarter of 2007, our Company acquired 18 German bottling and distribution operations in order to form a single bottling and distribution company in Germany and acquired a 34 percent equity interest in Tokyo CCBC in Japan. During the second quarter of 2007, our Company acquired glacéau for approximately \$4.1 billion. We made a cash payment of approximately \$2,948 million in the second quarter of 2007 in connection with the acquisition of glacéau. During the first quarter of 2007, our Company completed the acquisition of the remaining 65 percent of the shares of capital stock of CCBPI not previously owned by our Company and made a cash payment of approximately \$470 million in connection with the acquisition of CCBPI. During the third quarter of 2007, \$70 million was received by the Company related to amounts previously placed in escrow in connection with the CCBPI acquisition. Additionally, our Company acquired Fuze and Leao Junior for approximately \$328 million in cash. Refer to Note K of Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The remaining amount of cash used for acquisitions and investments was primarily related to the acquisition of various trademarks and brands, none of which was individually significant.

During the first nine months of 2007, cash outlays for investing activities also included purchases of property, plant and equipment of \$1,091 million. Our Company currently estimates that net purchases of property, plant and equipment for the entire year 2007 will be in the range of \$1.5 billion to \$1.6 billion.

Investing activities in the first nine months of 2007 also included proceeds of approximately \$238 million received from the sale of our 49 percent equity interest in Vonpar and approximately \$74 million in proceeds from the sale of real estate in Spain.

Net cash used in investing activities for the first nine months of 2006 included acquisitions and investments of approximately \$784 million. During the third quarter of 2006, our Company acquired a controlling interest in CCCIL and also acquired a 100 percent interest in Apollinaris. During the first quarter of 2006, our Company acquired a 100 percent interest in TJC. Refer to Note K of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements. The remaining amount of cash used for acquisitions and investments was primarily related to the acquisition of various trademarks and brands, none of which was individually significant. During the first nine months of 2006, cash outlays for investing activities also included purchases of property, plant and equipment of \$960 million.

Investing activities also included proceeds of approximately \$198 million received from the sale of shares in connection with the initial public offering of Coca-Cola Icecek during the second quarter of 2006.

## Financing Activities

Our financing activities include net borrowings, dividend payments, share issuances and share repurchases. Net cash provided by financing activities totaled \$1,234 million for the first nine months of 2007 compared to net cash used in financing activities of \$4,441 million for the first nine months of 2006, a change of \$5,675 million.

In the first nine months of 2007, the Company had issuances of debt of \$7,094 million and payments of debt of \$3,599 million. The issuances of debt in the first nine months of 2007 included approximately \$2,609 million of net issuances of commercial paper and short-term debt with maturities of 90 days or less and approximately \$4,317 million of issuances of commercial paper and short-term debt with maturities greater than 90 days. The increases in debt were primarily due to our acquisitions of 18 German bottling and distribution operations, glacéau, CCBPI, Fuze, Leao Junior and our investment in Tokyo CCBC in the first nine months of 2007. The Company is reviewing its optimal mix of short-term and long-term debt. We might replace a certain amount of commercial paper and short-term debt with longer term debt in the future. The payments of debt in the first nine months of 2007 included approximately \$3,500 million related to commercial paper and short-term debt with maturities greater than 90 days. Included in these payments was the payment of the outstanding liability to CCEAG shareowners in January 2007.

In the first nine months of 2006, the Company had issuances of debt of \$298 million and payments of debt of \$2,075 million. The issuances of debt in the first nine months of 2006 included approximately \$281 million of issuances of commercial paper and short-term debt with maturities greater than 90 days. The payments of debt in the first nine months of 2006 included approximately \$506 million related to commercial paper and short-term debt with maturities of greater than 90 days and approximately \$1,558 million of net repayments of commercial paper and short-term debt with maturities of 90 days or less.

In the first nine months of 2007, the Company had issuances of stock of \$1,013 million compared to \$8 million for the first nine months of 2006, an increase of \$1,005 million. The increase is primarily related to the exercise of stock options by Company employees in the first nine months of 2007. In addition, certain executive officers and former shareholders of glacéau invested approximately \$179 million of their proceeds from the sale of glacéau in common stock of the Company at then current market prices. These shares of Company common stock were placed in escrow pursuant to the glacéau acquisition agreement.

During the first nine months of 2007 and 2006, the Company repurchased common stock under stock repurchase plans authorized by our Board of Directors. During the first nine months of 2007, the Company repurchased approximately 32 million shares of common stock at an average cost of \$51.06 per share. During the first nine months of 2006, the Company repurchased approximately 27.6 million shares of common stock at an average cost of \$42.62 per share. The cost to purchase shares of common stock for treasury was \$1,634 million for the first nine months of 2007 compared to \$1,177 million for the first nine months of 2006. The total cash outflow for treasury stock purchases in the first nine months of 2007 was \$1,699 million, which includes the treasury stock purchased in the first nine months of 2007, as well as certain December 2006 treasury stock purchases that settled in early 2007.

As strong cash flows are expected to continue in the future, the Company currently expects its 2007 share repurchase levels to be in the range of \$1.75 billion to \$2.0 billion, including the purchases during the first nine months of 2007 described above.

For the first nine months of 2007, our Company paid dividends of \$1,575 million compared to \$1,460 million for the first nine months of 2006, an increase of \$115 million. As of September 28, 2007, dividends of approximately \$786 million were accrued but were not paid until the beginning of the

fourth quarter of 2007. The Company currently expects the full-year 2007 dividend to be \$1.36 per share compared to \$1.24 per share in 2006.

### **Foreign Exchange**

Our international operations are subject to certain opportunities and risks, including currency fluctuations and governmental actions. We closely monitor our operations in each country and seek to adopt appropriate strategies that are responsive to changing economic and political environments, and to fluctuations in foreign currencies.

Our Company conducts business in more than 200 countries. Due to our global operations, weaknesses in currencies of some of these countries are often offset by strengths in others. Our foreign currency management program is designed to mitigate, over time, a portion of the impact of exchange rate changes on net income and earnings per share. Taking into account the effects of our hedging activities, the impact of changes in foreign currency exchange rates increased our reported operating income by approximately 4 percent and 3 percent, respectively, in the third quarter and the first nine months of 2007 compared to the same periods in 2006. Based on current spot rates and the anticipated benefits of hedging coverage in place, the Company currently expects currency to have a mid single-digit favorable impact on operating income for the fourth quarter of 2007.

The Company will continue to manage its foreign currency exposures to mitigate, over time, a portion of the impact of exchange rate changes on net income and earnings per share.

### **Financial Position**

Our balance sheet as of September 28, 2007, as compared to our balance sheet as of December 31, 2006, was impacted by the following:

- increases in trademarks with indefinite lives, goodwill and other intangible assets of \$3,173 million, \$2,767 million and \$757 million, respectively, primarily due to the acquisition of German bottling and distribution operations, glacéau, CCBPI, Fuze and Leao Junior in the first nine months of 2007;
- an increase in property, plant and equipment of \$1,100 million, primarily due to 2007 purchases and the acquisitions of 18 German bottling and distribution operations and CCBPI, as mentioned above;
- an increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses of \$2,075 million which was primarily due to the accrual of \$786 million for the third quarter 2007 dividend and acquisitions (refer to Note K of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements). The fourth quarter 2006 dividend payment was made prior to December 31, 2006; thus, there was no accrual for dividends as of December 31, 2006;
- an increase in loans and notes payable of \$4,757 million, primarily due to net borrowings of commercial paper and short-term debt during the first nine months of 2007 to fund current-year acquisitions to date, and approximately \$1.2 billion to be paid under the terms of the put and call option agreement related to the acquisition of glacéau; the Company exercised its right to call the remaining interest in glacéau on October 22, 2007, and thus the Company will pay the amount due Tata during the fourth quarter of 2007 (refer to Note K of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements); and
- an increase in other liabilities of \$1,207 million, primarily due to tax liabilities related to Interpretation No. 48 (refer to Note I of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements) and an additional minority interest related to current-year acquisitions (refer to Note K of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements).

*Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk*

We have no material changes to the disclosure on this matter made in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006.

*Item 4. Controls and Procedures*

The Company, under the supervision and with the participation of its management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's "disclosure controls and procedures" (as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act")) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report. Except as discussed below, there has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 28, 2007, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting. During the third quarter of 2007, the Company acquired 18 bottling and distribution operations in Germany. Refer to Note K of Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding this acquisition. The Company is currently in the process of evaluating the internal controls of the acquired entities. However, the Company anticipates that the acquired German bottling and distribution operations referred to above will be excluded from management's annual assessment of the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007.

*Part II. Other Information*

*Item 1. Legal Proceedings*

Information regarding reportable legal proceedings is contained in Part I. "Item 3. Legal Proceedings" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, as updated in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 30, 2007.

*Item 1A. Risk Factors*

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in this report and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or future results.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

The following table presents information with respect to purchases of common stock of the Company made during the three months ended September 28, 2007, by the Company or any "affiliated purchaser" of the Company, as defined in Rule 10b-18(a)(3) under the Exchange Act.

Period	(a) Total Number of Shares Purchased <sup>1</sup>	(b) Average Price Paid Per Share	(c) Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs <sup>2</sup>	(d) Maximum Number of Shares That May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs
June 30, 2007 through July 27, 2007	1,501,478	\$ 53.14	1,500,000	250,776,211
July 28, 2007 through August 24, 2007	4,000,000	\$ 54.09	4,000,000	246,776,211
August 25, 2007 through September 28, 2007	5,911,120	\$ 55.68	5,900,000	240,876,211
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,412,598</b>	<b>\$ 54.79</b>	<b>11,400,000</b>	

<sup>1</sup> The total number of shares purchased includes: (i) shares purchased pursuant to the 2006 Plan described in footnote (2) below; and (ii) shares surrendered to the Company to pay the exercise price and/or to satisfy tax withholding obligations in connection with so-called stock swap exercises of employee stock options and/or the vesting of restricted stock issued to employees, totaling 1,478 shares, zero shares and 11,120 shares for the months of July, August and September 2007, respectively.

<sup>2</sup> On July 20, 2006, we publicly announced that our Board of Directors had authorized a plan (the "2006 Plan") for the Company to purchase up to 300 million shares of our Company's common stock. This column discloses the number of shares purchased pursuant to the 2006 Plan during the indicated time periods.

*Item 6. Exhibits*

*Exhibit No.*

- 3.1 — Certificate of Incorporation of the Company, including Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation, effective May 1, 1996 — incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3 of the Company's Form 10-Q Quarterly Report for the quarter ended March 31, 1996.
- 3.2 — By-Laws of the Company, as amended and restated through October 19, 2006 — incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 99.1 of the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, filed October 20, 2006.
- 4.1 — The Company agrees to furnish to the Securities and Exchange Commission, upon request, a copy of any instrument defining the rights of holders of long-term debt of the Company and all of its consolidated subsidiaries and unconsolidated subsidiaries for which financial statements are required to be filed with the SEC.
- 10.1 — Offer letter dated July 20, 2007 from the Company to Joseph V. Tripodi, including Agreement on Confidentiality, Non-Competition and Non-Solicitation, dated July 20, 2007.
- 12.1 — Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges.
- 31.1 — Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification, executed by E. Neville Isdell, Chairman, Board of Directors, and Chief Executive Officer of The Coca-Cola Company.
- 31.2 — Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification, executed by Gary P. Fayard, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of The Coca-Cola Company.
- 32.1 — Certifications required by Rule 13a-14(b) or Rule 15d-14(b) and Section 1350 of Chapter 63 of Title 18 of the United States Code (18 U.S.C. 1350), executed by E. Neville Isdell, Chairman, Board of Directors, and Chief Executive Officer of The Coca-Cola Company, and by Gary P. Fayard, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of The Coca-Cola Company.

**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**THE COCA-COLA COMPANY  
(REGISTRANT)**

Date: October 24, 2007

By:

/s/ HARRY L. ANDERSON

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Harry L. Anderson  
Vice President and Controller  
(On behalf of the Registrant and  
as Chief Accounting Officer)

## EXHIBIT INDEX

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# The Coca-Cola Company

COCA-COLA PLAZA  
ATLANTA, GEORGIA

**MUHTAR KENT**  
PRESIDENT AND CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER,  
THE COCA-COLA COMPANY

ADDRESS REPLY TO:  
P.O. BOX 1734  
ATLANTA, GA 30301

404 676-4082  
FAX: 404 676-7721

July 20, 2007

Joseph V. Tripodi

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We are delighted to confirm your offer of employment with The Coca-Cola Company (the "Company") for the position of Senior Vice President, The Coca-Cola Company and Chief Marketing and Commercial Leadership Officer with an effective target date of September 4, 2007, reporting to me. The information contained in this letter provides details of the employment offer.

- Your principal place of assignment will be Atlanta, Georgia at the Company's Corporate Center.
  - Your annual base gross salary will be \$525,000 and will be reviewed annually according to Company practice.
  - You will be eligible to participate in the Company's annual incentive program. This important element of your total cash compensation is based on individual performance and the financial performance of the Company and your business unit. Your target incentive will be 100% of gross annual salary. Your incentive for 2007 will be prorated for partial year participation. The actual amount of your incentive award will be based on business and personal performances and may range from 0% up to 320% of your base salary. The plan may be modified from time to time.
  - You will be eligible to participate in The Coca-Cola Company's Long-Term Incentive program, currently consisting of stock options and performance share units (PSUs). Awards are made at the discretion of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors based upon recommendations by Senior Management. You will be eligible to receive equity awards within guidelines for the job grade assigned to your position and based upon your personal performance, company performance, and your leadership potential to add value to the system in the future. As a discretionary program, the award timing, frequency, size and distribution between stock options and PSUs are variable. Your first annual grant is expected to be in February 2008.
  - You will receive a cash hiring bonus in the amount of \$500,000, less applicable taxes. This amount will be paid within 30 days following the commencement of your employment with the Company. If you voluntarily leave the Company or if you are terminated for cause or as a result of a violation of the Company's Code of Business Conduct or if you participate in certain prohibited activities prior to your first anniversary with the Company, you will be required to repay the cash hiring bonus in full.
  - You will receive a special one-time contribution to the Company's Deferred Compensation Plan in the amount of \$2,000,000. The contribution will be credited 30 days following your employment with the Company. We will propose to the Compensation Committee that this contribution vest on December 31, 2008, provided you are continuously employed until that date. If such approval is not obtained, the contribution will vest two years from your date of hire, subject to your continued employment. If you leave the Company for any reason prior to the vesting date, except in the case of disability or death, you will forfeit the entire contribution
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and corresponding earnings. The award will be governed solely by the terms of the Company's Deferred Compensation Plan. You will need to make an election regarding the form and timing for distribution of the contribution within 30 days of your hire date. Please note that although the contribution will vest as described above, due to the plan rules and Internal Revenue Code requirements, the earliest distribution you may make is 2011.

- A special one-time restricted stock grant for a total estimated value of \$2,000,000 will be granted at the first regularly-scheduled Compensation Committee meeting after your hire. The restrictions will lapse four (4) years from the date of grant, contingent upon continuous employment. If you leave the Company for any reason within four (4) years from the date of grant, except in the case of disability or death, the entire award will be forfeited. The award will be governed solely by the terms of the Company's 1989 Restricted Stock Award Plan and the Agreement that will be provided to you at the time the award is made. The actual number of shares awarded will be determined using the target value and the closing price of The Coca-Cola Company's common stock on the date of grant. You will receive dividends while the stock is under restriction at the same rate and timing as other shareowners.
- Additionally, a special one-time stock option award with an estimated value of \$1,500,000 will be granted at the first regularly-scheduled Compensation Committee meeting after your hire. The award vests 25% each year on the anniversary of the date of grant. The expiration date will be 10 years from the date of grant. The actual number of stock options awarded will be determined using the target value and the Black-Scholes value of the Company's stock options just prior to the Compensation Committee meeting at which the grant is made. In accordance with the provisions of the Company's Stock Option Plan, the grant price will be the average of the high and low price of The Coca-Cola Company's common stock on the date of grant.
- You are expected to attain share ownership valued at two times your salary up to 20,000 shares by the time you reach five years of service with the Company. You will be asked to provide information in December each year on your progress toward your ownership goal, and that information will be reviewed with the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors the following February. The special one-time restricted stock grant described above will count toward satisfaction of this requirement.
- You will be eligible for the financial planning program which provides for the reimbursement of certain financial planning and counseling services, up to \$10,000 annually, subject to taxes and withholding. This program is available to you upon your employment with the Company.
- You will be eligible for certain relocation benefits under the Company's policy, with an additional contingent amount of up to \$300,000 to cover extraordinary expenses associated with your relocation, as long as adequate documentation is provided to the Company. Your Relocation Client Service Manager, Linda Straw, will contact you to review the details of these benefits.
- You will be eligible for the Company's comprehensive benefits program provided to the general employee population. These benefits include, among other things, a pension plan, a 401(k) plan, and medical and dental coverage. Detailed information on this and other benefits plans will be provided to you by the Executive Compensation Department.
- You will be eligible for four weeks paid vacation per year.
- You will be eligible for membership and reimbursement of dues and initiation fees associated with one country club, social club or similar club as long as the club use is for ordinary and necessary business purposes. You will be required to track and report any personal use of the Company-paid club membership and dues. Club use that is personal will be considered taxable income and will not be grossed-up by the Company.

- In the unlikely event that your position is eliminated, you will be eligible, as would any employee of the Company, for benefits provided under the Severance Pay Plan, which may be modified from time to time. At your current grade level your benefit would be equivalent to two years base pay.
- It will be necessary for you to execute the enclosed Agreement on Confidentiality, Non-Competition and Non-Solicitation upon the commencement of your employment.
- Employment at The Coca-Cola Company is at-will. This letter does not constitute a contract for employment.

Joe, I feel certain that you will find challenge, satisfaction and opportunity as we position ourselves to create a sustainable growth business at The Coca-Cola Company. We are looking forward to you joining The Coca-Cola family.

Should you have any questions, about the foregoing or the enclosure, please call me or Elizabeth Bastoni at (404) 676-3620. Please signify your acceptance of such employment by signing as indicated below.

Sincerely,

/s/ MUHTAR KENT  
Muhtar Kent

Enclosure

I have read and I hereby acknowledge and accept this offer of employment.

/s/ JOSEPH V. TRIPODI

July 20, 2007

\_\_\_\_\_  
Joseph V. Tripodi

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

**AGREEMENT ON CONFIDENTIALITY,  
NON-COMPETITION, AND NON-SOLICITATION**

In consideration of my employment, or my continued employment, by The Coca-Cola Company, a Delaware corporation, I agree with The Coca-Cola Company as follows:

1. **Definitions.** For the purposes of this Agreement, the following definitions apply:

(a) "Confidential Information" means any data or information, other than Trade Secrets, that is valuable to The Coca-Cola Company and/or its subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively "the Company") and not generally known to competitors of the Company or other outsiders, regardless of whether the information is in print, written, or electronic form, retained in my memory, or has been compiled or created by me, including, but not limited to, technical, financial, personnel, staffing, payroll, computer systems, marketing, advertising, merchandising, product, vendor, or customer data, or other information similar to the foregoing;

(b) "Trade Secret" means any information, including a formula, pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique, or process, that (i) derives independent economic value, actual or potential, from not being generally known to, and not being readily ascertainable by proper means by, other persons who can derive economic value from its disclosure or use and (ii) is the subject of efforts that are reasonable under the circumstances to maintain its secrecy; and

(c) "Customer" means anyone who is or was a customer of the Company during my employment with The Coca-Cola Company, or is a prospective customer of the Company to whom the Company has made a presentation (or similar offering of services) within the one-year period immediately preceding the termination of my employment with The Coca-Cola Company or, if my employment has not terminated, the one-year period immediately preceding any alleged violation of this Agreement.

2. **Acknowledgement.** My services for The Coca-Cola Company are of a special, unique, extraordinary, and intellectual character, and are performed on behalf of the Company throughout the world. My position as an elected officer of The Coca-Cola Company places me in a position of confidence and trust with the Customers and employees of the Company. So long as I shall remain in the employ of The Coca-Cola Company, I shall devote my whole time and ability to the service of the Company in such capacity as The Coca-Cola Company shall from time to time direct, and I shall perform my duties faithfully and diligently.

I acknowledge that the rendering of services to the Company's Customers necessarily requires the disclosure of the Company's Confidential Information and Trade Secrets to me. In addition, in the course of my employment with The Coca-Cola Company, I will develop a personal acquaintanceship and relationship with certain of the Company's Customers, and a knowledge of those Customers' affairs and requirements, which may constitute a significant contact between the Company and such Customers. Finally, the Customers with whom I will have business dealings on behalf of the Company are located throughout the world.

I further acknowledge that the provisions in this Agreement, including, but not limited to, the restrictive covenants and choice-of-law provision, are fair and reasonable, that enforcement of the provisions of this Agreement will not cause me undue hardship, and that the provisions of this Agreement are necessary and commensurate with the need to protect the Company's established goodwill and proprietary information from irreparable harm. In the event that I breach, I threaten in any way to breach, or it is inevitable that I will breach any of the provisions of this Agreement, damages shall be an inadequate remedy and The Coca-Cola Company shall be entitled, without bond, to injunctive or other equitable relief. The Coca-Cola Company's rights in this respect are in addition to all rights otherwise available at law or in equity.

3. **Non-Competition and Non-Solicitation.** I agree that while I am in The Coca-Cola Company's employ and for two years after the later of (i) the termination of my employment with The Coca-Cola Company for any reason whatsoever, or (ii) the termination of any and all payment obligations owing

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by The Coca-Cola Company to me, I shall not, directly or indirectly, except on behalf of or with the prior written consent of The Coca-Cola Company:

(a) enter into or maintain an employment, contractual, or other relationship to render any services of the type I performed for the Company during the last two years of my employment with (i) any person or entity in competition with the Company, or (ii) any Customer of the Company with whom I had business dealings during the last two years of my employment with The Coca-Cola Company;

(b) solicit or attempt to solicit any Customer to do business of the type performed by the Company or to persuade any Customer to do business with any person or entity in competition with the Company or to reduce the amount of business which any such Customer has customarily done or contemplates doing with the Company, whether or not the relationship between the Company and such Customer was originally established in whole or in part through my efforts; provided, however, that the Customer solicited is one with which I had business dealings during the last two years of my employment with The Coca-Cola Company; or

(c) solicit or attempt to solicit for employment any person who is or at any time during the one-year period immediately preceding the termination of my employment with The Coca-Cola Company was an employee of the Company with whom I had business dealings during the last two years of my employment with The Coca-Cola Company.

4. Confidential Information and Trade Secrets

(a) During my employment with The Coca-Cola Company, I will acquire and have access to the Company's Confidential Information. I agree that while I am in The Coca-Cola Company's employ and for two years after the later of (i) the termination of my employment with The Coca-Cola Company for any reason whatsoever, or (ii) the termination of any and all payment obligations owing by The Coca-Cola Company to me, I shall hold in confidence all Confidential Information of the Company and will not disclose, publish, or make use of such Confidential Information, directly or indirectly, unless compelled by law and then only after providing written notice to The Coca-Cola Company. If I have any questions regarding what data or information would be considered by the Company to be Confidential Information, I agree to contact the appropriate person(s) at the Company for written clarification; and

(b) During my employment with The Coca-Cola Company, I will also acquire and have access to the Company's Trade Secrets. I acknowledge that the Company has made and will continue to make reasonable efforts under the circumstances to maintain the secrecy of its Trade Secrets. I agree to hold in confidence all Trade Secrets of the Company that come into my knowledge during my employment with The Coca-Cola Company and shall not directly or indirectly disclose, publish, or make use of at any time such Trade Secrets for so long as the information remains a Trade Secret. If I have any questions regarding what data or information constitutes a Trade Secret, I agree to contact the appropriate person(s) at the Company for written clarification.

5. Company Property. Upon leaving the employ of The Coca-Cola Company, I shall not take with me any written, printed, or electronically stored Trade Secrets, Confidential Information, or any other property of the Company obtained by me as a result of my employment, or any reproductions thereof. All such Company property and all copies thereof shall be surrendered by me to the Company on my termination or at any time upon request of the Company.

6. Inventions, Discoveries, and Authorship. I shall disclose to the Company and I agree to and do hereby assign to the Company, without charge, all my rights, title, and interest in and to any and all inventions and discoveries that I may make, solely or jointly with others, while in the employ of The Coca-Cola Company, that relate to or are useful or may be useful in connection with business of the character carried on or contemplated by the Company, and all my rights, title, and interest in and

to any and all domestic and foreign applications for patents as well as any divisions or continuations thereof covering such inventions and discoveries and any and all patents granted for such inventions and discoveries and any and all reissues, extensions, and revivals of such patents; and upon request of the Company, whether during or subsequent to my employment with The Coca-Cola Company, I shall do any and all acts and execute and deliver such instruments as may be deemed by the Company necessary or proper to vest all my rights, title, and interest in and to said inventions, discoveries, applications, and patents in the Company and to secure or maintain such applications, patents, reissues, extensions, and/or revivals thereof. All necessary and proper expenses in connection with the foregoing shall be borne by the Company, and if services in connection therewith are performed at the Company's request after termination of my employment with The Coca-Cola Company, the Company will pay reasonable compensation for such services. Any inventions and discoveries relating to the Company's business made by me within one year after termination of my employment with The Coca-Cola Company shall be deemed to be within this provision, unless I can prove that the same were conceived and made following said termination and such conception or invention is not based upon or related to any Trade Secrets, as defined herein, received pursuant to my employment with The Coca-Cola Company.

Attached is a list of patent applications and unpatented inventions made prior to my employment with The Coca-Cola Company, which I agree is a complete list and which I desire to remove from the operation of this Agreement.

I also hereby assign to the Company, without charge, all my rights, title, and interest in and to all original works of authorship filed in any tangible form, prepared by me, solely or jointly with others, within the scope of my employment with The Coca-Cola Company. In addition, the Company and I hereby agree that any such original work of authorship that qualifies as a "work made for hire" under the U.S. copyright laws shall be a "work made for hire" and shall be owned by the Company.

7. Governing Law. This Agreement shall be construed, interpreted, and applied in accordance with the laws of the State of Delaware, without giving effect to the choice-of-law provisions thereof. The Company and I hereby irrevocably submit any dispute arising out of or relating to this Agreement to the exclusive concurrent jurisdiction of the state and federal courts located in the State of Delaware. The Company and I also both irrevocably waive, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any objection either may now or hereafter have to the laying of venue of any such dispute brought in such court or any defense of inconvenient forum for the maintenance of such dispute, and both parties agree to accept service of legal process in the State of Delaware.

8. Severability. In the event that any provision of this Agreement is found to be invalid or unenforceable by a court of law or other appropriate authority, the invalidity or unenforceability of such provision shall not affect the other provisions of this Agreement, which shall remain in full force and effect, and that court or other appropriate authority shall modify the provisions found to be unenforceable or invalid so as to make them enforceable, taking into account the purposes of this Agreement and the nationwide and international scope of the Company's business.

9. Waiver. No waiver of any provision of this Agreement shall be effective unless pursuant to a writing signed by me and the Company, and such waiver shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the specific purpose stated in the writing.

10. Tolling. Provided that I have not been enjoined from breaching any of the terms of this Agreement, the time periods set forth in Paragraphs Three and Four above shall be tolled upon the filing of a lawsuit challenging the enforceability of this Agreement until the aforementioned dispute is resolved and all periods for appeal have expired.

11. Assignment. This Agreement shall inure to the benefit of the Company, allied companies, successors and assigns, or nominees of the Company, and I specifically agree to execute any and all

documents considered convenient or necessary to assign transfer, sustain and maintain inventions, discoveries, copyrightable material, applications, and patents, both in this and foreign countries, to and on behalf of the Company.

**I HAVE READ THIS AGREEMENT IN ITS ENTIRETY AND, INTENDING TO BE LEGALLY BOUND, I HEREBY VOLUNTARILY ACCEPT AND AGREE TO ITS TERMS.**

I have hereunto signed my name this 20th day of July, 2007.

/s/ JOSEPH V. TRIPODI

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**Signature**

Joseph V. Tripodi

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**Print Name**

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

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**Employee I.D. or Social Security Number (if applicable)**

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[Exhibit 10.1](#)

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES  
COMPUTATION OF RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

	Nine Months Ended September 28, 2007	Year Ended December 31,				
		2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
(In millions except ratios)						
<b>EARNINGS:</b>						
Income from continuing operations before income taxes and changes in accounting principles	\$ 6,250	\$ 6,578	\$ 6,690	\$ 6,222	\$ 5,495	\$ 5,499
Fixed charges	340	271	281	232	220	236
Less:						
Capitalized interest, net	(9)	(10)	(3)	(1)	(1)	(1)
Equity income, net of dividends	(331)	124	(446)	(476)	(294)	(256)
Adjusted earnings	\$ 6,250	\$ 6,963	\$ 6,522	\$ 5,977	\$ 5,420	\$ 5,478
<b>FIXED CHARGES:</b>						
Gross interest incurred	\$ 309	\$ 230	\$ 243	\$ 197	\$ 179	\$ 200
Interest portion of rent expense	31	41	38	35	41	36
Total fixed charges	\$ 340	\$ 271	\$ 281	\$ 232	\$ 220	\$ 236
Ratios of earnings to fixed charges	18.4	25.7	23.2	25.8	24.6	23.2

As of September 28, 2007, the Company was contingently liable for guarantees of indebtedness owed by third parties in the amount of \$253 million. Fixed charges for these contingent liabilities have not been included in the computation of the above ratios, as the amounts are immaterial and, in the opinion of management, it is not probable that the Company will be required to satisfy the guarantees. The interest amount, in the above table, does not include interest expense associated with unrecognized tax benefits.

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[EXHIBIT 12.1](#)

**CERTIFICATIONS**

I, E. Neville Isdell, Chairman, Board of Directors, and Chief Executive Officer of The Coca-Cola Company, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of The Coca-Cola Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 24, 2007

/s/ E. NEVILLE ISDELL

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E. Neville Isdell  
Chairman, Board of Directors, and  
Chief Executive Officer

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[EXHIBIT 31.1](#)

**CERTIFICATIONS**

I, Gary P. Fayard, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of The Coca-Cola Company, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of The Coca-Cola Company;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 24, 2007

/s/ GARY P. FAYARD

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Gary P. Fayard  
Executive Vice President and  
Chief Financial Officer

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[EXHIBIT 31.2](#)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of The Coca-Cola Company (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 28, 2007 (the "Report"), I, E. Neville Isdell, Chairman, Board of Directors, and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and I, Gary P. Fayard, Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) to my knowledge, the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ E. NEVILLE ISDELL

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E. Neville Isdell  
Chairman, Board of Directors, and  
Chief Executive Officer  
October 24, 2007

/s/ GARY P. FAYARD

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Gary P. Fayard  
Executive Vice President and  
Chief Financial Officer  
October 24, 2007

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[Exhibit 32.1](#)