UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

SCHEDULE 14A

Proxy Statement Pursuant to Section 14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Amendment No.)

File	Filed by the Registrant ⊠							
File	ed by a Party other than the Registrant □							
Ch	Check the appropriate box:							
	Preliminary Proxy Statement							
	Confidential, for Use of the Commission Only (as permitted by Rule 14a-6(e)(2))							
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	Definitive Additional Materials							
	□ Soliciting Material under §240.14a-12							
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	Coca Cola							
	COMPANY							
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⊠	(Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter) (Name of Person(s) Filing Proxy Statement, if other than the Registrant) yment of Filing Fee (Check the appropriate box): No fee required. Fee paid previously with preliminary materials.							



2025 Proxy Statement

Notice of Annual Meeting of Shareowners Wednesday, April 30, 2025



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Please see Questions and Answers in Annex A beginning on page 103 for important information about the 2025 Annual Meeting of Shareowners (the "2025 Annual Meeting"), proxy materials, voting, Company documents, communications, and the deadlines to submit shareowner proposals and Director nominees for the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners. Additional questions may be directed to Shareowner Services at (404) 676-2777 or shareownerservices@coca-cola.com.

Links to websites included in this Proxy Statement are provided solely for convenience purposes. Content on the websites, including content on our Company website, is not, and shall not be deemed to be, part of this Proxy Statement or incorporated herein or into any of our other fillings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC").

This Proxy Statement contains information that may constitute "forward-looking statements." Generally, the words "believe," "expect," "intend," "estimate," "anticipate," "project," "will" and similar expressions identify forward-looking statements, which generally are not historical in nature. The absence of these words or similar expressions, however, does not mean that a statement is not forward-looking. All statements that address operating performance, events or developments that we expect or anticipate will occur in the future, including statements regarding general views about future operating results, are forward-looking statements. Which is a management believes that these forward-looking statements are reasonable as and when made. However, caution should be taken not to place undue reliance on any such forward-looking statements because such statements speak only as of the date when made. Our Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law. In addition, forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause our Company's actual results to differ materially from historical experience and from our present expectations or projections. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, those described in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 (the "Form 10-K") and those described from time to time in our future reports filed with the SEC.

Notice of 2025

Annual Meeting of Shareowners

DATE & TIME

VIRTUAL MEETING LOCATION

ANNUAL MEETING WEBSITE

RECORD DATE

Wednesday, April 30, 2025, 8:30 a.m. Eastern Time The 2025 Annual Meeting of Shareowners will be held exclusively online. Visit meetnow.global/KO2025 to attend the meeting.

Access links to vote in advance, submit questions in advance of the meeting and learn more about our Company at www.coca-colacompany.com/annual-meeting-of-shareowners.

Holders of record of our Common Stock as of March 3, 2025 are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the meeting

OUR BOARD'S

VOTING METHODS

Your vote is important to us. Whether or not you plan to participate in the 2025 Annual Meeting, we urge you to vote and submit your proxy in advance of the meeting using one of the below advance voting methods. Make sure to have your proxy card or voting instruction form in hand and follow the instructions.

Shareowners may also **vote during the meeting** by accessing the virtual meeting according to the instructions in question 2 on page 103 of the attached Proxy Statement.

Shareowners of Record (shares registered on the books of the Company via Computershare) ADVANCE VOTING METHODS Internet Phone Mail Call 1-800-652-VOTE or the www.investorvote.com/ Sign, date and return your telephone number on your proxy card coca-cola **Beneficial Owners** (shares held through your bank, brokerage account or other nominee) (P) Phone Internet Mail Call 1-800-454-8683 or the Sign, date and return your www.proxyvote.com telephone voting instruction form number on your voting instruction form Not all beneficial owners may vote at the web address and phone number provided above. If your control number is not recognized, please refer to your voting instruction form for specific voting instructions

	ITEMS OF BUSINESS	RECOM	PAGE	
	COMPANY PROPOSALS			
1	Elect as Directors the 11 Director nominees named in the attached Proxy Statement to serve until the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners.	\checkmark	FOR each Director Nominee	8
2	Conduct an advisory vote to approve	~	FOR	45
3	executive compensation. Ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as Independent Auditors of the Company to serve for the 2025 fiscal year.		FOR	86
	SHAREOWNER PROPOSALS			
4	Vote on a shareowner proposal regarding an assessment of non-sugar sweeteners.	X	AGAINST	90
5	Vote on a shareowner proposal regarding a report on food waste.	X	AGAINST	93
6	Vote on a shareowner proposal regarding creation of an improper influence board committee.	\times	AGAINST	95
7	Vote on a shareowner proposal regarding DEI goals in executive pay.	\times	AGAINST	97
8	Vote on a shareowner proposal regarding a report on brand image impacts.	X	AGAINST	99
9	Vote on a shareowner proposal regarding			

Shareowners will also transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting and at any adjournments or postponements of the meeting.

a report on civil liberties in advertising

X

AGAINST

101

The 2025 Annual Meeting will be held exclusively online via live webcast. Our virtual format leverages the latest technology to provide expanded access to shareowners, while providing shareowners the same rights and opportunities as they would have at an in-person meeting. For the past several years, we have received consistent positive feedback regarding our virtual format. This format allows shareowners to attend a greater number of companies' annual meetings, from any location around the world, at no cost to them. While you will not be able to attend the meeting at a physical location, as a shareowner of The Coca-Cola Company, you will be able to attend the meeting online, vote your shares electronically and submit questions during the meeting.

To attend the 2025 Annual Meeting, visit meetnow.global/KO2025. For more information on how to participate in the 2025 Annual Meeting, please see Annex A of the attached Proxy Statement beginning on page 103.

An electronic list of shareowners of record as of the record date will be available for inspection by shareowners for any purpose germane to the meeting from April 18 through April 29, 2025. To access the electronic list during this time, please send your request, along with proof of your Company share ownership, by email to shareownerservices@coca-cola.com. You will receive confirmation of your request and instructions on how to view the electronic list. Please see question 23 on page 108 of the attached Proxy Statement for more information.

We are making the Proxy Statement and the form of proxy first available on or about March 17, 2025.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Jerup Dreaning

JENNIFER D. MANNING
Corporate Secretary and
Senior Vice President, Associate General Counsel
March 17, 2025

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING THE AVAILABILITY OF PROXY MATERIALS FOR THE 2025 ANNUAL MEETING OF SHAREOWNERS TO BE HELD ON APRIL 30, 2025:

The Notice of Annual Meeting, Proxy Statement and Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 are available free of charge at www.edocumentview.com/coca-cola.

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Letter from

Our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer



(3) I'm encouraged by the future growth opportunities (3) we see around the world.

TO MY FELLOW SHAREOWNERS:

Coca-Cola was created in 1886 by a man who wanted to offer a cold, carbonated soft drink to refresh Atlantans. Almost immediately, competitors emerged, attempting to copy Coca-Cola's name, formula and success.

Today, more than 138 years later, Coca-Cola is the pause that still refreshes. But what has become The Coca-Cola Company is much more than just that. Now, it's approximately 200 brands, served 2.2 billion times a day across more than 200 countries and territories. Our purpose goes beyond making delicious beverages. We're dedicated to making a meaningful difference in the world.

Evolution and innovation take time and commitment. They include successes and failures. And none of it can happen without people believing in the business. So, on behalf of my thousands of colleagues around the world, thank you for your continued investment and trust in The Coca-Cola Company.

Reflecting on the past year, I'm pleased to report strong growth and sustained momentum, despite various external challenges like inflation, currency fluctuations and geopolitical issues. We remained resilient by focusing on elements within our control, and we continued our multi-year evolution as a total beverage company.

Our all-weather strategy remains steadfast, aiming to drive top-line revenue and deliver robust bottom-line returns. Our system remains strong, with shared objectives and a commitment to achieve long-term growth.

Our global workforce of more than 700,000 people across the Coca-Cola system is focused on serving consumers with beverages they love, through the channels they prefer, and with best-in-class marketing that reminds us all of the magic of our brands.

Our relentless pursuit of growth aims to exceed the expectations of consumers, customers, communities and employees, ultimately delivering results for you, our shareowners.

Looking ahead, I'm encouraged by the future growth opportunities we see around the world. We're proud of the 138 years that have passed, and we're just as excited about our future.

Sincerely,

JAMES QUINCEY

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
The Coca-Cola Company

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Company Overview

OUR COMPANY

The Coca-Cola Company (the "Company") is a total beverage company with products sold in more than 200 countries and territories. Our Company's purpose is to refresh the world and make a difference. Our brands include the following:



- * Schweppes is owned by the Company in certain countries outside the United States.
- * In the United States and Canada, the Company authorizes third parties to use certain Topo Chico Hard Seltzer and Simply Spiked trademarks and related intellectual property in the production, distribution, marketing and sale of Topo Chico Hard Seltzer and Simply Spiked, as applicable.

Learn More About Our Company

You can learn more about the Company by visiting our website, **www.coca-colacompany.com**. We also encourage you to read our latest Form 10-K, available at **www.coca-colacompany.com/annual-meeting-of-shareowners**.

The Company's principal executive offices are located at One Coca-Cola Plaza, Atlanta, Georgia 30313.

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2024 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

In 2024, the Company executed on its objectives, expanded its leadership, and drove volume and revenue growth despite a dynamic operating environment. Our 2024 reported results were impacted by currency headwinds, bottler refranchising, a \$3.1 billion charge related to the remaining milestone payment for our acquisition of fairlife, LLC ("fairlife") (driven by fairlife's strong business performance), and a \$6.0 billion deposit made to the U.S. Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") related to ongoing tax litigation. Our non-GAAP results built on momentum from recent years and outperformed our long-term growth plan. We remain committed to driving balanced growth across our total beverage portfolio and delivering on our purpose to refresh the world and make a difference.

REVENUE PERFORMANCE

3% 🕡

Reported Net Operating Revenue Growth vs. 2023

12%

Organic Revenue (Non-GAAP) Growth vs. 2023

OPERATING INCOME PERFORMANCE

-12%

Reported Operating Income vs. 2023

16%

Comparable Currency Neutral Operating Income (Non-GAAP) Growth vs. 2023

EARNINGS PER SHARE PERFORMANCE

0% 🌑



Reported Earnings Per Share ("EPS") vs. 2023

7% 🕡

Comparable EPS (Non-GAAP) Growth vs. 2023

CASH FLOW

\$6.8 BN

Reported Cash Flow from Operations

\$10.8 BN

Free Cash Flow Excluding the IRS Tax Litigation Deposit (Non-GAAP)

DIVIDENDS

\$8.4 BN

Returned to Shareowners in 2024

Organic revenues is a financial measure outside of generally accepted accounting principles in the United States ("GAAP") that excludes or has otherwise been adjusted for the impact of acquisitions, divestitures and structural changes, as applicable, and the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Comparable currency neutral operating income is a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes or has otherwise been adjusted for items impacting comparability and the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Comparable EPS is a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes or has otherwise been adjusted for items impacting comparability. Free cash flow excluding the IRS tax litigation deposit is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents net cash provided by operating activities less purchases of property, plant and equipment and excludes the Company's IRS tax litigation deposit that was paid in 2024. See Annex C on page 113 for reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to our results as reported under GAAP.

OUR STRATEGY AND 2024 BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

Our global franchise operating model combines the benefits of scale with deep, local market intimacy. The power of our portfolio, amplified by our system's unique capabilities, is a clear advantage to win in the marketplace. Our mindset is to continuously improve every aspect of how we do business, and we take a consumer-centric and customer-focused viewpoint to all critical business decisions. We are focused on the following strategic priorities: shaping a portfolio of loved brands; transforming our marketing and innovation agenda; optimizing the Coca-Cola ecosystem; building talent and capabilities; and enhancing our license to operate.

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Highlights from 2024 against our strategic priorities include the following:



- Trademark Coca-Cola grew volume and gained value share, and Coca-Cola Zero Sugar grew unit case volume 9%.
- Sparkling flavors, which consists of brands such as Sprite, Fanta and Schweppes and regional brands such as Thums Up, grew volume. Successful product launches like Sprite Chill, Sprite Winter Spiced Cranberry and Fanta Haunted Apple contributed to volume growth.
- Juice, value-added dairy and plant-based beverages volume was even, and value share increased. Core Power and Maaza became billion-dollar brands in 2024.
- Ayataka, Fuze Tea and Topo Chico all had strong volume performance. Outside the United States, Powerade is the leading sports beverage brand in retail value.



Transforming Dur Marketing & Innovation Agenda

- Our networked marketing model is integrating product, digital, live and retail experiences and harnessing passion points to
 reach consumers in personalized ways. Examples include Coca-Cola's partnership with Marvel; long-standing partnerships
 with the Olympic Games and Paralympic Games; and a Fanta partnership with Warner Bros. Entertainment, Inc. for the film
 "Beetlejuice Beetlejuice."
- We are focusing on innovation that prioritizes bigger and bolder bets. In 2024, innovation contributed strongly to revenue
 growth, and our innovation success rates improved versus the prior year. Examples include Coca-Cola OREO Zero Sugar and
 new launches of Ayataka Tea and Topo Chico Sabores.
- Our marketing and innovation transformation contributed to Trademark Coca-Cola winning Creative Brand of the Year for the
 first time ever at the June 2024 Cannes Lions International Festival of Creativity, where the Company won a total of 18
 different awards. In addition, according to TIME, Coca-Cola, Minute Maid and fairlife were named World's Best Brands in their
 respective beverage categories in 2024.



- The Coca-Cola system's Cross Enterprise Procurement Group ("CEPG"), which leverages the scale of the system to procure
 ingredients on behalf of the Company and our bottling partners, celebrated its 20th anniversary in 2024. Through CEPG, our
 Global Procurement team strives to be best in class for security of supply, quality, cost, service, payment terms, sustainability
 and innovation.
- We continue to make progress on our refranchising journey. In 2024, we completed the refranchising of Company-owned bottling operations in the Philippines, Bangladesh and certain territories in India. Our Bottling Investments operating segment as a percent of consolidated reported net operating revenues was 13% in 2024, down from 52% in 2015.





- In Fortune's 2025 list of World's Most Admired Companies, The Coca-Cola Company ranked #12, up three spots versus the
 prior year. We continue to rank first in the beverage industry.
- Our 2024 Culture & Engagement Survey results underscore strong levels of employee pride and growth opportunities, with a strong number of respondents saying they are proud to work at The Coca-Cola Company and see good opportunity to learn and grow in their roles.
- We announced updated voluntary environmental goals with the aim of delivering on the Company's purpose to refresh the
 world and make a difference. The Company is prioritizing goals and actions that seek to improve water security in high-risk
 locations, reduce packaging waste and decrease emissions, and is extending the timeframe for these goals and actions to
 2035.

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COMPANY PROPOSALS

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1



Our Board recommends a vote FOR each Director nominee

The Board and the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee believe that the 11 Director nominees possess the necessary qualifications and experiences to provide quality advice and counsel to the Company's management and effectively oversee the business and the long-term interests of shareowners.

► See page 8 for further information

ITEM

Election of Directors



Advisory Vote to Approve Executive Compensation Our Board recommends a vote FOR this item

The Company seeks a non-binding advisory vote to approve the compensation of its Named Executive Officers as described in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis beginning on page-47 and the Compensation Tables beginning on page-64.

► See <u>page 45</u> for further information

ITEM





Ratification of the Appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as Independent Auditors

Our Board recommends a vote FOR this item

The Board and the Audit Committee believe that the retention of Ernst & Young LLP ("EY") to serve as the Company's independent auditors (the "Independent Auditors") for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2025 is in the best interests of the Company and its shareowners. As a matter of good corporate governance, shareowners are being asked to ratify the Audit Committee's selection of the Independent Auditors.

► See <u>page 86</u> for further information

SHAREOWNER PROPOSALS

ITEMS





Our Board recommends a vote AGAINST each of the shareowner proposals

Six proposals were submitted by shareowners, which will each be voted on if the shareowner proponent, or a representative who is qualified under state law, is present at the 2025 Annual Meeting and submits the proposal for a vote.

► See page 89 for further information

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ITEM 1:

ELECTION OF DIRECTORS



The Board of Directors recommends a vote FOR each nominee

WHAT AM I VOTING ON?

The Board of Directors, upon the recommendation of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, has nominated the following 11 individuals for election to the Board for a one-year term. If elected, each Director nominee will hold office until the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners and until his or her successor is elected and qualified.

- · Herb Allen
- · Bela Bajaria
- · Ana Botín
- Christopher C. Davis
- · Carolyn Everson
- · Thomas S. Gayner
- · Maria Elena Lagomasino
- Amity Millhiser
- · James Quincey
- · Caroline J. Tsay
- David B. Weinberg

All nominees are independent under the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") corporate governance rules, except for James Quincey, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (see Director Independence and Related Person Transactions beginning on page-41). Each of the Director nominees was elected by shareowners at the 2024 Annual Meeting of Shareowners, other than Ms. Bajaria. Ms. Bajaria was identified as a potential Director by the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, which determined that she was qualified under the Committee's criteria, and joined the Board effective October 17 2024

We have no reason to believe that any of the nominees will be unable or unwilling to serve if elected. However, if any nominee should become unable for any reason or unwilling for good cause to serve, proxies may be voted for another person nominated as a substitute by the Board or the Board may reduce the number of Directors.

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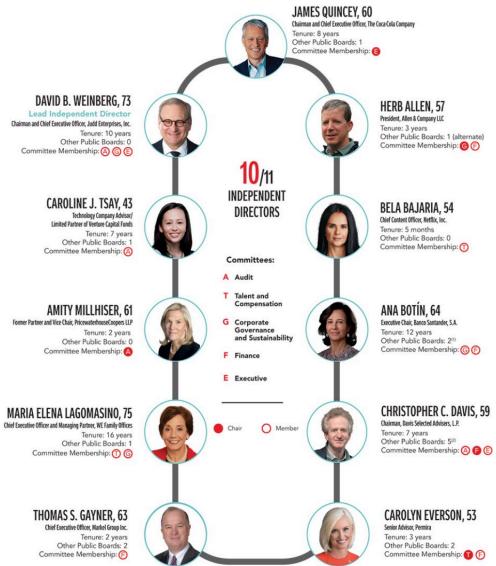
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OUR 2025 DIRECTOR NOMINEES



⁽¹⁾ Consists of Banco Santander, S.A. and its wholly owned subsidiary, Santander Holdings USA, Inc.

⁽²⁾ Includes investment company directorships in Selected Funds, Davis Funds and Clipper Funds Trust, three fund complexes which are advised by Davis Selected Advisers, L.P. and other entities controlled by Davis Selected Advisers, L.P.

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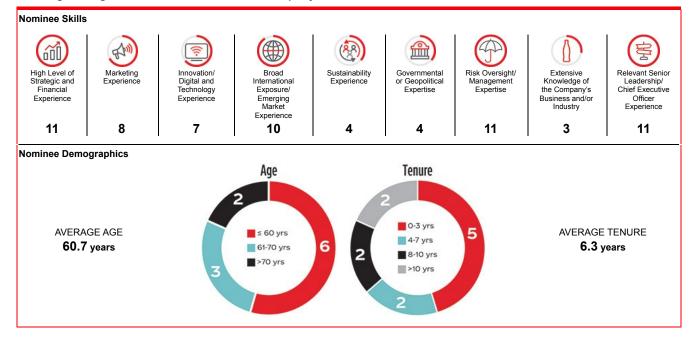
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SNAPSHOT OF 2025 DIRECTOR NOMINEES

Building the Right Board for The Coca-Cola Company



GOVERNANCE HIGHLIGHTS

We are committed to good corporate governance, which promotes the long-term interests of shareowners, strengthens Board and management accountability and helps build public trust in the Company. Our governance framework includes the following highlights:

BOARD PRACTICES

- 10 of 11 Director nominees independent
- Demonstrated commitment to Board refreshment (in past five years, five new Directors have joined and seven Directors have rotated off the Board)
- Demonstrated commitment to periodic committee refreshment and committee chair succession (in 204, the Board appointed four new Committee Chairs and a new Lead Independent Director)
- Robust Director nominee selection process
- Regular Board, committee and Director evaluations
- Market-standard Director "overboarding policy"
- Annual election of Directors, with majority voting standard in uncontested elections
- Lead Independent Director elected by the independent Directors, with robust duties and oversight responsibilities
- Independent Audit, Compensation, Governance and Finance Committees
- Regular executive sessions of non-employee Directors
- Strategy and risk oversight by full Board and committees
- Regular review and assessment of committee responsibilities

SHAREOWNER MATTERS

- Long-standing, year-long active shareowner engagement
- Annual "say-on-pay" advisory vote
- Majority voting with resignation policy for Directors in uncontested elections
- Shareowner proxy access right
- Shareowner right to call special meetings

OTHER BEST PRACTICES

- Long-standing commitment to, and Board oversight of, sustainability matters
- Board oversight of human capital management, including talent, leadership and culture
- Transparent public policy engagement
- Robust stock ownership guidelines for executive officers and stock holding requirements for Directors
- Clawback policy for incentive compensation
- Global insider trading compliance policy, which includes hedging, short sale and pledging policies

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BOARD MEMBERSHIP CRITERIA

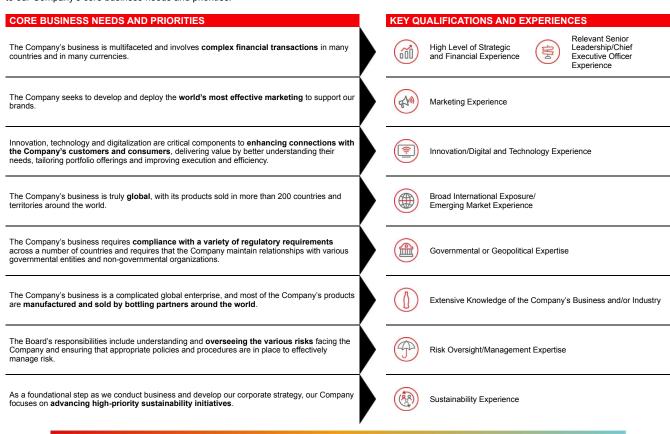
The Board and the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee believe that there are general qualifications that all Directors must exhibit and other key qualifications and experiences that should be represented on the Board as a whole but not necessarily by each individual Director.

Qualifications Required of All Directors

The Board and the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee require that each Director be a recognized person of high integrity, with a proven record of success in his or her field, and be able to devote the time and effort necessary to fulfill his or her responsibilities to the Company. Each Director must demonstrate innovative thinking, familiarity with and respect for corporate governance requirements and practices, an appreciation of multiple cultures, and a commitment to sustainability and to dealing responsibly with social issues. In addition, potential Director candidates are interviewed to assess intangible qualities, including the individual's ability to ask difficult questions and, simultaneously, work collegially.

Key Qualifications and Experiences to be Represented on the Board

The Board has identified key qualifications and experiences that are important to have represented on the Board as a whole in light of the Company's business strategy and expected future business needs. The below table summarizes the ways in which these key qualifications and experiences are linked to our Company's core business needs and priorities.



Experience of Director Candidates

The Board does not have a specific diversity policy but fully appreciates the value of having a range of backgrounds, experiences, skill sets and perspectives on the Board. The Board believes that having a variety of points of view improves the quality of dialogue, contributes to a more effective decision-making process and enhances overall culture in the boardroom.

In evaluating candidates for Board membership, the Board and the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee consider many factors based on the specific needs of the business and the best interests of the Company's shareowners. When seeking Director candidates for consideration, the Board and the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee strive to develop a pool of candidates that includes a wide spectrum of professional experience, skills, perspectives, characteristics and backgrounds. In addition, throughout the process, the Board and the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee focus on how the experiences and skill sets of each Director nominee complement those of fellow Director nominees to create a balanced Board with a breadth of viewpoints and deep expertise.

DIRECTOR NOMINATION PROCESS



The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee is responsible for recommending to the Board a slate of nominees for election at each Annual Meeting of Shareowners. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee considers a wide range of factors when assessing potential Director nominees. This assessment includes a review of each potential nominee's judgment, skills and experiences, independence, understanding of the Company's business or other related industries, and such other factors as the Committee concludes are pertinent in light of the current and future needs of the Board. Consideration of these qualifications helps the Committee determine whether potential nominees meet the qualifications required of all Directors and the key qualifications and experiences we aspire to have represented on the Board, as described above.

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Board Composition and Refreshment

When recommending to the Board the slate of Director nominees for election at the Annual Meeting of Shareowners, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee strives to maintain an appropriate balance of tenure, backgrounds, experiences, skill sets and perspectives on the Board.

The Board believes that refreshment, including periodic committee rotation, is important to help ensure that Board composition is aligned with the needs of the Company and of the Board as our business evolves over time and that fresh viewpoints and perspectives are regularly considered. The Board also believes that, because of the significant value of the Directors' ability to develop a deep understanding of the Company and ability to work effectively as a group over time, a degree of year-over-year continuity is beneficial to shareowners and should generally be expected.

Directors are elected at the Annual Meeting of Shareowners each year, to hold office until the next Annual Meeting of Shareowners and until their successors are elected and qualified. Because term limits could cause the Board to lose experience or expertise important to its optimal operation, there are no absolute limits on the length of time that a Director may serve, but the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee and the Board consider the tenure of Directors as one of several factors in nomination decisions. In addition, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee evaluates the qualifications and performance of each incumbent Director before recommending the nomination of that Director for an additional term. Furthermore, pursuant to our Corporate Governance Guidelines, any Director whose job responsibilities change or who reaches the age of 74 is asked to submit a letter of resignation to the Board. These letters are considered by the Board and, if applicable, annually thereafter. Any Director who has reached the age of 76 following the filing of the proxy statement for the applicable Annual Meeting of Shareowners shall not be nominated to stand for reelection at the following Annual Meeting of Shareowners, subject to any determination by the Board to waive this requirement. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee has reviewed the Director nominees who were 74 years of age or older and those whose job responsibilities changed in the prior year and determined to recommend them for reelection based on their skills, qualifications and experiences.

Shareowner-Recommended Director Candidates

Shareowners who would like the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee to consider their recommendations for nominees for the position of Director should submit their recommendations in writing by mail to the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee in care of the Office of the Secretary, The Coca-Cola Company, P.O. Box 1734, Atlanta, Georgia 30301 or by email to asktheboard@coca-cola.com. Shareowner recommendations submitted in accordance with these procedures will receive the same consideration by the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee as other recommended nominees.

Shareowner-Nominated Director Candidates

We have a "Proxy Access for Director Nominations" by-law, which permits a shareowner, or a group of up to 20 shareowners, owning 3% or more of the Company's outstanding Common Stock continuously for at least three years to nominate and include in the Company's proxy materials Director nominees constituting no more than two individuals or 20% of the Board (whichever is greater), provided that the shareowner(s) and the nominee(s) satisfy the requirements specified in Article I, Section 12 of our By-Laws. See question 30 on page 109 for more information. Shareowners complying with the advance notice procedure in our By-Laws may also nominate directors before an Annual Meeting of Shareowners without such nominee being included in our proxy materials. See question 29 on page 109 for more information.

Majority Voting Standard and Director Resignation Policy

Our By-Laws provide that, in an election of Directors where the number of nominees does not exceed the number of Directors to be elected, each Director must receive the majority of the votes cast with respect to that Director. If a Director does not receive a majority vote, he or she has agreed that he or she would submit a letter of resignation to the Board. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee would make a recommendation to the Board on whether to accept or reject the resignation or whether to take other action. The Board would act on the resignation, taking into account the recommendation of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, which would include consideration of the vote and any relevant input from shareowners. The Board would publicly disclose its decision and its rationale within 100 days of the certification of the election results. The Director who tenders his or her resignation would not participate in the decisions of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee or the Board that concern the resignation.

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Director Time Commitments and Overboarding

Our Board's Philosophy

The Board expects every Director to sufficiently prepare for, and actively and effectively participate in, the Company's Board and committee meetings. To help ensure this expectation is met, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee (referred to as the "Governance Committee" in this section) monitors the Board as a whole and the Directors individually through robust governance processes and direct observation and experience. The Governance Committee believes consideration of both these factors is essential to recruiting and fostering an effective Board.

Many investors, corporate governance professionals, public companies, including the Company, and other stakeholders have policies governing the number of publicly traded company boards on which a director should sit. While this approach informs the Governance Committee's perspective, the Governance Committee also believes that evaluating a Director's effectiveness should not be solely determined by the number of boards on which he or she serves, as doing so may fail to take into consideration other important factors, including the size and complexity of the other boards on which a Director may sit, specific expertise or experiences needed to help ensure Board continuity due to Board refreshment and/or Director transition, and the Governance Committee's observations of the Director's capacity to manage their commitments. The Governance Committee and the Board are committed to conducting a thoughtful governance process, as further described below, in which they perform proper due diligence and exercise appropriate discretion.

Our Process

Under the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines, Directors should not serve on more than a total of four publicly traded company boards (including the Company's Board). Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a Director actively serves as an executive officer (or similar position) of a publicly traded company, that Director should not serve on more than three publicly traded company boards (including the Company's Board). If a Director serves on the board of a public subsidiary or affiliate of the company where the Director serves as an executive, the Governance Committee will consider all such service as one board.

The Governance Committee has discretion to grant exceptions to this overboarding guideline if it determines that doing so would best serve the Company and the Board's current or future needs or if a Director's other commitments do not impair the Director's ability to sufficiently prepare for, and actively and effectively participate in, the Company's Board and committee meetings. The Governance Committee intends to grant these exceptions sparingly.

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BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION ABOUT OUR DIRECTOR NOMINEES

Included in each Director nominee's biography that follows is a description of five key qualifications and experiences of such nominee. Many of our Director nominees have more than five qualifications, and the aggregate number for all Director nominees is reflected on page 10. The Board and the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee believe that the combination of the various qualifications and experiences of the Director nominees would contribute to an effective and well-functioning Board and that, individually and as a whole, the Director nominees possess the necessary qualifications to provide effective oversight of the business and quality advice and counsel to the Company's management.



HERB ALLEN

DIRECTOR SINCE: 2021
COMMITTEES: Corporate Governance and Sustainability (Chair); Finance

CAREER HIGHLIGHTS

Allen & Company LLC, a private investment banking firm focused on media, entertainment, technology and other innovative industries

- President (since 2002)
- Executive Vice President and Managing Director of Allen & Company Incorporated, the predecessor to the investment banking business of Allen & Company LLC (1993 to 2002)

PUBLIC BOARD MEMBERSHIPS

Current Public Company Boards:

• Grupo Televisa, S.A.B. (Alternate) (since 2002)

Previous Public Company Boards (Past Five Years):

• Coca-Cola FEMSA, S.A.B. de C.V. (Alternate) (2000 to 2022)

KEY QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCES



High Level of Strategic and Financial Experience

Extensive experience supervising business operations, including providing strategic and financial advisory and investment banking services to public and private companies at Allen & Company LLC. Supervises Allen & Company LLC's principal financial and accounting officers on all matters related to the firm's financial position and results of operations as well as the presentation of its financial



Relevant Senior Leadership/Chief Executive Officer Experience

President of Allen & Company LLC, a privately held investment banking firm, and its affiliate, Allen Investment Management LLC, a privately held investment advisory firm, since 2002.



Innovation/Digital and Technology Experience

Extensive entrepreneurial experience overseeing investments by Allen & Company LLC into earlystage companies, focusing on technologies, including e-commerce, data analytics, cybersecurity, artificial intelligence, biotechnology and SaaS technologies.



Broad International Exposure/Emerging Market Experience

Considerable international experience as President of Allen & Company LLC, working with international clients on mergers and acquisitions, capital markets and other advisory assignments with a focus on European and Latin American clients.



Risk Oversight/Management Expertise

Extensive risk and management experience as President of Allen & Company LLC, including overseeing and assessing the performance of companies and public accountants with respect to matters related to the preparation, audit and evaluation of financial statements.

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BELA BAJARIA

AGE: 54 | INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR SINCE: 2024

COMMITTEES: Talent and Compensation

CAREER HIGHLIGHTS

Netflix, Inc. ("Netflix"), one of the world's leading entertainment services

- Chief Content Officer (since January 2023)
- Head of Global TV (October 2020 to January 2023)
- Vice President of Content (November 2016 to October 2020)

Universal Television LLC ("Universal Television"), a U.S. television production company

- President (June 2015 to May 2016)
- Executive Vice President (August 2011 to June 2015)

PUBLIC BOARD MEMBERSHIPS

Current Public Company Boards:

None

Previous Public Company Boards (Past Five Years):

None

KEY QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCES



High Level of Strategic and Financial Experience

As Chief Content Officer of Netflix, one of the world's leading entertainment services with approximately 302 million paid memberships in over 190 countries, oversees an annual content budget of \$17 billion and sits on Netflix's 11-person leadership team, which is responsible for strategy. Prior to joining Netflix in 2016, President of Universal Television, which she rebuilt into a major studio. Senior Vice President, Cable Programming for CBS TV Studios, and Senior Vice President of Movies and Miniseries for the CBS Network prior to Universal Television.



Broad International Exposure/Emerging Market Experience

Oversees the creation and production of Netflix's scripted and unscripted series around the world, including coverage of NFL, boxing matches and WWE, and opened 27 country offices to launch a new strategy for local language originals. Served as Head of Global TV at Netflix from October 2020 to January 2023.



Marketing Experience

Extensive experience storytelling – understanding audiences and connecting with them, understanding pop culture, and creating content that resonates with consumers. At Netflix, responsible for producing engaging content, including the series Stranger Things, Squid Game, Bridgerton and Heeramandi, liveaction anime, unscripted dating and reality TV shows, streaming live sports and events and films. At Universal Television, shepherded creative programming including Chicago Fire, The Mindy Project and Unbreakable Kimmy Schmidt. Named one of TIME's 100 Most Influential People in 2022.



Risk Oversight/Management Expertise

As Chief Content Officer of Netflix, responsible for the development and management of TV series and films across a wide variety of genres and languages in the 27 countries where Netflix operates. Extensive experience managing economic, reputational, regulatory, political and other risks arising from Netflix's productions both in the U.S. and around the world.



Innovation/Digital and Technology Experience

As Chief Content Officer of Netflix, responsible for the implementation and distribution of content on digital platforms and the creation of anime adaptations.

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ANA BOTÍN

AGE: 64 | INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR SINCE: 2013

COMMITTEES: Corporate Governance and Sustainability; Finance

CAREER HIGHLIGHTS

Banco Santander, S.A., a leading retail and commercial bank with a global presence based in Spain

- Executive Chair (since September 2014)
- Chief Executive Officer of subsidiary Santander UK plc, a large retail and commercial bank based in the U.K. (December 2010 to September 2014)
- Executive Chair of subsidiary Banco Español de Crédito, S.A. (2002 to 2010)
- Joined Banco Santander, S.A. in 1988
- **J.P. Morgan**, a financial services firm with operations worldwide
- Started her career in the banking industry at J.P. Morgan in New York (1981 to 1988)

PUBLIC BOARD MEMBERSHIPS

Current Public Company Boards:

- Banco Santander, S.A. (since 1989)
- Santander Holdings USA, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Banco Santander, S.A. (since 2019)

Previous Public Company Boards (Past Five Years):

- Santander UK plc (2010 to 2021)
- Santander UK Group Holdings plc (2014 to 2021)

KEY QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCES



High Level of Strategic and Financial Experience

Internationally recognized expert in the investment banking industry with knowledge of global macroeconomic issues. Over 40 years of experience in investment and commercial banking.



Relevant Senior Leadership/Chief Executive Officer Experience

Executive Chair of Banco Santander, S.A. since 2014 and Chief Executive Officer of Santander UK plc from 2010 to 2014.



Broad International Exposure/Emerging Market Experience

Executive Chair of Banco Santander, S.A., a global financial institution with operations in Europe, North America, Latin America and Asia. Board member of the Institute of International Finance, a global association of the financial industry, since 2015 and Chair since January 2023. Co-founder and Chair of Fundación Empresa y Crecimiento, which finances small and medium-sized companies in Latin America. Founder and President of Fundación Empieza Por Educar, the Spanish member of the global Teach for All network.



Governmental or Geopolitical Expertise

Extensive experience with the regulatory framework applicable to banking institutions throughout the globe. President of the European Banking Federation from 2021 to February 2023. From 2020 to 2022, Vice Chair of the Executive Committee of the World Business Council of Sustainable Development, a CEO-led community of over 200 of the world's leading sustainable businesses that works closely with a number of non-governmental organizations.



Risk Oversight/Management Expertise

Extensive experience from her work with Banco Santander, S.A., Santander UK plc and Banco Español de Crédito, S.A. in the oversight and management of risk associated with retail and commercial banking activities. Since May 2023, Chair of Open Bank, S.A., one of Europe's largest digital banks, and Open Digital Services, S.L., offering cloud-based software solutions for the financial industry. Since 2020, Chair of PagoNxt, S.L., a standalone subsidiary of Banco Santander, S.A. that manages its global payment businesses. Experience with the regulated insurance industry as director of Assicurazioni Generali S.p.A., a global insurance company based in Italy, from 2004 to 2011.

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CHRISTOPHER C. DAVIS

AGE: 59 | INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR SINCE: 2018

COMMITTEES: Audit; Finance (Chair); Executive

CAREER HIGHLIGHTS

Davis Selected Advisers, L.P. (referred to jointly with Davis Selected Advisers—NY, Inc., its registered investment advisory subsidiary, as "Davis Advisors"), an independent investment management firm that oversees approximately \$23 billion in assets, including exchange-traded funds (ETFs), mutual funds, variable annuities and separately managed accounts

- Chairman (since 1997)
- Portfolio manager of the firm's flagship funds, Davis New York Venture Fund and Selected American Shares (since 1995)

PUBLIC BOARD MEMBERSHIPS

Current Public Company Boards:

- · Berkshire Hathaway Inc. (since 2021)
- Graham Holdings Company (since 2006)

Current Boards for Registered Companies (Investment Company Act of 1940):

- Selected Funds (consisting of two portfolios) (since 1998)
- Davis Funds (consisting of 13 portfolios) (since 1997)
- Trustee of Clipper Funds Trust (consisting of one portfolio) (since 2014)

Previous Public Company Boards (Past Five Years):

None

KEY QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCES



High Level of Strategic and Financial Experience

More than 30 years of experience in investment management and securities research at Davis Advisors. Also serves as a portfolio manager for the Davis Large Cap Value Portfolios and a member of the research team for other portfolios.



Relevant Senior Leadership/Chief Executive Officer Experience

Serves as Chairman of Davis Advisors and as a director and officer of several mutual funds advised by Davis Advisors as well as other entities controlled by Davis Advisors.



Marketing Experience

Under the leadership of Mr. Davis, Davis Advisors is widely recognized as a premier investment manager serving individual investors worldwide, identifying investment opportunities both within and outside the United States in developed and developing markets and providing investors access to these investment opportunities.



Broad International Exposure/Emerging Market Experience

Under the leadership of Mr. Davis, Davis Advisors seeks investment growth opportunities and diversification potential that international companies in both developed and developing markets provide.



Risk Oversight/Management Expertise

Extensive experience evaluating strategic investments and transactions and managing risk against the volatility of equity markets during his more-than-30-year career at Davis Advisors. Serves on the Audit Committee and as lead independent director of Graham Holdings Company and serves on the Audit Committee of Berkshire Hathaway Inc.

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CAROLYN EVERSON

AGE: 53 | INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR SINCE: 2022

COMMITTEES: Talent and Compensation (Chair); Finance

CAREER HIGHLIGHTS

Permira, a global investment firm

Senior Advisor (since January 2023)

Boston Consulting Group ("BCG"), a global consulting firm

Senior Advisor (since September 2023)

Instacart, a leading grocery technology company in North America

• President (September 2021 to December 2021)

Facebook, Inc. (now Meta Platforms, Inc.) ("Facebook"), a social media and social networking service

Vice President, Global Business Solutions (2011 to 2021)

Microsoft Corporation ("Microsoft"), a multinational technology company

 Vice President, Global Advertising Sales, Strategy and Marketing (2010 to 2011)

MTV Networks Company ("MTV Networks"), a television programming services company

 Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer for U.S. Ad Sales (2004 to 2010)

Primedia Inc., a national TV media agency

 Vice President and General Manager of several digital businesses (2001 to 2003)

PUBLIC BOARD MEMBERSHIPS

Current Public Company Boards:

- Under Armour, Inc. (since 2023)
- The Walt Disney Company (since 2022)

Previous Public Company Boards (Past Five Years):

None

KEY QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCES



Marketing Experience

Extensive experience and understanding of marketing and innovation strategies, including with consumer packaged goods companies. At Instacart, oversaw its Retail, Business Development and Advertising businesses. At Facebook, led the global marketing solutions team focused on top strategic accounts and global agencies and oversaw media strategy, advertising sales and account management. At Microsoft, led the advertising business across Bing, MSN, Windows Live, Mobile, Gaming Atlas and the Microsoft Media Network. At MTV Networks, oversaw strategic planning, operations and finance for its U.S. Ad Sales. Serves as a Board member of The Walt Disney Company and Under Armour, Inc. Former director of Creative Artists Agency.



Innovation/Digital and Technology Experience

Extensive experience in senior operating roles in consumer-facing technology and media companies. At Facebook, led the company's relationships with top marketers and agencies for its family of apps and oversaw the Creative Shop, offering creative guidance on mobile marketing. At MTV Networks, oversaw strategic planning and was responsible for its Direct Response businesses and for Generator, a cross-platform, cross-brand strategic sales and marketing group. Senior Advisor in the technology, media and telecom practice areas at BCG. Serves as a director of Unitary Ltd., a U.K.-based company building multimodal artificial intelligence to understand content in context, accurately and at scale, and as a director at Viam, Inc., a company that uses an engineering platform to leverage data, the cloud and artificial intelligence to help companies build solutions across all industries. Also serves as a director of Squarespace, Inc., a website building and hosting company.



Broad International Exposure/Emerging Market Experience

Extensive experience leading at-scale, global consumer technology teams with a focus on growing global partnerships, global agencies and industry-leading business development. Member of the Council on Foreign Relations and member of the 2017 Class of Henry Crown Fellows within the Aspen Global Leadership Network at the Aspen Institute.



Risk Oversight/Management Expertise

Senior Advisor at Permira, a global investment firm focused on the technology, consumer, healthcare and services sectors. Extensive experience overseeing risk associated with leading the development of business, marketing and innovation strategies at Facebook, Microsoft and MTV Networks. Serves on the Audit Committee of Under Armour, Inc.



Sustainability Experience

Served as Chair of We Day, New York, which encourages and supports young people who are creating transformational social change. At Facebook, oversaw the development of an employee program that prioritized overall well-being to improve employee engagement and performance.

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THOMAS S. GAYNER

AGE: 63 | INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR SINCE: 2023 COMMITTEES: Finance

CAREER HIGHLIGHTS

Markel Group Inc. ("Markel"), a holding company comprised of diverse businesses, including specialty insurance, and investments

- Chief Executive Officer (since January 2023)
- Co-Chief Executive Officer (January 2016 to December 2022)
- President and Chief Investment Officer (May 2010 to December 2015)
- Chief Investment Officer (January 2001 to May 2010)

PUBLIC BOARD MEMBERSHIPS

Current Public Company Boards:

- Markel Group Inc. (since 2016)
- Graham Holdings Company (since 2007)

Previous Public Company Boards (Past Five Years):

- Cable One, Inc. (2015 to 2023)
- Colfax Corporation (2008 to 2022)

Previous Boards for Registered Companies (Investment Company Act of 1940):

• Davis Funds (consisting of 13 portfolios) (2004 to 2025)

KEY QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCES



High Level of Strategic and Financial Experience

Extensive experience in public company financial reporting, accounting and financial control matters and analysis and implementation of strategic investment initiatives, including allocation of capital, acquired in his various roles with Markel since 1990. Prior to joining Markel, served as a certified public accountant at PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP and as Vice President of Davenport & Company LLC of Virginia, a wealth management and financial advisory services firm. Serves as Chairman of the Audit Committee and is on the Finance Committee of Graham Holdings Company.



Relevant Senior Leadership/Chief Executive Officer Experience

Significant senior leadership experience at Markel, including as Chief Executive Officer and previously as Co-Chief Executive Officer, President and Chief Investment Officer.



Marketing Experience

Oversaw the evolution of Markel to a global Fortune 500 family of companies and investments that provide diverse income streams and access to a wide range of investment opportunities.



Broad International Exposure/Emerging Market Experience

Under the leadership of Mr. Gayner, Markel markets and underwrites specialty insurance products on a global basis.



Risk Oversight/Management Expertise

Over 30 years of risk oversight and management experience at Markel, which markets and underwrites specialty insurance products on a risk-bearing basis. Director of Markel from 1998 to 2004, and since August 2016. Member of the Investment Advisory Committee of the Virginia Retirement System, an independent state agency, which is responsible for monitoring investments and investment opportunities and making asset allocation recommendations. Additional risk oversight experience as Chairman of the Audit Committee and member of the Finance Committee of Graham Holdings Company, and through former service on the Audit Committee of Colfax Corporation.

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MARIA ELENA LAGOMASINO

AGE: 75 | INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR SINCE: 2008

COMMITTEES: Talent and Compensation; Corporate Governance and Sustainability

CAREER HIGHLIGHTS

WE Family Offices, a global family office serving high-net-

worth families

 Chief Executive Officer and Managing Partner (since March 2013)

GenSpring Family Offices, LLC, a wealth management firm and an affiliate of SunTrust Banks, Inc.

• Chief Executive Officer (2005 to 2012)

J.P. Morgan Private Bank, a division of JPMorgan Chase & Co., a global financial services firm

- Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (2001 to 2005)
- Various positions in private banking with The Chase Manhattan Bank, including as Managing Director in charge of its Global Private Banking Group (1983 to 2001)

The Coca-Cola Company

• Prior service as Director (2003 to 2006)

PUBLIC BOARD MEMBERSHIPS

Current Public Company Boards:

• The Walt Disney Company (since 2015)

Previous Public Company Boards (Past Five Years):

None

KEY QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCES



High Level of Strategic and Financial Experience

Over 40 years of experience in the financial industry and a recognized leader in the wealth management industry. Chief Executive Officer and Managing Partner of WE Family Offices. Former Chief Executive Officer of GenSpring Family Offices, LLC. Founding member of the Institute for the Fiduciary Standard, a nonprofit formed in 2011 to provide research, education and advocacy regarding the fiduciary standard's importance to investors receiving investment and financial advice.



Relevant Senior Leadership/Chief Executive Officer Experience

Serves as Chief Executive Officer of WE Family Offices and served as Chief Executive Officer of GenSpring Family Offices, LLC and J.P. Morgan Private Bank.



Broad International Exposure/Emerging Market Experience

Significant international experience in GenSpring Family Offices, LLC and J.P. Morgan Private Bank. During her tenure with The Chase Manhattan Bank, served as Managing Director of the Global Private Banking Group, Vice President of private banking in the Latin America region and head of private banking for the western hemisphere. Over 40 years of experience working with Latin America.



Governmental or Geopolitical Expertise

Experience with the regulatory framework applicable to banking institutions in Latin America during her tenure with The Chase Manhattan Bank and as Chief Executive Officer of J.P. Morgan Private Bank. Exposure to international geopolitical issues as a former board member of the Americas Society and the Cuba Study Group, as a former trustee of the National Geographic Society, and as a member of the Council on Foreign Relations.



Risk Oversight/Management Expertise

Extensive oversight of risk associated with wealth management and investment strategies in WE Family Offices, GenSpring Family Offices, LLC and J.P. Morgan Private Bank.

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AMITY MILLHISER

AGE: 61 | INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR SINCE: 2023 COMMITTEES: Audit (Chair)

CAREER HIGHLIGHTS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP ("PwC"), an international professional services firm operating under the PwC brand

- Vice Chair (2015 to June 2023)
- Chief Clients Officer and Member of U.S. Leadership Team (2015 to 2020)
- Market Managing Partner of Silicon Valley Practice (2011 to 2015)
- Partner (1995 to June 2023)

PUBLIC BOARD MEMBERSHIPS

Current Public Company Boards:

None

Previous Public Company Boards (Past Five Years):

None

KEY QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCES



High Level of Strategic and Financial Experience

Extensive experience as a certified public accountant. Joined PwC in 1985 in Assurance and was a partner from 1995 to June 2023. As a senior leader for over 15 years on many of PwC's most significant clients across diverse industries, regularly engaged with members of company management, boards and audit committees on strategic, financial reporting, auditing, and regulatory and governance matters.



Relevant Senior Leadership/Chief Executive Officer Experience

As Vice Chair at PwC from 2015 to June 2023, led Trust and Consulting practice development and service delivery for clients ranging from high-growth startups to market-leading multinationals. As Chief Clients Officer and member of PwC's U.S. Leadership Team from 2015 to 2020, was responsible for markets, sectors and key clients across the U.S. firm. Market Managing Partner of PwC's Silicon Valley practice from 2011 to 2015.



Innovation/Digital and Technology Experience

As Chief Clients Officer at PwC, launched cross-functional services including cloud and digital, transformation and cybersecurity risk. While leading PwC's Silicon Valley practice, worked with leading technology companies as they innovated, scaled and raised capital.



Broad International Exposure/Emerging Market Experience

Served on PwC's Global Network Strategy Group, which defined PwC's global strategy for 2020. While based in Switzerland for 17 years, founded PwC's Switzerland-based Transaction Services Practice, a Center of Excellence for U.S./European cross-border deals, and worked with companies and their advisors on acquisition support, deal structuring, diligence execution, integration, complex carve-outs, divestitures, spin-offs, capital markets transactions and initial public offerings in the technology, pharmaceuticals, consumer and industrial products industries.



Risk Oversight/Management Expertise

Extensive risk oversight and management experience associated with various leadership roles during more than 35 years of experience at PwC, including client risk management; risk/crisis management across U.S. geographies; and reputational, financial and regulatory risk management.

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JAMES QUINCEY

DIRECTOR SINCE: 2017 **CHAIRMAN SINCE: 2019** COMMITTEES: Executive (Chair)

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- Chief Executive Officer (since May 2017)
- President (August 2015 to December 2018)
- Chief Operating Officer (August 2015 to April 2017)
- President of the Europe Group (January 2013 to August
- · President of the Northwest Europe and Nordics business unit (October 2008 to January 2013)
- President of the Mexico Division (December 2005 to October 2008)
- President of the South Latin Division (December 2003 to December 2005)
- Joined the Company as Director, Learning Strategy for the Latin America Group, and went on to serve in a series of operational roles of increasing responsibility in Latin America (1996)

PUBLIC BOARD MEMBERSHIPS

Current Public Company Boards:

• Pfizer Inc. (since 2020)

Previous Public Company Boards (Past Five Years):

None



High Level of Strategic and Financial Experience

Extensive strategic and financial experience acquired through various leadership positions in the Company, managing complex financial transactions, mergers and acquisitions, business strategy and international operations.



Relevant Senior Leadership/Chief Executive Officer Experience

Chief Executive Officer of the Company since May 2017 and Chairman of the Board since April 2019. Previously served as President and Chief Operating Officer of the Company and as President of the Company's Europe Group.



Innovation/Digital and Technology Experience

As CEO, has overseen the deployment of generative artificial intelligence technologies to supplement how the Company's products are developed and brought to market and to help drive the Company's marketing and digital transformation. As President of the Europe Group, implemented innovative strategies to improve the Company's execution and brand portfolio. During his tenure in Latin America, was instrumental in developing and executing a successful brand, pack, price and channel strategy, which has now been replicated in various forms throughout the Company's global system.



Broad International Exposure/Emerging Market Experience

Over 25 years of Coca-Cola system experience, including extensive experience in international markets, such as Latin America and Europe. Member of the Board of Directors of the Special Olympics, the US-China Business Council, the Consumer Goods Forum and Pfizer Inc.



Extensive Knowledge of the Company's Business and/or Industry

Since joining the Company in 1996, has held a multitude of operational roles within the Coca-Cola system, including as Chairman of the Board, Chief Executive Officer, President, and Chief Operating

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CAROLINE J. TSAY

AGE: 43 | INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR SINCE: 2018 COMMITTEES: Audit

CAREER HIGHLIGHTS

Technology Company Advisor/Limited Partner of Venture Capital Funds (since December 2022)

Compute Software, Inc., an enterprise cloud optimization software company

• Chief Executive Officer and Director (2017 to 2022)

Hewlett Packard Enterprise Company ("HPE"), an information technology company

Vice President and General Manager of Software (2013 to 2016)

Yahoo! Inc., a digital media company

 Held several product leadership positions across the consumer search, e-commerce and advertising businesses (2007 to 2013)

PUBLIC BOARD MEMBERSHIPS

Current Public Company Boards:

• Morningstar, Inc. (since 2017)

Previous Public Company Boards (Past Five Years):

None

KEY QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCES



High Level of Strategic and Financial Experience

Provided strategic direction and managed profit and loss as Chief Executive Officer of Compute Software, Inc. and, in her position at HPE, was responsible for growing enterprise software sales.



Relevant Senior Leadership/Chief Executive Officer Experience

Served as Chief Executive Officer of Compute Software, Inc. and served as Vice President and General Manager of Software at HPE.



Marketing Experience

At Compute Software, Inc., was responsible for developing an enterprise software platform for customers running on the cloud. At HPE, was responsible for engaging customers and partners through several new digital experiences, digital marketing and specialized sales models to drive growth in new customers and revenue. At Yahoo! Inc., held leadership positions across the consumer search, e-commerce and advertising businesses.



Innovation/Digital and Technology Experience

Advises technology companies. At Compute Software, Inc., was responsible for developing the artificial intelligence and decision-sciences-based software platform that dynamically optimizes cloud resource decisions and maximizes business value for companies running on the cloud. At HPE, created a new business and platform for offering customers enterprise software, including DevOps, Cybersecurity, Big Data and Application Development software. At Yahoo! Inc., was Senior Director of Product Management for Yahoo! Search and E-Commerce. Prior to Yahoo! Inc., spent three years at International Business Machines Corporation as a senior consultant focused on providing supply chain solutions to clients in the retail, high tech, and travel industries.



Risk Oversight/Management Expertise

Extensive experience overseeing risk associated with the development and growth of enterprise software and consumer Internet businesses at Compute Software, Inc., and in her product leadership roles with HPE and Yahoo! Inc. Risk oversight experience through service on the Audit Committee of Morningstar, Inc. and as Chair of the Business Advisory Committee at Rosetta Stone Inc. Assesses risk as a limited partner of venture capital funds.

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DAVID B. WEINBERG

DIRECTOR SINCE: 2015

COMMITTEES: Audit; Corporate Governance and Sustainability; Executive

LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR SINCE: 2024

CAREER HIGHLIGHTS

Judd Enterprises, Inc., a private, investment management office with diverse interests in a variety of asset classes

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer (since 1996)

Digital Bandwidth LLC, a private, early-stage technology investing affiliate of Judd Enterprises, Inc.

• President (since 1996)

Mayer, Brown & Platt (now Mayer Brown), a leading international law firm

 Partner in the corporate, securities and investment management practice (1989 to 1996)

PUBLIC BOARD MEMBERSHIPS

Current Public Company Boards:

None

Previous Public Company Boards (Past Five Years):

None

KEY QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCES



High Level of Strategic and Financial Experience

In his position at Judd Enterprises, Inc., oversees substantial assets in a wide variety of asset classes. Significant experience in reviewing financial statements as an investor and as a securities lawyer when structuring transactions. Serves on the Investment Committee of the Board of Trustees of Northwestern University.



Relevant Senior Leadership/Chief Executive Officer Experience

Since 1996, has served as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Judd Enterprises, Inc. and President of Digital Bandwidth LLC.



Innovation/Digital and Technology Experience

Extensive entrepreneurial experience at Digital Bandwidth LLC, overseeing investments in early-stage companies focusing on technologies, including wireless networks, speech recognition, cybersecurity and radio frequency identification tags.



Broad International Exposure/Emerging Market Experience

At Judd Enterprises, Inc., oversees international investments. As a partner of the Mayer, Brown & Platt law firm, structured cross-border investment management transactions. Serves on the Investment Committee of the Board of Trustees of Northwestern University, overseeing substantial exposure to emerging markets. Exposure to international issues as a member of the Council on Foreign Relations and the International Council of the Belfer Center for Science and International Affairs of the Kennedy School of Government at Harvard University. Served for eight years on the Board of Trustees of the Brookings Institution, a think tank whose mission includes improving governance at the global level.



Risk Oversight/Management Expertise

Extensive risk oversight and management experience overseeing a private investment management office at Judd Enterprises, Inc. As a partner of the Mayer, Brown & Platt law firm, advised clients on a broad range of regulatory and transactional matters. Additional risk oversight experience through former service on the Executive, Audit and Finance Committees and current service on the Investment Committee of the Board of Trustees of Northwestern University.

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BOARD AND COMMITTEE GOVERNANCE

Role of the Board

The Board is elected by the shareowners to oversee the shareowners' interests in the long-term health, financial strength, and overall success of the Company's business. The Board serves as the ultimate decision-making body of the Company, except for those matters reserved for or shared with the shareowners. The Board oversees the Company's governance practices, the proper safeguarding of the assets of the Company, the maintenance of appropriate financial and other internal controls, and the Company's compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The Board selects the CEO and oversees the members of senior management, who are charged by the Board with conducting the business of the Company.

Key Responsibilities of the Board

OVERSIGHT OF BUSINESS STRATEGY

- The Board oversees and monitors strategic planning.
- Business strategy is a key focus at the Board level and embedded in the work of Board committees.
- Company management is charged with executing business strategy and provides regular performance updates to the Board.

OVERSIGHT OF RISK

- The Board oversees risk management.
- Board committees, which meet regularly and report back to the full Board, play a significant role in carrying out the risk oversight function.
- Company management is charged with managing risk through robust internal processes and effective internal controls.

SUCCESSION PLANNING

- The Board oversees succession planning and talent development for senior executive positions.
- The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, which meets regularly and reports back to the full Board, has primary responsibility for developing succession plans for the CEO position
- The CEO is responsible for preparing, and reviewing with the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, talent development plans for senior executives and their potential successors.

Oversight of Business Strategy

Oversight of the Company's business strategy and strategic planning is a key responsibility of the Board. The Board's oversight role involves assessing the opportunities and risks associated with the Company's current strategy as well as evaluating any proposed changes or new strategies. The Board believes that overseeing and monitoring strategy is a continuous process, and it takes a multilayered approach in exercising its duties, including by delegating certain subject matter areas to relevant committees while also discussing committee reports and significant Company-wide initiatives as a full Board.

While the Board and its committees oversee strategic planning, Company management is charged with executing business strategy. To monitor performance against the Company's strategic goals, the Board receives regular updates and actively engages in dialogue with the Company's senior leaders. Company leaders from around the world are also regularly invited to present strategic updates and initiatives to the Board, giving Directors insight into local execution.

To build industry knowledge and help ensure a holistic business perspective, boardroom discussions of strategy and results are enhanced with first-hand experiences, such as key geographic market and plant visits, which provide Directors an opportunity to directly observe execution of the business strategy. For example, in 2024, the Board attended one of the Company's key international sponsorship events to observe the Company's marketing execution. Additionally, several Directors conducted market visits with management to learn about regional market trends, system execution and our operations around the globe.

While the Board's oversight and management's execution of business strategy are viewed with a long-term mindset, the Board and management promote agility by regularly monitoring progress and results against the Company's business strategy.

The Board is committed to oversight of the Company's business strategy and strategic planning, including work embedded in regular Board and committee meetings—for instance, a dedicated strategy-focused Board meeting each year.



This ongoing effort enables the Board to focus on Company performance over the short, intermediate and long term. In addition to financial and operational performance, non-financial measures, including sustainability goals, are discussed regularly by the Board and Board committees.

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Oversight of Risk

The Board has designed a risk governance framework to:

- understand critical risks in the Company's business and strategy;
- allocate responsibilities for risk oversight among the full Board and its
- evaluate the Company's risk management processes and whether they are functioning adequately;
- facilitate open communication between management and Directors;
- leverage the expertise of internal subject matter experts and external advisors, as needed; and
- · foster an effective culture of integrity and risk awareness.

One of the Board's key responsibilities is understanding the various risks facing the Company over the short, intermediate and long term and overseeing management of those risks. The Board draws on the experience and judgment of all Directors in connection with this process. However, the Board recognizes that it is neither possible nor prudent to eliminate all risk; rather, the Board believes that purposeful and appropriate risk-taking is essential for the Company to compete successfully around the world and to achieve the Company's strategic objectives

The Board recognizes that the risks facing the Company vary in likelihood, magnitude and time horizon. At the same time, the Board also recognizes that many risks are related to opportunities or strategic initiatives designed to grow the Company's business. In administering its risk oversight function, the Board considers the potential positive and negative impacts of risks over various time horizons, informed by the Company's enterprise risk management ("ERM") program.

The Company believes that its Board leadership structure supports the Board's oversight function. The Board implements its risk oversight function both as a whole and through delegation of certain responsibilities to Board committees, which meet regularly and report back to the Board.

Oversees the Company's financial statements and the financial Oversees the company's limitidal statements and the mandate reporting process. Oversees accounting and legal matters; the internal audit function; ethical compliance programs (including the Codes of Business Conduct); quality and food safety programs; workplace and distribution safety programs; significant external sustainability disclosures; and cybersecurity.

FINANCE

Oversees the Company's capital structure, pension plan investments, currency risk and hedging programs, taxes, mergers and acquisitions and capital projects.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND SUSTAINABILITY

Oversees the Company's governance practices, Board composition and refreshment, Board committee leadership, the Board's performance review and succession planning across the most senior positions. Administers the Company's related person transaction policy. Oversees the Company's risks, policies, programs and goals with respect to sustainability, legislative, regulatory and public policy matters.

TALENT AND COMPENSATION

Oversees the Company's policies and strategies relating to talent, leadership and culture, as well as the Company's compensation philosophy and programs, including the incorporation of features that mitigate risk without diminishing the incentive nature of compensation.

OUTSIDE ADVISORS

Management and our Board and its committees also engage outside advisors where appropriate to assist in the identification, oversight, evaluation and management of the risks facing our business. Advisors may be engaged either on a regular basis to inform the Board or management of ongoing risks or occasionally to advise on specific topics. Such advisors include auditors, law firms, financial firms, compensation consultants and other consultants. For example, the Audit Committee has for many years retained independent counsel, who attends and participates in all meetings of the Audit Committee and regularly consults with the Chair of the Audit Committee.







MANAGEMENT

While the Board and its committees oversee risk management, Company management is charged with managing risk. The Company has robust internal processes and an effective internal control environment that facilitate the identification and management of risks and regular communication with the Board. Management communicates routinely with the Board, Board committees and individual Directors regarding the significant risks identified and how they are being managed. Directors are free to, and indeed often do, communicate directly with senior management.

ERM PROGRAM AND RISK STEERING COMMITTEE

The ERM program is designed to identify, assess, prioritize and mitigate risks across the organization to enhance the Company's resilience and support the achievement of its strategic objectives. Responsibilities include identification and prioritization of the top risks through a comprehensive risk assessment process; designation of clear risk ownership; and facilitation of a forward-looking, collaborative environment that promotes risk dialogue internally and with various bottling partners. The Risk Steering Committee is a crossfunctional management committee that meets regularly to provide strategic direction and oversight over the Company's ERM program by assessing mitigation plans of top risks and effectively embedding the plans across the Company

ENTERPRISE-WIDE TEAMS AND RISK MITIGATION EFFORTS

In addition to the Risk Steering Committee, cross-functional committees and councils, including, for example, the Disclosure Committee, Sustainability Steering Committee. Data Trust Executive Advisory Council, Digital Council, Cybersecurity Oversight Council and Al Risk Governance Council, meet regularly to promote strategic leadership, provide management with important perspectives, and advise Company leadership on risk mitigation strategies from their respective areas of specialization. Management also administers other risk mitigation programs, such as administration of the Codes of Business Conduct, robust product quality standards and processes, a strong Legal Department and Ethics and Compliance Office, and a comprehensive internal and external audit process.

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Selected Areas of Oversight



SPOTLIGHT: INTERNAL CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

The Board's risk governance framework supports the Audit Committee's oversight of the Company's internal controls and procedures. Our internal control system is supported by a program of internal audits and reviews by the Company's Disclosure Committee and management, written policies and guidelines, careful selection and training of qualified employees, and a written Code of Business Conduct applicable to all officers and employees of our Company and subsidiaries. See page-32 for more information on the Audit Committee.



SPOTLIGHT: CYBERSECURITY

The Board recognizes the importance of maintaining the trust and confidence of our consumers, customers and employees, and the Audit Committee is charged with oversight of cybersecurity matters. The Company employs a multilayered, proactive approach to identify, evaluate, mitigate and prevent potential cybersecurity and information security threats through its cybersecurity risk management program, which is integrated into the Company's broader ERM program. The Company's cybersecurity risk management program is supervised by its Global Chief Information Security Officer, who reports directly to the Chief Information Officer. The Audit Committee receives regular reports from the Global Chief Information Security Officer and the Chief Information Officer on, among other things, the Company's cybersecurity risks and threats, the status of projects to strengthen the Company's information security systems, assessments of the Company's security program and the emerging threat landscape. In accordance with the Company's cybersecurity incident response plan, the Audit Committee is promptly informed by management of cybersecurity incidents with the potential to materially adversely affect the Company or its information systems and is regularly updated about incidents with lesser impact potential. The Chair of the Audit Committee regularly briefs the full Board on these matters. In addition, the Board also periodically receives cybersecurity updates directly from management. See page 32 for more information on the Audit Committee.



SPOTLIGHT: SUSTAINABILITY

The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee has primary responsibility for overseeing the Company's sustainability strategies and initiatives, including the Company's short-, intermediate, and long-term goals, and receives regular updates from management on priority sustainability topics, including information on actions and progress toward goals. In addition, while the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee has primary responsibility for overseeing most aspects of the Company's sustainability programs, the Board works closely with the Audit Committee and the Talent and Compensation Committee on certain related matters that befit the role of those committees. For example, the Audit Committee oversees certain processes related to significant external sustainability disclosures, while the Talent and Compensation Committee has purview over the Company's people and culture strategy.

The Board and its committees also receive regular reports from the Chief Sustainability Officer, and others as required, related to progress toward achieving the Company's sustainability goals. See page-33 for more information on the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee.



SPOTLIGHT: HUMAN CAPITAL AND CULTURE

The Board is actively engaged in overseeing the Company's people and culture strategy. The Talent and Compensation Committee reviews and reports back to the Board on a broad range of human capital management topics, including talent management; leadership development; retention; culture; employee engagement; and employee education and training. See page-33 for more information on the Talent and Compensation Committee.

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Management Development and Succession Planning

The Board believes that one of its primary responsibilities is to oversee the development and retention of senior talent and to ensure that appropriate succession plans are in place for our CEO and other members of senior management.

The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, together with the CEO, regularly reviews senior management talent, including readiness to take on additional leadership roles and developmental opportunities needed to prepare senior leaders for greater responsibilities. In addition, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee routinely discusses recommendations and evaluations from the CEO as to potential successors to fill senior positions, including potential successors to the CEO role. These discussions include development plans for senior leaders, to help prepare them for future succession, and contingency plans in the event the CEO is unable to serve for any reason (including death or disability). To reinforce its succession planning responsibilities, the Board also provides senior leaders the opportunity to present at Board and committee meetings on their respective areas of expertise. This not only allows the Board to assess the leaders' abilities and potential for advancement but also provides a platform for senior talent to showcase their knowledge and contribute to the organization's strategic discussions. While the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee has the primary responsibility to develop succession plans for the CEO position, it regularly reports back to the full Board, with decisions made at the Board level.

Board Leadership Structure



The Company's governance framework provides the Board with the flexibility to select the appropriate leadership structure for the Company. In making determinations about the leadership structure, the Board considers many factors, including the specific needs of the business, the best interests of the Company's shareowners and feedback from our shareowner engagement efforts.

The current leadership structure is comprised of a combined Chairman of the Board and CEO, a Lead Independent Director, Board committees led primarily by independent Directors and active engagement by all Directors. The Board believes that this structure provides an effective balance between strong Company leadership and appropriate safeguards and oversight by independent Directors.

The Board believes that having one person serve as Chairman and CEO can provide certain synergies and efficiencies that enhance the operations of the Board and, importantly, allow it to most effectively execute its role in overseeing business strategy. The Company's business is complex, and its products are sold in more than 200 countries and territories around the world. Most of the Company's products are manufactured and sold by independent bottling partners throughout the world. The CEO maintains strong, hands-on relationships with the leaders of bottlers and remains close to the many facets of the Company's global business. Because the CEO is the Board member closest to this vast and complex business, he or she is best able to identify many of the business that require Board attention and, as Chairman, can best focus Directors' attention on the most critical business matters. Further, in the Board's experience, the combined role of Chairman and CEO allows for timely and unfiltered communication with the Board on these critical business issues. The Board also believes that there are benefits when the same person represents both the Company and the Board with bottlers, customers, consumers and other stakeholders throughout the world.

To balance the authority and influence inherent in the combined role of Chairman and CEO, the Board has been thoughtful in structuring the Lead Independent Director's role with robust and clearly defined responsibilities. Importantly, the Board has considered best practices in corporate governance and feedback from shareowner engagement efforts.

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As an indicator of the Lead Independent Director's authority, the Board has designated the role as a Board-level key point of contact for shareowner and other stakeholder communications. Other duties of the Lead Independent Director include leading the performance evaluation of the Chairman and CEO; leading the annual Board evaluation process; collaborating on the structure and responsibilities of Board committees; presiding at executive sessions and at each meeting where the Chairman and CEO is not present; approving all Board agendas and information sent to the Board; and playing a key role in Board and management succession. David B. Weinberg, our current Lead Independent Director, brings strong strategic and financial expertise, extensive experience in international and cross-border investments, and a robust background in risk oversight and management. His unique qualifications not only enrich his effectiveness in his role but also enhance the Board's overall governance and oversight capabilities. The Board believes that his distinct skillset greatly strengthens his contribution as the Lead Independent Director.

Having the flexibility to select the appropriate structure based on the specific needs of the business is critical. Consistent with the Board's commitment to good corporate governance practices, at least one executive session of the non-employee Directors each year includes a review of the Board's leadership structure and consideration of whether the position of Chairman of the Board should be held by the CEO.

All Directors play an active role in overseeing the Company's business both at the Board and committee levels. As part of each regularly scheduled Board meeting, the non-employee Directors meet in executive sessions, without the CEO present, which are chaired by the Lead Independent Director. These meetings allow non-employee Directors to discuss issues that are important to the Company, including the business and affairs of the Company, as well as matters concerning management, without any members of management present.

Duties and Responsibilities

The duties and responsibilities of the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer and the Lead Independent Director are described below and are set forth in the Company's By-Laws and Corporate Governance Guidelines.



CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

- · Presides over meetings of the Board.
- · Presides over meetings of shareowners.
- Consults and advises the Board and its committees on the business and affairs of the Company.
- Performs such other duties as may be assigned by the Board.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

 Oversees the affairs of the Company, subject to the overall direction and supervision of the Board and its committees and subject to such powers as reserved by the Board.



LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

- Presides at all meetings of the Board at which the Chairman of the Board is not present, including all meetings of independent Directors and non-employee Directors.
- Encourages and facilitates the active participation of all Directors.
- When appropriate, serves as a liaison between the independent Directors and the Chairman of the Board on sensitive issues and other matters.
- Regularly meets with the Chairman of the Board to discuss items of importance, including with respect to strategic and risk oversight matters.
- Approves Board meeting materials for distribution to and consideration by the Board, including providing feedback or advising as to the scope, quality and timeliness of the flow of information provided to the Board.
- Approves Board meeting agendas after conferring with the Chairman of the Board and other members of the Board, as appropriate, and may add agenda items at his or her discretion

- Approves Board meeting schedules to assure that there is sufficient time for discussion of all agenda items.
- Has the authority to call meetings of the independent Directors.
- Leads the Board's annual evaluation of the Chairman of the Board and CEO.
- Monitors and coordinates with management on corporate governance issues and developments and assists the Board and management in promoting strong corporate governance best practices.
- Available to advise the committee chairs in fulfilling their designated roles and responsibilities to the Board.
- Available for consultation and communication with shareowners when appropriate, upon reasonable request.
- Discusses with the Chairman of the Board relevant follow-up and feedback from executive sessions of the non-employee Directors.
- Performs such other functions as the Board or other Directors may request.

Board and Committee Evaluation Process

The Board recognizes that a robust and constructive evaluation process is an essential component of good corporate governance. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee regularly discusses Board composition and effectiveness during its committee meetings. In addition, under the leadership of the Lead Independent Director, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee oversees the Board's annual evaluation process. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee periodically reviews the format of the evaluation process, including whether to utilize a third-party facilitator, to ensure that actionable feedback is solicited on the operation and effectiveness of the Board, Board committees and Director performance.

COMMITTEE SELF-

Each committee conducted a separate, closed self-evaluation session.

EVALUATION

2024 MULTI-STEP EVALUATION PROCESS

2 ONE-ON-ONE DISCUSSIONS WITH LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

The Lead Independent Director conducted separate, oneon-one sessions with each Director nominee to discuss feedback regarding the following:

- Board composition and structure
- · Strategic and performance abilities
- · Governance and organizational assessment
- · Board interaction with management
- · Meetings and materials
- Overall committee and Board functioning and effectiveness

3

BOARD CLOSED SESSION

The results of each committee's selfevaluation, the Lead Independent Director sessions and other feedback were discussed by the Board in a closed Board self-evaluation session.

INCORPORATION OF FEEDBACK

Our multi-step evaluation process generates robust comments and discussion at all levels of the Board, including with respect to Board composition and processes. These results have led to changes designed to increase Board effectiveness and efficiency. For example, over the past few years, enhancements have been made regarding meeting materials and discussion topics; the structure of the Board; responsibilities of committees; committee and executive session discussions; committee reports to the Board; the Board evaluation process; the Director onboarding process; ongoing opportunities for continuing education for Directors; and hands-on experiences for Directors with our business, bottlers, senior leaders and emerging talent around the

Board Committees

Our Board conducts a portion of its work through the committee structure, which helps ensure a deeper review and understanding of specific areas or issues and takes advantage of the various skills and expertise of our Directors. Throughout 2024, the Board operated with five standing committees: the Audit Committee, the Talent and Compensation Committee, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, the Finance Committee and the Executive Committee

Information about each committee, including membership information, as of December 31, 2024, is provided below.

The Board has adopted a written charter for each of these committees, each of which is available on the Company's website, **www.coca-colacompany.com**, by clicking on "Investors," then "Corporate Governance" and then "Documents."

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Audit Committee



AMITY **MILLHISER** Chair⁽¹⁾



CHRISTOPHER C. **DAVIS**



CAROLINE J. **TSAY**



Meetings held in 2024⁽²⁾: 10 Independence(3): 4 out of 4

Primary Responsibilities:

- Represents and assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibility relating to the integrity of the Company's financial statements and the financial reporting process, the systems of internal accounting and financial controls, the internal audit function and the annual independent audit of the Company's financial statements.
- Oversees the Company's compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; the Independent Auditors' qualifications and independence; the performance of the Independent Auditors and the Company's internal audit function; the Company's ethical compliance programs, including the Company's Codes of Business Conduct; the Company's quality and food safety programs, workplace and distribution safety programs; and cybersecurity.
- In coordination and consultation with the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, oversees certain processes related to the Company's significant external sustainability disclosures, including the type and presentation of key sustainability disclosures, the use and selection of reporting frameworks and internal controls and procedures supporting such disclosures.
- Oversees the Company's ERM program and has direct oversight over certain risks within the ERM framework. Periodically receives reports on and discusses governance of the Company's risk assessment and risk management processes and reviews significant risks and exposures identified to the Committee (whether financial, operating or otherwise) and management's steps to address them.

Additional information regarding the Audit Committee can be found beginning on page 83.

- (1) Ms. Millhiser was appointed Chair of the Committee effective August 1, 2024.
- (2) Includes one joint meeting of the Committee with the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee.
- (3) Each member who served on the Committee during 2024 is financially literate and met the independence requirements of the NYSE, the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "1934 Act"), and the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines. The Board designated each of Ms. Millhiser and Messrs. Weinberg and Davis as an "Audit Committee financial expert" during 2024.

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Talent and Compensation Committee



CAROLYN **EVERSON** Chair⁽¹⁾





Meetings held in 2024: 5 Independence(2): 3 out of 3

Primary Responsibilities:

- Oversees policies and strategies relating to talent, leadership and culture.
- Evaluates and approves compensation plans, policies and programs applicable primarily to the Company's senior executive group, which includes all individuals subject to Section 16 of the 1934 Act. The Talent and Compensation Committee does not delegate any of its responsibilities regarding the consideration and determination of the senior executive group's compensation.
- Approves all equity awards to employees, including stock options, performance share units ("PSUs"), restricted stock and restricted stock units ("RSUs").
- Maintains sole authority to retain, terminate and approve fees and other terms of engagement of its compensation consultant and to obtain advice and assistance from internal or external legal, accounting or other advisors.
- Considers shareowner viewpoints on compensation.
- (1) Ms. Everson was appointed Chair of the Committee effective August 1, 2024, and Ms. Bajaria was appointed to the Committee effective October 17, 2024.
- (2) Each member of the Committee meets the independence requirements of the NYSE, the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Tax Code"), and the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines. In addition, each member is a "non-employee director" as defined by Rule 16b-3 under the 1934 Act.

Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee



HERB ALLEN Chair(1)



ΔΝΔ BOTÍN





MARIA ELENA **LAGOMASINO**







Meetings held in 2024(2): 6 Independence(3): 4 out of 4

Primary Responsibilities:

- Considers and makes recommendations concerning Director nominees and the function and needs of the Board and its committees.
- Regularly reviews the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines and provides oversight of the corporate governance affairs of the Board and the Company consistent with the long-term best interests of the Company and its shareowners.
- Coordinates the annual Board, committee and Director evaluation processes.
- Considers shareowner viewpoints on corporate governance matters.
- Oversees the development and implementation of succession plans for the CEO and the most senior positions at the Company.
- Oversees the Company's policies and programs and related risks concerning environmental, social, legislative, regulatory and public policy matters.
- Oversees the Company's sustainability programs and goals and the Company's progress toward achieving such goals, as well as monitors risks related to sustainability matters.



(2) Includes one joint meeting of the Committee with the Audit Committee.

(3) Each member of the Committee meets the independence requirements of the NYSE and the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines.

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Finance Committee



CHRISTOPHER C.

DAVIS

Chair⁽¹⁾



HERB



CAROLYN EVERSON⁽¹⁾



ANA BOTÍN



THOMAS S. GAYNER

Meetings held in 2024: 5 Independence: 5 out of 5 Primary Responsibilities:

- Helps the Board fulfill its responsibilities relating to oversight of the Company's financial
 affairs, including reviewing and recommending to the Board the Company's dividend
 policy, capital expenditures, debt and other financings, major strategic investments and
 other transactions.
- Oversees the Company's policies and procedures on risk management, hedging, swaps and other derivative transactions.

(1) Mr. Davis was appointed Chair of the Committee, and Ms. Everson was appointed to the Committee, effective August 1, 2024.

Executive Committee



QUINCEY Chair



CHRISTOPHER C. DAVIS(1)



DAVID B. WEINBERG⁽¹⁾

Meetings held in 2024: 0 Independence: 2 out of 3 Primary Responsibilities:

Authorized to exercise the power and authority of the Board between meetings, except the
powers reserved for the Board or the shareowners under the Delaware General
Corporation Law. If matters are delegated to the Executive Committee by the Board, the
Committee may act at a meeting or by written consent in lieu of a meeting.

(1) Messrs. Davis and Weinberg were appointed to the Committee effective August 1, 2024.

Meetings and Attendance

Regular meetings of the Board are held at such times as the Board may determine. Special meetings of the Board may be called by the Chairman, the Company's Secretary or a majority of the Directors by written request to the Secretary. Committee meetings can be called by the committee's chair or a majority of the committee meetings can be called by the committee's chair or a majority of the committee meetings.

In 2024, the Board held five meetings, and committees of the Board held a total of 25 meetings, which included one joint meeting of the Audit Committee and the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee. Overall attendance at such meetings was approximately 98%. During 2024, each Director attended 75% or more of the aggregate of all meetings of the Board and the committees during the period in which he or she served.

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SHAREOWNER ENGAGEMENT

Our relationship with shareowners is an important part of our Company's success. The Board and management believe they best execute their duties when they proactively listen to, seek to understand, and consider the opinions of our shareowners. We engage with our shareowners and the broader corporate governance community through a year-round engagement program, which is management-led and overseen by the Board. Our engagement program is designed to address questions and concerns, provide perspective on Company policies and practices, seek shareowner input and incorporate feedback, as appropriate.

WHO WE ENGAGE

We engage with a wide range of constituents, including the following:

- Institutional shareowners
- Retail shareowners
- · Proxy advisory firms
- Sustainability rating firms
- Regulators
- Sustainability and governance thought leaders

WHO IS INVOLVED

- Independent Directors
- · Executive leadership team
- · Senior management
- Subject matter experts

HOW WE ENGAGE

We utilize multiple channels for engagement, including the following:

- · Quarterly investor calls and other investor-led conferences and presentations
- · Company-hosted investor meetings, both in-person and virtual
- Annual Meeting of Shareowners
- · Various quarterly and annual reporting and disclosures
- Participation in corporate governance events and with governance-focused organizations, providing
 valuable opportunities to engage with investors, peer companies, policy-makers and others, to
 promote knowledge and constructive dialogue (including the Council of Institutional Investors, Harvard
 Law School Corporate Governance Roundtable, and Millstein Center for Global Markets and
 Corporate Ownership, among others)

TOPICS OF ENGAGEMENT

We cover a broad range of business topics in these interactions, including Board composition and structure; executive compensation; business strategy; business performance and execution; sustainability; human capital management; and Company culture.

In 2024, we engaged with shareowners collectively representing a majority of our Common Stock. Below is a selected sample of our engagements with shareowners and the broader corporate governance community.

2024 COMMUNICATION AND ENGAGEMENT HIGHLIGHTS

February

- · 4th Quarter and Full Year 2023 Earnings
- Publication of 2023 Form 10-K
- Consumer Analyst Group of New York (CAGNY) Investor Conference

March

- Publication of 2024 Proxy Statement
- · Council of Institutional Investors Conference
- Harvard Law School Corporate Governance Roundtable
- UBS Global Consumer and Retail Conference

April

- 1st Quarter Earnings
- Shareowner outreach regarding voting matters in the 2024 Proxy Statement

May

2024 Annual Meeting of Shareowners

June

- Deutsche Bank dbAccess Global Consumer Conference
- Harvard Law School Corporate Governance Roundtable
- Redburn Atlantic and Rothschild & Co. Consumer Conference

July

2nd Quarter Earnings

September

- Barclays Global Consumer Staples Conference
- Council of Institutional Investors Conference
- Interfaith Center on Corporate Responsibility Annual Event

October

- 3rd Quarter Earnings
- Wachtell Lipton / PJT Camberview Fall Engagement Summit

December

Morgan Stanley Global Consumer & Retail Conference

ADDITIONAL GOVERNANCE MATTERS

Public Policy Engagement

We consider it our responsibility to engage government officials and stakeholders on legislative, regulatory, and public policy issues that impact our industry and business. The Company's participation in the public policy and political process is conducted in accordance with the principles of the Company's Code of Business Conduct and in strict compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Consistent with our commitment to transparency, the Company discloses on our Company website, **www.coca-colacompany.com**, our lobbying activities, political contributions and memberships in organizations that promote policy. We believe that voluntarily sharing this information helps inform how the Company leverages its resources and uses its voice in support of our business.

The Company was again recognized as a Trendsetter, with a score of 95.7%, in the 2024 CPA-Zicklin Index of Corporate Political Disclosure and Accountability, an index issued annually and produced by the Center for Political Accountability in conjunction with the Zicklin Center for Governance and Business Ethics at The Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania. Companies that receive a score of 90% or above, indicating robust disclosure and oversight, are identified as "Trendsetters."

Additional information about our public policy engagement is available on the Company's website, **www.coca-colacompany.com**, by clicking on "Investors," then "Corporate Governance" and then "Political Engagement Policy."

Special Meeting of Shareowners

Our By-Laws provide that a special meeting of shareowners may be called by the Board, the Chairman of the Board, the CEO, or the Secretary, if appropriately requested by a person (or group of persons) beneficially owning at least a 25% "net long position" of the Company's Common Stock. A shareowner's "net long position" is generally defined as the amount of Common Stock in which the shareowner holds a positive (also known as "long") economic interest, reduced by the amount of Common Stock in which the shareowner holds a negative (also known as "short") economic interest.

Global Insider Trading Compliance Policy and Procedures

The Company's Global Insider Trading Compliance Policy (the "Insider Trading Policy") governs the purchase, sale and other disposition of Company securities by our Directors, officers, employees, independent contractors, consultants and other covered persons. The Company also follows procedures for the repurchase of its securities. We believe our Insider Trading Policy and repurchase procedures are reasonably designed to promote compliance with insider trading laws, rules and regulations, and NYSE listing standards. A copy of our Insider Trading Policy is included as Exhibit 19 to the Form 10-K filed on February 20, 2025.

Hedging, Short Sale and Pledging Policies

The Insider Trading Policy prohibits our Directors, employees who are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 16(a) of the 1934 Act ("Section 16 Officers"), and those employees, independent contractors and consultants who are from time to time designated as "Restricted Persons," from (i) purchasing any financial instruments that are designed to hedge or offset any decrease in the market value of Company securities that were either granted as part of the individual's compensation or that the individual holds directly or indirectly, (ii) engaging in any short sales of Company securities, or (iii) pledging Company securities as collateral for a loan, purchasing Company securities on margin or borrowing against Company securities held in a margin account. These prohibitions also extend to certain family members of such persons and any other individual or entity whose securities trading decisions are influenced or controlled by such persons. All other employees of the Company are discouraged from entering into hedging transactions or engaging in short sales involving Company securities or pledging Company securities.

Codes of Business Conduct

The Company maintains a Code of Business Conduct for non-employee Directors and a Code of Business Conduct that is applicable to the Company's employees, including the Named Executive Officers. Our associates, bottling partners, suppliers, customers and consumers can confidentially and anonymously ask questions about our Codes of Business Conduct and other ethics and compliance issues, or report potential violations, through EthicsLine, a global internet and telephone hotline. The Codes of Business Conduct and information about EthicsLine are available on the Company's website, www.coca-colacompany.com, by clicking on "Investors," then "Corporate Governance" and then "Code of Conduct." In the event the Company amends or waives any of the provisions of the Code of Business Conduct applicable to our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller, or persons performing similar functions, that relate to any element of the definition of "code of ethics" enumerated in Item 406(b) of Regulation S-K under the 1934 Act, the Company intends to disclose these actions on the Company's website.

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With the support of a team of global compliance professionals, our Chief Ethics and Compliance Officer is principally responsible for administering compliance with our Codes of Business Conduct. The Chief Ethics and Compliance Officer reports directly to the Company's Global General Counsel. In addition, the Audit Committee meets with the Chief Ethics and Compliance Officer at least annually to discuss the effectiveness of the Company's compliance programs and receives status updates of compliance issues at each committee meeting.

View the Company's Governance Materials

You can view the Company's governance materials, including the Certificate of Incorporation, By-Laws, Corporate Governance Guidelines and Board committee charters, on the Company's website, **www.coca-colacompany.com**, by clicking on "Investors," then "Corporate Governance" and then "Documents." Instructions on how to obtain copies of these materials are included in the response to question 26 on **page 108**.



Communicate with the Board

The Board has established a process to facilitate communication by shareowners and other interested parties with Directors.

Communications can be addressed to Directors in care of the Office of the Secretary, The Coca-Cola Company, P.O. Box 1734, Atlanta, Georgia 30301 or by email to asktheboard@coca-cola.com.

Communications may be distributed to all Directors, or to any individual Director, as appropriate. At the direction of the Board, all mail received may be opened and screened for security purposes. In addition, items that are unrelated to the duties and responsibilities of the Board will not be distributed. Such items include, but are not limited to, the following:

spam new product suggestions surveys

junk mail and mass mailings résumés and other forms of job inquiries business solicitations or advertisements

product complaints or inquiries

Material that is trivial, obscene, unduly hostile, threatening or illegal, or similarly unsuitable items, will be excluded from distribution; however, any communication that is excluded will be made available to any independent, non-employee Director upon any such Director's request.

To help answer many of the questions we receive about our Company and our products, we offer detailed information about common areas of interest on the "FAQs" page of our website, available at www.coca-colacompany.com/faqs.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee is responsible for reviewing and making recommendations to the Board regarding all matters pertaining to compensation paid to Directors for Board, Lead Independent Director, committee and committee chair service. Director compensation is provided under The Coca-Cola Company Directors' Plan (the "Directors' Plan"). Directors who also serve as employees of the Company do not receive payment for service as Directors.

In making non-employee Director compensation recommendations, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee takes various factors into consideration, including, but not limited to, the responsibilities of Directors generally and committee chairs specifically and the form and amount of compensation paid by comparable companies to their directors. The Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee's charter also authorizes the Committee to engage consultants or advisors, if and when it deems appropriate, in connection with its review and analysis of Director compensation. The Board reviews the recommendations of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee and determines the form and amount of Director compensation.

In 2024, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee reviewed the Director compensation program but did not recommend any adjustments to the Board. No changes have been made to Director compensation since 2020.

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Company Voting Roadmap

Governance

Share Ownership

Compensation

Audit Matters

Shareowne

Annexes

2024 Annual Director Compensation

Annual Retainers



Additional Compensation

\$30,000

Lead Independent Director

\$30,000

Chair of Audit Committee

\$25,000

Chair of Talent and Compensation Committee

\$20,000

Chairs of all other Committees

Cash retainers are paid on a quarterly basis. Under the Directors' Plan, non-employee Directors have the option of deferring all or a portion of their cash compensation into share units that are paid out in cash after leaving the Board.

The \$200,000 annual equity retainer is credited in deferred share units. The number of share units awarded is equal to the number of shares of Common Stock that could be purchased on the open market for \$200,000, or a prorated portion thereof, on April 1 (or the immediately preceding business day if April 1 is not a business day). Share units do not have voting rights but are credited with hypothetical dividends that are reinvested in additional units to the extent dividends on Common Stock are received by shareowners. Share units are paid out in cash on the later of (i) January 15 of the year following the year in which the Director leaves the Board or (ii) six months after the Director leaves the Board. Directors may elect to take their payout in a lump sum or in up to five annual installments.

Directors do not receive fees for attending Board or committee meetings. Directors who serve on committees (other than as chair) do not receive additional compensation for committee service. Non-employee Directors are reimbursed for reasonable expenses incurred in connection with Board-related activities.

Highlights of Director Compensation Program

- Emphasis on Equity: Aligns the majority of Directors' compensation with shareowner interests because the value of share units fluctuates up or down depending on the price of our Common Stock.
- Long-Term Focus: Focuses on the long term because share units are not paid until after the Director leaves the Board.
- Market Competitive: In line with peers and equitable based on the work required of directors serving at an entity of the Company's size and scope.
- No Fees: No fees are paid for Board or committee meeting attendance.
- Stock Ownership Requirements: Since share units are not paid out until after the Director leaves the Board, all Directors hold their annual equity retainers until after retirement from Board service. As a result, after only three years of service, all Directors maintain an equity ownership level of at least five times the annual cash retainer.

The following table details the total compensation of the Company's non-employee Directors for the year ended December 31, 2024.

2024 Director Compensation Table

Name ⁽¹⁾ (a)	Fees Earned or id in Cash (\$) (b)	Stock Awards (\$) (c)	Option Awards (\$) (d)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$) (e)	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$) (g)	Total (\$) (h)
Herb Allen	\$ 98,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,054	\$ 299,054
Bela Bajaria ⁽²⁾	36,000	80,000	0	0	0	613	116,613
Marc Bolland ⁽³⁾	54,000	120,000	0	0	0	10,600	184,600
Ana Botín	90,000	200,000	0	0	0	1,054	291,054
Christopher C. Davis	98,000	200,000	0	0	0	11,118	309,118
Barry Diller ⁽³⁾	66,000	120,000	0	0	0	3,682	189,682
Carolyn Everson	100,000	200,000	0	0	0	21,719	321,719
Helene D. Gayle ⁽³⁾	105,000	200,000	0	0	0	17,949	322,949
Thomas S. Gayner	90,000	200,000	0	0	0	4,279	294,279
Alexis M. Herman ⁽³⁾	54,000	120,000	0	0	0	29,197	203,197
Maria Elena Lagomasino	120,000	200,000	0	0	0	14,256	334,256
Amity Millhiser	102,000	200,000	0	0	0	3,679	305,679
Caroline J. Tsay	90,000	200,000	0	0	0	6,312	296,312
David B. Weinberg	120,000	200,000	0	0	0	1,994	321,994

⁽¹⁾ Mr. Quincey is a Company employee and therefore receives no compensation under the Directors' Plan.

Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (Column (b))

The amounts reported in the Fees Earned or Paid in Cash column reflect the cash fees earned by each non-employee Director in 2024, whether or not such fees were deferred. In addition to the \$90,000 annual cash fees (or a prorated portion thereof): (i) Mr. Weinberg received an additional \$18,000, representing a prorated fee for a partial year's service as Audit Committee Chair, and an additional \$12,000, representing a prorated fee for a partial year's service as Lead Independent Director; (ii) Ms. Lagomasino received an additional \$18,000, representing a prorated fee for a partial year's service as Lead Independent Director; (iii) Ms. Gayle received an additional \$15,000, representing a prorated fee for a partial year's service as Talent and Compensation Committee Chair; (iv) each of Mses. Lagomasino and Millhiser and Mr. Diller received an additional \$12,000, representing prorated fees for a partial year's service as Chair of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability, Audit and Finance Committees, respectively; (v) Ms. Everson received an additional \$10,000, representing a prorated fee for a partial year's service as Talent and Compensation Committee Chair; and (vi) each of Messrs. Allen and Davis received an additional \$8,000, representing a prorated fee for a partial year's service as Chair of the Corporate Governance and Sustainability and Finance Committees, respectively.

The table below shows the non-employee Directors who deferred any portion of their 2024 cash compensation into share units. The number of share units is equal to the number of shares of Common Stock that could be purchased for the deferred amount based on the average of the high and low prices of a share of Common Stock on April 1, 2024.

Director	Elective Deferral in Share Units
Mr. Allen	1,607
Ms. Botín	1,107
Mr. Davis	1,607
Mr. Diller	1,082
Mr. Gayner	1,476
Ms. Lagomasino	1,968
Ms. Millhiser	1,672
Mr. Weinberg	1,968

Stock Awards (Column (c))

The amounts reported in the Stock Awards column reflect the grant date fair value associated with each non-employee Director's share units that are required to be deferred under the Directors' Plan, calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification 718, Compensation—Stock Compensation ("ASC Topic 718").

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⁽²⁾ Ms. Bajaria joined the Board on October 17, 2024. Therefore, the information reflects her service on the Board following such appointment.

⁽³⁾ Ms. Herman and Messrs. Bolland and Diller retired from the Board effective August 1, 2024. Ms. Gayle retired from the Board effective December 13, 2024. Therefore, the information reflects their service on the Board through their retirement date.

The table below shows the number of outstanding share units held by each non-employee Director who served during 2024.

Director	Outstanding Share Units as of 12/31/2024
Mr. Allen	13,498
Ms. Bajaria	1,322
Mr. Bolland	48,087
Ms. Botín	74,472
Mr. Davis	40,139
Mr. Diller	198,100
Ms. Everson	8,874
Ms. Gayle	62,499
Mr. Gayner	6,925
Ms. Herman	89,843
Ms. Lagomasino	115,775
Ms. Millhiser	7,140
Ms. Tsay	30,271
Mr. Weinberg	66,904

All Other Compensation (Column (g))

The amounts reported in the All Other Compensation column reflect, where applicable, Company matching gifts to nonprofit organizations and other charitable contributions; premiums for life insurance (including accidental death and dismemberment and business travel accident coverage); and perquisites and other personal benefits, including the costs of Company products provided to Directors without charge, gifts provided to Directors by the Company, and personal use of the Company aircraft.

Further described below are the amounts reflected in the All Other Compensation column that are required by SEC rules to be separately identified for 2024.

Charitable Contributions

The Directors are eligible to participate in the Company's matching gifts program, which is the same program available to all U.S.-based employees and retirees. In 2024, this program matched up to \$10,000 of charitable contributions on a two-for-one basis (for a total match of \$20,000) to most tax-exempt public charities, including most colleges and universities; private and public schools; youth development; civic organizations; arts and culture organizations; health and human service agencies; and environmental organizations. The total cost of matching contributions on behalf of the non-employee Directors for 2024 under the Company's matching gifts program was \$44,130.

Director	Matching Gifts
Ms. Everson	\$ 15,000
Mr. Gayner	2,500
Ms. Herman	20,000
Ms. Millhiser	2,500
Ms. Tsay	4,130

Insurance Premiums

For Mr. Diller, who elected coverage prior to 2006, the Company provides life insurance coverage, which includes \$30,000 term life insurance and \$100,000 group accidental death and dismemberment insurance. This coverage was discontinued in 2006 for all other Directors. The Company cost for this insurance in 2024 was \$429

Business travel accident insurance coverage of \$200,000 is provided to all non-employee Directors while traveling on Company business, at a Company cost of \$1.21 per Director per year.

Perquisites and Other Personal Benefits

To help expand the Directors' knowledge of the Company's products, the Company provides certain products to Directors' offices without charge. In 2024, Mses. Herman, Lagomasino and Tsay and Messrs. Davis and Weinberg participated in the program. The total cost incurred by the Company in 2024 for products provided to non-employee Directors was \$30,069.

All non-employee Directors received gifts during certain Board meetings. Upon their retirement from the Board in 2024, Ms. Herman and Messrs. Bolland and Diller received retirement gifts. Additionally, Ms. Bajaria received a welcome gift when she joined the Board in 2024. The total cost incurred by the Company for the gifts provided to non-employee Directors in 2024 was \$34,571.

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In 2024, Ms. Gayle took one trip on the Company aircraft for personal reasons. In addition, infrequently, spouses and guests of Directors may travel on Company aircraft for personal reasons when the aircraft is already going to a specific destination for a business reason, which has minimal incremental cost to the Company. When this spouse or guest travel occurs, a nominal amount is included in the All Other Compensation column. In addition, income is imputed to the Director for income tax purposes, and the Director is not provided a tax reimbursement. In 2024, the spouses of Mses. Everson and Gayle and Messrs. Gayner and Weinberg traveled on the Company aircraft. The total amount for personal and spousal use of the Company aircraft by Directors in 2024 was \$18,295

DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE AND RELATED PERSON TRANSACTIONS

Independence Standards

Under the NYSE listing standards and the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines, the Board must consist of a majority of independent Directors. In making independence determinations, the Board observes NYSE and SEC criteria and considers all relevant facts and circumstances. To be considered independent for these purposes, (i) the Director must meet the bright-line independence standards under the NYSE listing standards, and (ii) the Board must affirmatively determine that the Director otherwise has no material relationship with the Company directly, or as an officer, shareowner or partner of an organization that has a relationship with the Company.

To aid in the Director independence assessment process, the Board has adopted categorical standards that identify categories of relationships that the Board has determined would not affect a Director's independence. These categorical standards, which are part of the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines, specify that the following will not be considered material relationships that would impair a Director's independence:

The Director is an executive officer or employee, or any member of his or her immediate family is an executive officer, of any other organization that does business with the Company and the annual sales to, or purchases from, the Company are less than \$1 million or 1% of the consolidated gross revenues of such organization, whichever is more.
The Director or any member of his or her immediate family is an executive officer of any other organization which is indebted to the Company, or to which the Company is indebted, and the total amount of either company's indebtedness to the other is less than \$1 million or 1% of the total consolidated assets of the organization on which the Director or any member of his or her immediate family serves as an executive officer, whichever is more.
The Director is a director or trustee, but not an executive officer, or any member of his or her immediate family is a director, trustee or employee, but not an executive officer, of any other organization (other than the Company's outside auditing firm) that does business with, or receives donations from, the Company.
The Director or any member of his or her immediate family holds less than a 10% interest in any organization that has a relationship with the Company.
The Director or any member of his or her immediate family serves as an executive officer of a charitable or educational organization which receives contributions from the Company in a single fiscal year of less than \$1 million or 2% of that organization's consolidated gross revenues, whichever is more.

Independence Assessment

The Board, through its Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, annually reviews all relevant relationships any Director nominee and any person who served as a Director during the prior year may have with the Company. As a result of its annual review, the Board has determined that none of the following Director nominees has a material relationship with the Company and, as a result, such Director nominees are independent: Herb Allen, Bela Bajaria, Ana Botín, Christopher C. Davis, Carolyn Everson, Thomas S. Gayner, Maria Elena Lagomasino, Amity Millhiser, Caroline J. Tsay and David B. Weinberg. None of the Directors who were determined to be independent had any relationships that were outside the categorical standards identified above. In addition, the Board determined that Marc Bolland, Barry Diller, Helene D. Gayle and Alexis M. Herman, who served as Directors for a portion of 2024, were independent.

James Quincey has served as the Company's CEO since May 1, 2017, and therefore is not an independent Director.

All of the Directors who serve as members of the Audit Committee, Talent and Compensation Committee and Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee are independent under our independence standards, the applicable rules of the SEC and the NYSE listing standards. All members of the Audit Committee and the Talent and Compensation Committee are also compliant with the enhanced independence requirements for audit committee members and compensation committee members, respectively.

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The table below summarizes the relationships that were considered in connection with the independence determinations. None of the transactions described below were considered material relationships that impacted the applicable Director's independence.

Director	Categorical Standard	Description of Relationship
Ana Botín	Immaterial Sales/Purchases	• The Board examined the Company's relationship with Banco Santander, S.A. ("Banco Santander"), where Ana Botin, one of our Directors, is Executive Chair. The Board determined that the relationship was not material because (i) the amounts involved were less than 1% of the consolidated gross revenues of Banco Santander; (ii) the Company's investment of excess cash with Banco Santander, primarily in time deposits which provided market rate returns, is part of the Company's overall cash management and investment strategy, which includes banks other than Banco Santander; (iii) the Company's payments to Banco Santander relate to banking fees and/or underwriting services, all in the ordinary course of business; and (iv) the Company has had a relationship with Banco Santander and its banking subsidiaries for many years prior to Ms. Botín's service as a Director of the Company.
Thomas S. Gayner	Immaterial Sales/Purchases	 The Board examined the Company's relationship with Markel, where Thomas S. Gayner, one of our Directors, is Chief Executive Officer and a Director. The Board determined that the relationship was not material because (i) the amount paid by the Company for insurance coverage, provided in the ordinary course of business, was less than \$1 million; and (ii) the Company has had a relationship with Markel since prior to Mr. Gayner's service as a Director of the Company.

Related Person Transactions

The Board has adopted a written policy for the review of certain related person transactions between any Director, Director nominee, executive officer, any beneficial owner of more than 5% of the Company's Common Stock and any immediate family member of any of the foregoing (collectively, the "Related Persons") and the Company. For purposes of this policy, a "related person transaction" includes, subject to certain exceptions, any transaction, arrangement or relationship (or any series of similar transactions, arrangements or relationships) in which (i) the Company or any subsidiary is a participant; (ii) the amount involved exceeds \$120,000 in any fiscal year; and (iii) any Related Person has or will have a direct or indirect material interest.

The policy is administered by the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee, which will approve only those transactions that are, in its judgment, appropriate or desirable under the circumstances. In approving a transaction, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee may impose conditions it deems appropriate in its discretion. In determining whether or not to approve a related person transaction, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee considers, among other factors it deems appropriate:

- The business purpose of and the benefits to the Company of the transaction;
- The nature and extent of the Related Person's interest in the transaction;
- The approximate dollar value of the amount involved in the transaction;
- · Whether the transaction was undertaken in the ordinary course of the Company's business;
- Whether the terms of the transaction are fair to the Company and on terms no less favorable to the Company than terms that could have been reached
 with an unrelated third party;
- The availability of other sources for comparable products or services;
- Whether the transaction would impair the independence of the non-employee Director; and
- Whether the transaction would present an improper conflict of interest for any Director, Director nominee or executive officer, taking into account the size
 of the transaction, the overall financial position of the applicable Related Person, the direct or indirect nature and extent of the interest in the transaction of
 the applicable Related Person, the ongoing nature of any proposed relationship and any other relevant factors.

No Director may participate in the discussion or approval of a transaction in which that Director, or an immediate family member, has a direct or indirect interest.

In the event there are related person transactions that are ongoing, the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee will annually review the transactions and determine if it is in the best interests of the Company and its shareowners to continue, modify or terminate any related person transaction.

Since January 1, 2024, there has not been, nor is there currently proposed, any transaction in which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was or is a participant, in which the amount involved exceeded or will exceed \$120,000 and in which any Related Person had or will have a direct or indirect material interest.

Share Ownership

DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

The following table sets forth information regarding beneficial ownership of Common Stock by each Director, each individual named in the 2024 Summary Compensation Table on page-64, and our Directors and executive officers as a group, all as of March 3, 2025. Unless otherwise noted, voting power and investment power in Common Stock are exercisable solely by the named person.

Name	Aggregate Number of Shares Beneficially Owned	Percent of Outstanding Shares ⁽¹⁾	Additional information
Herb Allen	19,282,444	*	Includes 99,054 shares held by Allen & Company LLC, 6,000,000 shares held by Allen & Company Incorporated over which Mr. Allen has sole voting power, 13,000,000 shares held by two family members over which Mr. Allen has sole voting power, 780 shares held by a family trust of which Mr. Allen is one of two trustees and 20,000 shares held by a foundation of which Mr. Allen is one of two directors. Does not include 13,498 share units deferred under the Directors' Plan, which are settled in cash.
Bela Bajaria	2,100	*	Shares held by family trust of which Ms. Bajaria is one of two trustees. Does not include 1,322 share units deferred under the Directors' Plan, which are settled in cash.
Ana Botín	2,500	*	Shares held by a Spanish limited company of which Ms. Botln and her husband are the indirect beneficial owners. Does not include 74,472 share units deferred under the Directors' Plan, which are settled in cash.
Christopher C. Davis	20,000	*	Does not include 40,139 share units deferred under the Directors' Plan, which are settled in cash.
Carolyn Everson	1,582	*	Does not include 8,874 share units deferred under the Directors' Plan, which are settled in cash.
Thomas S. Gayner	5,200	*	Does not include 6,925 share units deferred under the Directors' Plan, which are settled in cash.
Maria Elena Lagomasino	23,631	*	Does not include 115,775 share units deferred under the Directors' Plan, which are settled in cash.
Amity Millhiser	400	*	Shares held by a living trust of which Ms. Millhiser is sole trustee. Does not include 7,140 share units deferred under the Directors' Plan, which are settled in cash.
Caroline J. Tsay	1,104	*	Shares held by a living trust of which Ms. Tsay is sole trustee. Does not include 30,271 share units deferred under the Directors' Plan, which are settled in cash.
David B. Weinberg	9,283,373	•	Includes 1,716,710 shares held by family members over which Mr. Weinberg has sole dispositive power. Also includes 3,000,000 shares held by three family trusts, of which Mr. Weinberg is a current or contingent remainder beneficiary and one of three trustees but over which he also has sole dispositive power. Also includes 12,000 shares held by a family trust, of which Mr. Weinberg is neither a trustee nor a beneficiary but over which he has sole dispositive power. Also includes 3,400,000 shares held by two founditions, over which Mr. Weinberg has sole investment control and shares beneficial ownership interest. Also includes 116,852 shares held by two foundations, over which Mr. Weinberg shares investment power with other family members but over which he also has sole dispositive power, and 170,909 shares held by two foundations, over which other family members have investment power but over which Mr. Weinberg also has sole dispositive power. Does not include 66,904 share units deferred under the Directors' Plan, which are settled in cash.
James Quincey	4,099,518	*	Includes 44,678 shares held by a family member, 200 shares of restricted stock, 8,065 shares credited to Mr. Quincey under The Coca-Cola Company 401 (k) Plan (the *401(k) Plan*) and 3,704,229 shares that may be acquired upon the exercise of options, which are presently exercisable or that will become exercisable on or before May 2, 2025. Does not include 30,582 share units credited under The Coca-Cola Company Supplemental 401(k) Plan* (the *Supplemental 401(k) Plan*), which are settled in cash post employment.
John Murphy	1,578,254	*	Includes 107,400 shares held in a trust, 2,407 shares held by a family member, 200 shares of restricted stock, 921 shares credited to Mr. Murphy under the 401(k) Plan and 1,212,108 shares that may be acquired upon the exercise of options, which are presently exercisable or that will become exercisable on or before May 2, 2025. Does not include 6,713 share units credited under the Supplemental 401(k) Plan, which are settled in cash post employment.
Manuel Arroyo	848,310	*	Includes 650,554 shares that may be acquired upon the exercise of options, which are presently exercisable or that will become exercisable on or before May 2, 2025.
Henrique Braun	519,529	*	Includes 12,931 shares credited to Mr. Braun under the 401(k) Plan and 428,855 shares that may be acquired upon the exercise of options, which are presently exercisable or that will become exercisable on or before May 2, 2025. Does not include 7,440 share units credited under the Supplemental 401(k) Plan, which are settled in cash post employment.
Jennifer Mann	525,029	*	Includes 7,919 shares credited to Ms. Mann under the 401(k) Plan and 339,846 shares that may be acquired upon the exercise of options, which are presently exercisable or that will become exercisable on or before May 2, 2025. Does not include 7,408 share units credited under the Supplemental 401(k) Plan, which are settled in cash post employment.
All Directors and executive officers as a group (21 persons)	38,672,662	*	Includes 600 shares of restricted stock, 69,907 shares credited under the 401(k) Plan and 7,937,030 shares that may be acquired upon the exercise of options, which are presently exercisable or or hat will become exercisable on or before May 2, 2025. Does not include 81,373 share units credited under the Supplemental 401(k) Plan and 365,320 share units deferred under the Directors Plan, all of which will be settled in cash.

^{*} Less than 1% of outstanding shares of Common Stock.

(1) Share units credited under the Directors' Plan and the Supplemental 401(k) Plan are not included as outstanding shares in calculating these percentages.

PRINCIPAL SHAREOWNERS

Set forth in the table below is information about the number of shares held by persons we know to be the beneficial owners of more than 5% of the outstanding shares of Common Stock.

	Aggregate Number of	Percent of
Name and Address	Shares Beneficially Owned	Outstanding Shares(4)
Berkshire Hathaway Inc. ⁽¹⁾ 3555 Farnam Street, Omaha, Nebraska 68131	400,000,000	9.29 %
The Vanguard Group ⁽²⁾ 100 Vanguard Blvd., Malvern, Pennsylvania 19355	370,726,586	8.61 %
BlackRock, Inc. (3) 50 Hudson Yards, New York, New York 10001	313,228,689	7.28 %

- (1) Berkshire Hathaway Inc., a diversified holding company, has informed the Company that, as of December 31, 2024, it held an aggregate of 400,000,000 shares of Common Stock through subsidiaries.
- (2) The information is based on a Schedule 13G/A filed by The Vanguard Group with the SEC on February 13, 2024, reporting beneficial ownership as of December 29, 2023. The Vanguard Group reported that it has sole dispositive power with respect to 353,337,284 shares of Common Stock, shared voting power with respect to 5,118,916 shares of Common Stock, shared dispositive power with respect to 17,389,302 shares of Common Stock and no sole voting power.
- (3) The information is based on a Schedule 13G/A filed by BlackRock, Inc. with the SEC on January 26, 2024, reporting beneficial ownership as of December 31, 2023. BlackRock, Inc. reported that it has sole voting power with respect to 282,784,394 shares of Common Stock, sole dispositive power with respect to 313,228,689 shares of Common Stock and no shared voting or dispositive power.
- (4) The ownership percentages set forth in this column are based on the assumption that each of the principal shareowners continued to own the number of shares reflected in the table above on March 3, 2025.

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ITEM 2:

ADVISORY VOTE TO APPROVE EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION



The Board of Directors recommends a vote FOR the approval, on an advisory basis, of the executive compensation presented in this Proxy Statement

WHAT AM I VOTING ON?

Shareowners are being asked to approve, on an advisory basis, the compensation of the Named Executive Officers as described in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis beginning on page 47 and the Compensation Tables beginning on page 64.

In deciding how to vote on this proposal, the Board encourages you to read the Compensation Discussion and Analysis beginning on page-47 and the Compensation Tables beginning on page-64. The Talent and Compensation Committee has made several key enhancements in recent years to our compensation programs in order to continue to improve the alignment between compensation designs and outcomes and the Company's business and talent strategies, as well as the long-term interests of our shareowners.

The Board recommends that shareowners vote FOR the following resolution:

"RESOLVED, that the shareowners approve, on an advisory basis, the compensation of the Company's Named Executive Officers, as disclosed in the Proxy Statement, including the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, the Compensation Tables and the related narrative disclosure."

The Talent and Compensation Committee takes very seriously its role in the governance of the Company's compensation programs and values thoughtful input from shareowners. Because your vote is advisory, it will not be binding upon the Board. The Board values shareowners' opinions, however, and the Talent and Compensation Committee will consider the outcome of the advisory vote when considering future executive compensation decisions. The Board has adopted a policy of providing for annual advisory votes from shareowners on executive compensation. The next such vote will occur at the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners.

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LETTER FROM THE TALENT AND COMPENSATION COMMITTEE







As a Committee, we are dedicated to providing talent and compensation programs that align our executives' interests with those of our shareowners. We thank you for your continued engagement and support of our programs. We remain committed to providing transparency for our shareowners and will continue to keep an open dialogue for additional shareowner feedback.

2024 Highlights

2024 proved to be another strong year for the Company as it continued to demonstrate its ability to lead through dynamic external environments and execute its all-weather strategy. The Company's robust business performance led to above-target payouts under the Annual Incentive Plan and the 2022-2024 PSU program. We are proud of our executives' leadership in driving our 2024 business results and positioning the Company to continue to deliver long-term value to our shareowners.

When setting 2024 incentive targets, the Committee recognized that the macroeconomic environment, including factors such as ongoing inflationary and currency pressures, continued to present challenges in critical markets across the globe. Consistent with the approach followed in 2023, the Committee set 2024 incentive targets above the Company's externally communicated long-term growth plan to help ensure the targets would more accurately reflect the external environment. The Committee monitored the impact of inflation and other external influences throughout the year and determined that these increased targets led to an annual incentive payout that it believes is reflective of the results of our business and aligned to the value delivered to our shareowners. Please see page 47 to learn more about the Company's performance and outcomes compared to our incentive targets.

Assessing leadership and supporting talent growth in senior roles continues to be a critical responsibility of the Board. In December 2024, the Company announced a key leadership appointment. Henrique Braun assumed the position of Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, effective January 1, 2025. In his expanded role, he is responsible for all of the Company's operating units worldwide.

As part of the Committee's annual process to evaluate the Company's executive compensation program design, the Committee reviewed the performance measures included in our executives' annual incentive and PSU programs. In general, we believe our programs are effectively motivating and rewarding our executives while incentivizing them to deliver value to our shareowners, which is supported by our strong say-on-pay results in the last two years. As part of our review, we identified an opportunity to reassess our non-financial incentive goals to better align to our current business strategy and the changing external environment. Accordingly, the Committee decided to use the existing financial measures to measure performance results under the annual and long-term incentive programs, and to adjust their weighting as appropriate. For 2025, the Business Performance Factor for the annual incentive program will be equally weighted between net operating revenue growth and operating income growth. For the 2025-2027 PSU program, net operating revenue growth, earnings per share growth, and free cash flow will be equally weighted. In addition, the 2025-2027 PSU program will retain the total shareowner return modifier, which reduces or increases the PSU award if total shareowner return over the performance period, relative to a predefined total shareowner return comparator group, falls outside of a predefined range.

We thank you for your continued engagement and support of our programs.

CAROLYN EVERSON

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BELA BAJARIA Chair

MARIA ELENA LAGOMASINO

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COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This Compensation Discussion and Analysis provides a detailed description of our executive compensation philosophy and program designs, the compensation decisions that the Talent and Compensation Committee (referred to as the "Committee" in this Compensation Discussion and Analysis) has made under those programs, and the key factors considered in making those decisions.

This Compensation Discussion and Analysis focuses on the compensation of our Named Executive Officers for 2024, whose names and current positions with the Company are set forth below. Effective January 1, 2025, Henrique Braun was promoted to the position of Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, having previously served as Executive Vice President and President, International Development, a role he held through December 31, 2024. Please see our 2024 Summary Compensation Table on page 64 for each Named Executive Officer's title as of December 31, 2024.

JAMES QUINCEY



Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

JOHN MURPHY



President and Chief Financial Officer

MANUEL ARROYO



Executive Vice President and Global Chief Marketing Officer

HENRIQUE BRAUN



Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

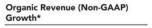
JENNIFER MANN

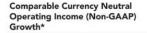


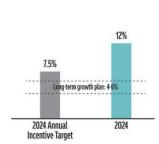
Executive Vice President and President, North America operating unit

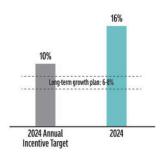
2024 Pay for Performance

Historically, our philosophy in determining appropriate annual incentive targets has been to set targets at the midpoint of the Company's publicly stated long-term growth plan, to create alignment between what we have committed to our shareowners and what we expect our executives to deliver. In February 2024, given the anticipated inflationary environment, the Committee reviewed the midpoint and range of the long-term growth plan and determined to set annual incentive targets above that range. As shown in the charts below, performance as measured under our annual incentive program exceeded our long-term growth plan and the targets we set, which accordingly resulted in above-target annual incentive payouts for our executives.







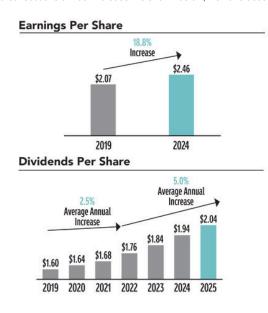


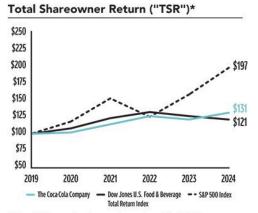
*Organic revenues is a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes or has otherwise been adjusted for the impact of acquisitions, divestitures and structural changes, as applicable, and the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Organic revenue (non-GAAP) growth is referred to as "net operating revenue growth" in our annual incentive program. Comparable currency neutral operating income is a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes or has otherwise been adjusted for items impacting comparability and the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Comparable currency neutral operating income (non-GAAP) growth, further adjusted for structural changes, is referred to as "operating income growth" in our annual incentive program. These further structural adjustments to comparable currency neutral operating income (non-GAAP) growth resulted in 18% growth as measured under the annual incentive program for "operating income growth." See Annex C on page 113 for reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to our results as reported under GAAP. For more information on the non-GAAP financial measures chosen by the Committee for our Named Executive Officers' compensation programs, see page 52.

With respect to our long-term incentives, performance as measured under our 2022-2024 PSU program reflects the momentum the Company has been building over the past several years. The financial measures in the PSU program all performed above the maximum performance level, partially offset by performance of our sustainability measures. Accordingly, the 2022-2024 PSU program resulted in an above-target payout.

Returns to Shareowners

The Company remains focused on achieving long-term earnings per share growth. In 2024, EPS reached \$2.46, representing an increase of approximately 19% compared to the 2019 EPS of \$2.07. In February 2025, we announced a 5.2% increase in our dividend per share of Common Stock, which is the Company's 63rd consecutive annual increase. As shown below, we have accelerated dividend growth over the past several years.





*The TSR graph shows the value of a \$100 investment in the Company's Common Stock, a comparative index of peers and the S&P 500 Index on December 31, 2019 through December 31, 2024, with dividends reinvested on the day of issuance.

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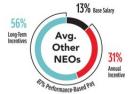
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2024 Compensation Outcomes

The Committee is accountable for making decisions about executive compensation that are in the best long-term interests of our shareowners. We strive to achieve this through adherence to the Company's compensation philosophy and core principles and by carefully considering feedback received from shareowners to continually enhance our compensation programs. In 2024, 94% of our CEO's total direct compensation and 87% of the other Named Executive Officers' total direct compensation, on average, was performance-based

The adjacent charts show the breakdown of the elements of total direct compensation for our Named Executive Officers in 2024.

70% CEO Service Incentive



Our Compensation Philosophy and Core Principles

While we consider many factors in our pay decisions, we are guided by the following philosophies and core principles:



PAY FOR PERFORMANCE

The vast majority of pay for executive officers is at-risk and performance-based, with measures aligned to the Company's long-term growth plan. In 2024, performance was assessed by evaluating the following:

- The Company's financial performance, including results against long-term growth targets
- The Company's non-financial performance, including results against predefined frameworks
- Return to shareowners over time, both on an absolute basis and relative to our peers



ALIGNMENT WITH SHAREOWNERS

Our compensation programs are designed to align our executives' interests with those of our shareowners. A majority of pay for our Named Executive Officers is tied to Company performance. We also maintain stock ownership guidelines for executive officers and remain committed to responsible equity usage. Our robust governance practices enable us to be good stewards of equity incentives.



ALIGNMENT OF APPROACH ACROSS THE WORKFORCE

Our people, at every level, are our most important asset. The Committee takes seriously the Company's goal to structure pay programs, from the CEO down through the entire workforce, in a manner that reinforces the Company's growth agenda. The Committee also understands that CEO pay should be perceived as reasonable relative to overall employee pay. The compensation approach used to set CEO and Named Executive Officer pay is the same approach used in determining compensation for the broader workforce, including pay competitiveness and the use of performance-based measures that reward exceptional financial performance. In its discretion in determining CEO and Named Executive Officer pay, the Committee may also consider other factors that it regularly reviews, including shareowner and employee feedback, the shareowner advisory vote on executive compensation and CEO pay ratio, among other things.



SIMPLICITY AND TRANSPARENCY

Our compensation programs include clear performance measures and line of sight for employees.



DEVELOPMENT OF PROGRAMS THAT DRIVE LONG-TERM PROFITABLE GROWTH

We invest in and reward talent with the greatest potential to drive the long-term profitable growth of our Company, while holding employees accountable to the Company's strategy and values.



RECOGNITION OF INDIVIDUAL PERFORMANCE

Our compensation programs reward individual performance in a number of areas that contribute to our growth and success. For example, the Company's executives are responsible for achievement of non-financial goals, which are critical to the long-term success of our business, reflect our external responsibility as global leaders, and add value for our shareowners and other stakeholders.

In addition, individual performance against our cultural values and leadership behaviors is taken into consideration in our compensation programs. Executives are thus motivated to deliver results that align with Company values and shareowner interests.



CONSIDERATION OF THE COCA-COLA SYSTEM

Our employees are required to operate and have influence in the context of our broad and complex global Coca-Cola system, which includes our approximately 200 bottling partners around the world. While the Company had \$47.1 billion in 2024 reported net operating revenues and employed approximately 69,700 people as of December 31, 2024, the Coca-Cola system generates approximately \$175 billion in annual revenues, operates in more than 200 countries and territories, and employs more than 700,000 people. Our executives and employees must not only manage our business but also support our bottling partners and other partners across the globe. System-wide alignment and a shared vision of success are critical to driving long-term growth.

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Talent and Compensation Committee Year-Round Process

We have a robust year-round engagement, planning, review and approval process to oversee the Company's strategies relating to executive compensation, talent, leadership and culture. When evaluating pay reported in the 2024 Summary Compensation Table against Company performance, it is important to consider the timing of compensation decisions and to identify which performance period informs each of the annual and long-term incentive awards. For instance:

- Annual incentive awards reported for 2024 were decided in February 2025 and reflect performance throughout 2024 against targets and goals set in February 2024; and
- · Long-term incentive awards reported for 2024 were granted in February 2024, with vesting over a three- to four-year period, and are designed to incentivize and reward the individual's potential to drive future growth for the Company.

Highlights from our 2024 agenda are set forth in the table below.

JANUARY-MARCH	APRIL-JUNE	JULY-SEPTEMBER	OCTOBER-DECEMBER		
 Reviewed overall robustness and rigor of performance measures and targets 	Reviewed results of "say-on-pay" advisory vote	Reviewed program designs for the upcoming year	Reviewed key components related to talent, leadership and culture strategy		
 Finalized performance measures and targets for upcoming performance cycles 	Conducted shareowner outreach to gather feedback on the "say-on-pay" advisory vote	 Evaluated and set compensation comparator group to be used for upcoming year 	Reviewed risk assessment of compensation programs Benchmarked compensation program designs and pay		
 Approved annual and long-term incentive award opportunities for executive officers 			opportunities against the compensation comparator group		
 Discussed key components of talent, leadership and culture strategy 					

Summary of Executive Compensation Practices

WH	AT WE DO	WHA	AT WE DON'T DO
1	Base the vast majority of executive pay on business performance and shareowner returns; pay is not guaranteed	×	No employment contracts unless required by law
1	Align pay outcomes with individual and Company performance	30	No dividends or dividend equivalents on unearned PSUs or F
1	Set robust incentive targets derived from long-term growth plan	X	No repricing of underwater stock options
1	Maintain an equity burn rate of 0.4% or less	x	No tax gross-ups for personal aircraft use or financial planning
1	Apply share ownership and share retention policies	×	No special change in control severance provisions for execution
1	Provide limited perquisites with sound business rationale	X	No tax gross-ups related to change in control
1	Include "double-trigger" change in control provisions in equity awards		
/	Prohibit short sales, hedging and pledging of Company stock by executive officers and Directors		
/	Provide competitive pay opportunities compared to an appropriate set of peer companies		
1	Measure our relative performance on TSR against a predetermined peer group		
1	Regularly assess the risk-reward balance of our compensation programs to mitigate undue risks in our programs		
1	Include clawback provisions in our compensation programs		

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ELEMENTS OF EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

We generally provide three elements of total direct compensation: base salary, annual incentive and long-term incentive, which are described below. In addition, we provide limited perquisites (see **page 59**) and standard retirement and benefit plans (see **pages 62** and **110**).

BASE SALARY

ANNUAL INCENTIVE

LONG-TERM INCENTIVE

Fixed cash compensation based on the market-competitive value of the skills and knowledge required for each role. Base salary is reviewed and adjusted when appropriate to maintain market competitiveness. Increases in base salary are not automatic or guaranteed.

Variable cash compensation designed to reward results from the prior year. The 2024 annual incentive program is based on the following:

- Company and operating unit financial measures (net operating revenue growth and operating income growth)
- Non-financial measures (related to inclusion efforts)
- Individual performance

Equity awards designed to motivate executives and reward potential to drive long-term growth, as well as to align the interests of employees with those of shareowners. Grants for Named Executive Officers are awarded in the form of stock options and PSUs.

Performance measures for the PSUs granted in 2024 were as follows:

- Net operating revenue growth
- EPS growth
- Free cash flow
- Certain environmental sustainability measures
- Relative TSR modifier

Important Facts About Our 2024 Incentive Targets

RIGOR OF INCENTIVE TARGETS

The Committee recognizes the importance of achieving an appropriate balance between rewarding executives for strong performance over both the short term and long term and establishing realistic but rigorous targets that continue to attract, motivate and retain executives.

In 2024, the Committee continued to dedicate time to assess the robustness and rigor of our incentive targets, considering the following:

- Performance levels in line with our long-term growth plan and shareowner expectations
- The likelihood of achieving various levels of performance, including consideration of macroeconomic factors
- Measures, program designs and results at companies in our comparator group

CHOICE OF INCENTIVE MEASURES

The key financial measures in our incentive plans align with our growth strategy, are widely used to evaluate the success of our business by investors, are prevalent among our compensation comparator group, and are highly correlated with long-term value creation. To evaluate performance in a manner consistent with the way management evaluates our operating results and trends, the key financial measures in our annual and long-term incentive plans are measured on a non-GAAP basis. We make certain adjustments when calculating these results, including to account for the impact of foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations, items impacting comparability, changes in financial accounting reporting regulations, and costs and other financial implications associated with certain corporate transactions. Our long-term incentive program is also adjusted for impacts arising from the Statutory Notice of Deficiency from the IRS received on September 17, 2015, if applicable.

Our incentive targets are currency neutral because the Committee believes these targets should measure the underlying results of the business and that business leaders should be encouraged to make decisions that help drive long-term sustainable growth rather than those which address short-term currency fluctuations. This philosophy has been in place for several years, and we review this regularly, as it is an important concern for global companies like ours with significant exposure to foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations.

Base Salary

Base salary is fixed cash compensation delivered in return for day-to-day job responsibilities, leadership skills and experience. Market-competitive base salaries help attract, motivate and retain executive talent. Base salary is not intended to reward past performance.

The Committee annually reviews the base salaries of our Named Executive Officers and adjusts when appropriate based on market competitiveness and other relevant factors. The Committee may also make periodic adjustments in connection with promotions or changes in responsibility.

The table below outlines the base salaries for the Named Executive Officers as of December 31, 2023 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

Name	(12/31/2023) (12/31/2023) (\$	(12/31/2024) (\$)
Mr. Quincey	\$ 1,600,000	\$ 1,675,000
Mr. Murphy	1,066,000	1,108,640
Mr. Arroyo	696,280	724,130
Mr. Braun	700,000	735,000
Ms. Mann	702,000	730,080

In connection with Mr. Braun's promotion to Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, his base salary was increased to \$1,050,000, effective January 1, 2025.

Annual Incentive Compensation

Annual cash incentives are determined under the Annual Incentive Plan and are designed to reward annual performance and individual contributions that support business results and strategy. Awards for our Named Executive Officers are determined based on a formula with predefined financial and non-financial measures (such measures, together, the "Business Performance Factor"), aligned with the Company's long-term growth strategy, as well as each executive's individual performance ("Individual Performance Amount").



Business Performance Factor

Actual awards under the Annual Incentive Plan for the Named Executive Officers are primarily driven by the Business Performance Factor, which follows a formulaic calculation utilizing financial performance targets and non-financial goals determined at the outset of the performance period. The Committee selects financial performance measures and targets that it believes are consistent with the Company's strategic goals and which are designed to be challenging but achievable.

For 2024, the Committee selected net operating revenue growth and operating income growth as the financial performance measures for the Business Performance Factor.

Historically, our philosophy in determining appropriate annual incentive targets has been to set targets at the midpoint of the Company's publicly stated long-term growth plan of 4% to 6% for organic revenue (non-GAAP) growth and 6% to 8% for comparable currency neutral operating income (non-GAAP) growth. This aligns our compensation programs to our investors' growth and value creation expectations.

The Committee set annual incentive targets above the Company's long-term growth plan in light of the impact of the expected 2024 inflationary environment. Throughout the year, the Committee monitored the impact of inflation and other external influences to help ensure our annual incentive results reflected the results of our business and remained aligned to the value delivered to our shareowners. After review, the Committee determined the annual incentive targets set at the beginning of 2024 were appropriate and no adjustments were necessary.

The Committee also determined to include certain non-financial goals in the Business Performance Factor for our executive officers, including the Named Executive Officers, to incentivize their inclusion-focused efforts. These non-financial goals accounted for 10% of the Business Performance Factor and were based on predefined qualitative and quantitative components (the "Inclusion Components"). These Inclusion Components were designed to foster the design and implementation of sustainable inclusion-focused strategies and to support efforts toward the Company's talent aspirations.

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Inclusion Components***

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For Messrs. Quincey, Murphy, Arroyo and Braun, the Committee approved a Business Performance Factor design that was weighted 45% for overall Company net operating revenue growth, 45% for overall Company operating income growth (together, "Overall Company Financial Performance") and 10% for the Inclusion Components. For Ms. Mann, who had responsibility in 2024 for the Company's North America operating unit ("NAOU"), the Committee approved a Business Performance Factor design that was weighted 60% for Overall Company Financial Performance; 30% for the performance of the NAOU, measured by the net operating revenue growth and operating income growth of the NAOU, each weighted equally; and 10% for the Inclusion Components.

Actual net operating revenue and operating income growth results were rounded to the nearest half percent, and the Committee determined whether each of the Inclusion Components was either achieved or not achieved. The payout for each performance measure was then weighted to determine the final Business Performance Factor. For 2024, the Business Performance Factor could range from 0% to 190% of the target incentive. For the financial performance measures, a minimum threshold must have been achieved and the maximum performance level was set to be difficult. Our 2024 payout results reflect our strong business performance for the year.

The overall financial targets and non-financial goals and results for the Company for 2024 were as follows:

Progress

Financial Measures

Performance Measure	Target*	Actual Performance	Result	Weighting	Weighted Result
Net Operating Revenue Growth**	7.5%	12.0%	200%	45%	90%
Operating Income Growth**	10.0%	18.0%	200%	45%	90%
	Non-F	inancial Measures			
Performance Measure	Aspiration	Actual Performance	Result	Weighting	Weighted Result
In alive in a Common and atte	D	All	4000/	1004	400/

Company Performance Factor The specific targets for the NAOU are not disclosed because they relate to business operations in a specific geography, and disclosure could result in competitive harm.

Achieved

10%

10%

190%

100%

- Net operating revenue growth, as outlined in our annual incentive program, is organic, which is a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes or has otherwise been adjusted for the impact of acquisitions, divestitures and structural changes, as applicable, and the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. Operating income growth, as outlined in our annual incentive program, is comparable currency neutral (adjusted for structural changes), which is a non-GAAP financial measure that excludes or has otherwise been adjusted to account for items impacting comparability, the impact of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, and the impact of structural changes, as applicable. Items impacting comparability include asset impairments, transaction gains/losses, restructuring, other items, and certain tax matters. Structural changes generally refer to acquisitions and divestitures of bottling operations, including the impact of intercompany transactions among our operating segments. Operating income growth of 18%, as measured under our annual incentive program, differs from comparable currency neutral operating income (non-GAAP) growth of 16% (see page 47) due to adjustments for these structural changes. Using these adjusted measures of net operating revenue growth and operating income growth is appropriate because they provide a more consistent comparison against the prior year.
- *** 60% of the overall weighting of the Inclusion Components was based on our executive officers demonstrating efforts to design and implement talent strategies focused on creating a culture of inclusion and building sustainable programs to foster recruitment, development and retention of a global workforce of top talent with diverse perspectives, experiences and backgrounds that reflect the broad range of consumers and markets we serve around the world. The Committee determined this qualitative component was achieved for 2024 based on the Committee's review of a comprehensive summary of actions completed by our executive officers during 2024. Examples included the following: continued embedding of inclusion strategies into talent processes, programs, and initiatives; investing in leadership development programs; and promoting efforts around rigorous talent development programs, people initiatives and equal opportunity in talent attraction.

40% of the overall weighting of the Inclusion Components was determined by quantitatively demonstrating progress as of December 31, 2024 in regard to certain of the Company's talent aspirations. As the Company demonstrated progress with respect to such aspirations, the Committee determined that this quantitative component was achieved for 2024.

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Business

The base salary, target annual incentive and 2024 Business Performance Factor for each of our Named Executive Officers were as follows:

Name	Base Salary (12/31/2024) (\$)	Target (%)	Annual Incentive (\$)	Performance Factor (%)
Mr. Quincey	\$ 1,675,000	200 %	\$ 3,350,000	190 %
Mr. Murphy	1,108,640	150 %	1,662,960	190 %
Mr. Arroyo	724,130	125 %	905,163	190 %
Mr. Braun*	735,000	125 %	918,750	190 %
Ms. Mann**	730,080	100 %	730,080	190 %

- Mr. Braun's target for 2024 was 125% for his time spent as Executive Vice President and President, International Development. In connection with his promotion to Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, effective January 1, 2025, his target increased to 175%.
- ** For Ms. Mann, the Business Performance Factor was weighted 60% for Overall Company Financial Performance (at 200%), 30% for the performance of the NAOU, measured by the net operating revenue growth and operating income growth of the North America reporting segment (at 200%), and 10% for the Inclusion Components (at 100%).

Individual Performance Amount

For the Individual Performance Amount, the Committee considers each Named Executive Officer's individual contributions to overall Company results and operational measures, achievement of key strategic objectives and contributions toward evolving the Company's organization and culture. An Individual Performance Amount may be awarded based on an assessment of an executive's individual performance throughout the year, as guided by the individual's scorecard. The scorecard provides a framework to clearly define specific action items in support of the Company's key objectives: win more consumers; gain market share; maintain strong system economics; strengthen stakeholder impact; and equip the organization to win. The maximum percentage of an individual's target award that could have been awarded for individual performance in 2024 was 30%. In 2024, the Committee determined to award an Individual Performance Amount of 10% to both Mr. Braun and Ms. Mann to recognize their exceptional contributions throughout the year. Contributions that resulted in the 10% individual performance amount for Mr. Braun included driving growth in volume, revenue, market share and transactions across critical markets; leading initiatives to create strategic alignment with Coca-Cola system partners; driving digital scale across the operating units; and championing the Company's talent agenda through franchise leadership priorities. Contributions that resulted in the 10% individual performance amount for Ms. Mann included delivering strong business results for the NAOU while maintaining a focus on sustainable growth and gaining market share; accelerating system alignment with key bottlers, which led to improvements in execution and customer experience; and driving a culture of continuous learning by delivering capability solutions across the NAOU. Other than Mr. Braun and Ms. Mann, no other Named Executive Officer received an Individual Performance Amount for 2024.

Long-Term Incentive Compensation

The Company's long-term incentive compensation programs are designed to reward performance over the longer term and align the interests of employees with those of shareowners. The vast majority of these awards are performance-based. In 2024, all long-term incentive awards were equity-based for our Named Executive Officers.

Long-Term Incentive Awards: Amounts and Performance Measures

The Committee sets award ranges for long-term incentive compensation at the executive officer level. In 2024, the ranges were informed by surveys and the pay practices of our compensation comparator group. The Committee does not target a specific percentile ranking against our compensation comparator group and may grant long-term incentive awards at the higher end of the range for a variety of factors, including individual performance and to reflect support of the larger Coca-Cola system.

Once the value of the 2024 long-term incentive award was determined, the Committee granted the long-term incentive award to our executive officers as a combination of PSUs, with a three-year performance and vesting period, and stock options, with a four-year pro rata vesting period. The Committee determined that PSUs and stock options, rather than RSUs, were the most appropriate equity vehicles for our executive officers, as they put a greater portion of total compensation at risk if the Company does not deliver growth to its shareowners. Due to the rules governing how the grant date fair value of long-term incentive awards must be calculated for GAAP purposes, the 2024 Summary Compensation Table may not reflect the same PSU and stock option values described below.

How PSU Amounts and Targets Were Determined

- To determine the number of PSUs awarded, the target dollar value of the grant was divided by a 30-day average closing stock price.
- For PSU awards granted in 2024, performance measures were weighted 30% for net operating revenue growth, 30% for EPS growth, 30% for free cash flow and 10% for achievement of certain environmental sustainability measures.

- The financial performance targets were derived from our long-term growth plan and were set by the Committee after a detailed review, which included benchmarking performance and evaluating the practices of compensation comparator companies.
- The environmental sustainability component of the 2024 PSU awards was equally weighted based upon the achievement of predefined goals related to
 the Company's packaging strategy (global rPET usage rate) and its water security strategy (watershed leadership locations replenishment rate) in place
 at the time of grant.
- For PSU awards granted in 2024, participants would receive 50% of the award at the threshold level of performance per measure, 100% of the award at
 the target level of performance per measure and 200% of the award at the maximum level of performance per measure, prior to application of the relative
 TSR modifier.

PSU Relative TSR Modifier

The number of shares earned from PSU awards will be reduced or increased if TSR over the performance period, relative to a predefined TSR
comparator group, falls outside of a predefined range. Specifically, after the performance results are certified, the award will be modified up or down as
shown in the table below, if applicable.



- For awards granted prior to 2023, the TSR comparator group was aligned with our compensation comparator group. For awards granted in 2023 and
 after, the TSR comparator group is comprised of the companies listed in the S&P 500 Consumer Staples Index.
- If there is no change to the PSU payout because the relative TSR modifier is not applicable, PSU payouts can range from 0% to 200%. If the threshold
 level or greater is achieved for each of the performance measures, and if the relative TSR modifier is applicable, PSU payouts can range from 38% to
 250%.

How Stock Option Award Amounts Were Determined

- When determining the number of stock options awarded, a Black-Scholes value is calculated, and floor and ceiling "guardrails" are then calculated based on a 30-day average closing stock price. These guardrails help manage our burn rate and mitigate against excessively high or low Black-Scholes values.
- For stock option grants in 2024, our floor guardrail, which valued options at 20% of the 30-day average closing stock price, was used to determine the number of stock options to grant by dividing the target dollar value for the grant by this guardrail value. This resulted in significantly fewer stock options being granted than would have been granted using a pure Black-Scholes model.

2024 Long-Term Incentive Awards

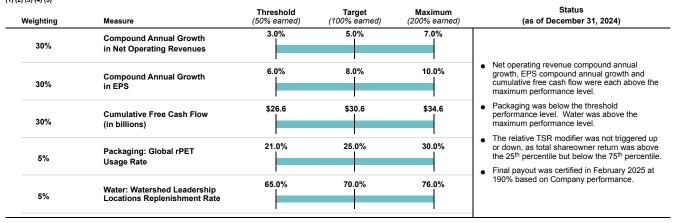
The Committee approved the following long-term incentive awards for the Named Executive Officers in February 2024. For Messrs. Quincey and Murphy, the Committee allocated the value of the long-term incentive awards equally between PSUs and stock options. All other employees eligible for long-term incentive awards, including Messrs. Arroyo and Braun and Ms. Mann, were given the opportunity to elect the allocation of their long-term incentive award within predefined parameters. In line with their respective elections, the Committee allocated the value of the long-term incentive awards for Mr. Arroyo as 2/3 PSUs and 1/3 stock options, and equally between PSUs and stock options for Mr. Braun and Ms. Mann.

Name	2024 Long-Term incentive Award (\$)	2024-2026 Performance Share Units (#)	Options (#)
Mr. Quincey	\$ 18,137,304	167,087	835,436
Mr. Murphy	5,894,611	54,303	271,517
Mr. Arroyo	3,230,044	38,983	97,487
Mr. Braun	3,174,012	29,240	146,201
Ms. Mann	2,493,848	22,974	114,872

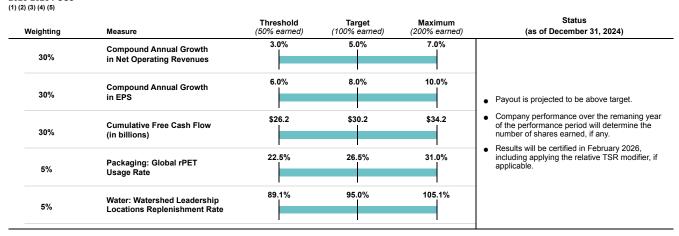
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Status of PSU Programs

2022-2024 PSUs (1) (2) (3) (4) (5)

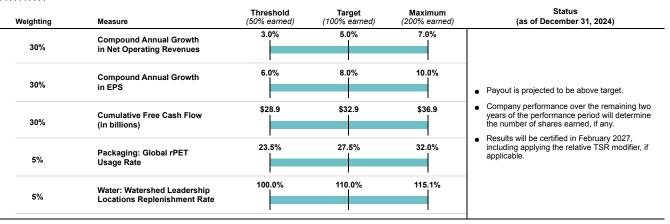


2023-2025 PSUs



2024-2026 PSUs

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)



- (1) Participants receive 50% of the award at the threshold level of performance per measure, 100% of the award at the target level of performance per measure and 200% of the award at the maximum level of performance per measure before the application of the TSR modifier. Results are rounded, and the number of shares is extrapolated on a linear basis between performance levels for the net operating revenue growth, EPS growth and cumulative free cash flow performance measures. For the environmental sustainability performance measures, results are rounded, and the number of shares is not extrapolated between performance levels.
- (2) The PSU program provides for comparable currency neutral net operating revenue (non-GAAP) growth to be based on a three-year compound annual growth target tied to Company performance. This measure differs from net operating revenue growth reported under GAAP, primarily due to the impact of currency and items impacting comparability. The calculation of comparable currency neutral net operating revenue (non-GAAP) growth for the 2022-2024 period was adjusted, and the 2023-2025 and 2024-2026 periods will be adjusted, to exclude acquisitions, divestitures and structural changes that are significant to the Company as a whole, if applicable. The 2023-2025 and 2024-2026 periods will also be adjusted to exclude the impact of accounting changes, if applicable, and for any unusual items that are significant to the Company as a whole that are approved by the Committee, if applicable.
- (3) The PSU program provides for comparable currency neutral EPS (non-GAAP) growth to be based on a three-year compound annual growth target tied to Company performance. This measure differs from EPS reported under GAAP, primarily due to the impact of currency and items impacting comparability. The calculation of comparable currency neutral EPS (non-GAAP) growth for the 2022-2024 period was adjusted, and the 2023-2025 and 2024-2026 periods will be adjusted, to exclude acquisitions, divestitures and structural changes that are significant to the Company as a whole and impacts resulting from the application of the tax court rulings and/or settlements arising from the Statutory Notice of Deficiency from the IRS received on September 17, 2015 (the "2015 Notice of Deficiency"), if applicable. The 2023-2025 and 2024-2026 periods will also be disusted to exclude the impact of accounting changes, if applicable, and for any unusual items that are significant to the Company as a whole that are approved by the Committee, if applicable.
- 4 The PSU program provides for free cash flow (non-GAAP) to be based on a cumulative three-year absolute target amount tied to Company performance. Free cash flow is a non-GAAP financial measure that represents net cash provided by operating activities less purchases of property, plant and equipment. The net income component of net cash provided by operating activities for the 2022-2024 period was adjusted, and the 2023-2025 and 2024-2026 periods will be adjusted, for the impact of currency. Free cash flow (non-GAAP) for the 2022-2024 period was adjusted, and the 2023-2025 and 2024-2026 periods will be adjusted, to exclude acquisitions, divestitures and structural changes that are significant to the Company as a whole and impacts resulting from the application of the tax court rulings and/or settlements arising from the 2015 Notice of Deficiency, if applicable. The 2023-2025 periods will be adjusted for the impact of accounting changes and certain cash payments for pension plan contributions, if applicable, and for any unusual items that are significant to the Company as a whole that are approved by the Committee, if applicable. The free cash flow (non-GAAP) target for the 2023-2025 period reflects the impact of significantly higher annual transition tax payments included in the targets for the 2022-2024 and 2024-2026 periods. See Part II, "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations' and Note 15 to the Company's consolidated financial statements in the Form 10-K for more information.
- (5) The PSU program provides for the environmental sustainability performance measure to be equally weighted based on the achievement of predefined goals related to the Company's water security strategy (watershed leadership locations replenishment rate) and its packaging strategy (global rPET usage rate), both of which strategies were in place for the 2022-2024 period and are expected to be in place for the remainder of the 2023-2025 and 2024-2026 periods. "Watershed leadership locations replenishment rate" is the ratio of replenish project volumetric benefits (located within "leadership locations" minors basins and/or their water supply watersheds) divided by the replenishment required in the "leadership locations" or "high-risk locations" is a Company designation for locations of Coca-Cola system manufacturing facilities that satisfy the criteria of a water risk assessment. "Global rPET usage rate" is defined as the percent of rPET (recycled polyethylene terephthalate) procured for use in our global primary consumer PET packaging (non-refillable PET bottles). The environmental sustainability calculations for the 2022-2024 period were adjusted, and the 2023-2025 and 2024-2026 periods will be adjusted, to exclude acquisitions, divestitures and structural changes that are significant to the Company as a whole that are approved by the Committee, if applicable.

Other Long-Term Incentive Awards

The vast majority of equity awards are granted as part of the long-term incentive awards in February of each year; however, the Committee may, during the course of the year, determine to grant additional equity awards, which typically have been limited and in the form of time-based RSUs or performance-based awards.

From time to time, we establish additional performance-based programs related to specific performance goals to motivate and reward for specific initiatives. No Named Executive Officer received such an award in 2024.

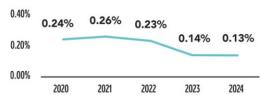
Policies and Practices Related to the Grant of Certain Equity Awards

The Company grants equity awards, including stock options. Neither the Board of Directors nor the Talent and Compensation Committee takes material nonpublic information into account when determining the timing or terms of equity awards, nor does the Company time the disclosure of material nonpublic information for the purpose of affecting the value of executive compensation.

Equity Scorecard

We are proud of the governance practices that we have implemented over the years and maintain our intention to adhere to strong equity governance within The Coca-Cola Company 2024 Equity Plan (the "2024 Equity Plan"). We have maintained in the past and intend to continue to maintain in the future an annual burn rate of 0.4% or less, which makes availability of shares used for equity awards more certain. With respect to dilution, it is our intention to use the proceeds from stock option exercises by employees to repurchase shares over time, minimizing dilution, although such proceeds may at times be used for other corporate purposes. Actual dilution is expected to continue to be less than 1% per year. This approach provides us the flexibility to consider share repurchases in the context of our overall capital allocation strategy.





On May 1, 2024, shareowners approved the 2024 Equity Plan. The 2024 Equity Plan replaced The Coca-Cola Company 2014 Equity Plan (the "2014 Equity Plan"). Total 2024 burn rate includes outstanding awards granted pursuant to the 2014 Equity Plan in place prior to adoption of the 2024 Equity Plan.

Please refer to the 2024 Equity Plan for details regarding the terms and conditions of these equity awards. A copy of our 2024 Equity Plan is included as Exhibit 10.6 to our Form 10-K filed on February 20, 2025.

For transparency, we also provide an Equity Scorecard for the Company:

2024 Equity Scorecard

Category	2024
Actual Burn Rate The total number of shares underlying equity awards granted in the year, as a percentage of Common Stock outstanding.	0.13%
Actual Dilution A measure of how much the equity issued to employees reduces the value of existing shares. ⁽¹⁾	0.14%
Overhang The total number of shares underlying equity awards already granted from the 2024 Equity Plan and other plans in place prior to adoption of the 2024 Equity Plan, plus those available for future grants, on a fully diluted basis.	6.10%

⁽¹⁾ Calculated by dividing the number of net shares issued to employees during the year by the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding. The number of net shares issued represents the difference between the total number of shares issued and the number of shares repurchased solely using proceeds from employee stock option exercises. Does not include additional share repurchases which further mitigate dilution.

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Perquisites and Other Personal Benefits

We provide a limited number of perquisites and other personal benefits to our Named Executive Officers. The table below summarizes and provides the business rationale for each of the perquisites and other personal benefits provided to the Named Executive Officers in 2024. The Committee believes these perquisites are reasonable and consistent with market practice.

For more information about these perquisites and other personal benefits, and their values, see the discussion beginning on page 65.

Category	Business Rationale
Aircraft Usage	To allow travel time of our Chairman and CEO and our President and Chief Financial Officer to be used productively for the Company; for security purposes due to the high-profile and global nature of our business and well-recognized brands; and to ensure availability to respond to business priorities from any location around the world.
International Service Program	To promote global mobility and development opportunities for individuals working outside their home country.
Financial and Tax Planning	To address complex tax and financial situations of our executive officers.
Other	Executive physicals are made available to our executive officers.
	Club membership privileges are provided to Mr. Murphy and Ms. Mann, primarily for business purposes but also for occasional personal purposes.
	Gifts and other amenities are occasionally provided to our executive officers in connection with certain Company-sponsored meetings and events.

How We Make Compensation Decisions

Shareowner Engagement and Results of 2024 Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation

The Company has a long-standing shareowner outreach program and routinely interacts with shareowners on a number of matters, including executive compensation (see page 35).

The Committee takes the feedback from these engagement efforts, as well as the results of our "say-on-pay" proposals, seriously. At the 2025 Annual Meeting, we are again holding an advisory vote to approve executive compensation and will continue to consider the results of the advisory vote when making future compensation decisions.

Last year, the Company's say-on-pay proposal received support from approximately 89% of the votes cast. We also received strong support from our shareowners for the 2024 Equity Plan and Global Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("GESPP"), with approximately 96% and 99% of votes cast in favor of such plans, respectively.

Through ongoing engagement in recent years, we have confirmed that shareowners generally approve of our pay-for-performance philosophy, as well as the design of our executive compensation programs. Through these engagements, we've committed to continue to maintain our focus on designing programs from a pay-for-performance perspective and to follow our strong governance practices, which include our commitment to monitor and limit the use of consulting agreements with senior executive officers and to exercise prudence with all aspects of such agreements, including quantum. We are encouraged by the continuous feedback we receive from shareowners and are committed to continuing our shareowner outreach program as it relates to our executive compensation programs.

Decision-Making Process

Role of the Committee

The Committee reviews and discusses the Board's annual evaluation of the Chairman and CEO and makes preliminary determinations about his base salary, annual incentive, long-term incentive compensation, and other awards as appropriate. The Committee then discusses the compensation recommendations with the full Board and approves final compensation decisions after this discussion.

Role of the Chief Executive Officer

For the other Named Executive Officers, the CEO considers performance and makes individual recommendations to the Committee on base salary, annual incentive, long-term incentive compensation, and other awards as appropriate. The Committee reviews, discusses, modifies and approves, as appropriate, these compensation recommendations.

Committee Resources and Tools

The Committee uses several resources and tools, including data about market competitiveness, to make compensation decisions in line with our compensation philosophy.

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Compensation Comparator Group

We use a comparator group of companies when making certain compensation decisions. This comparator group is used as a reference point, but compensation paid at other companies is only one factor in the decision-making process. As noted above, our employees operate in the much larger Coca-Cola system, but when comparing size with comparator companies, we utilize only the net operating revenues and market capitalization of the Company. We routinely review the selection criteria and companies in our comparator group. For 2024, in collaboration with the Committee's compensation consultant, Meridian Compensation Partners, LLC ("Meridian"), the Committee concluded that no adjustments were necessary to the comparator group.

The table below shows our criteria for choosing the compensation comparator group and how such group is used.

HOW WE CHOSE THE COMPENSATION COMPARATOR GROUP	HOW WE USE THE COMPENSATION COMPARATOR GROUP*	2024 COMPENSATION COMPARATOR GROUP
Comparable size to the Company based on net operating revenues and market capitalization Major global presence with sales and operations outside of the United States Large consumer products business Market-leading brands or category positions as defined by Interbrand Financially strong companies Available compensation data	 As an input in developing base salary ranges, annual incentive targets and long-term incentive award ranges To evaluate share utilization by reviewing overhang levels and annual burn rate To benchmark the form, mix and design of equity incentives awarded to employees To benchmark share ownership guidelines To assess the competitiveness of total direct compensation awarded to executive officers To assess talent and recruitment practices To compare Company performance and validate whether executive compensation programs are aligned with Company performance As an input in designing compensation plans, benefits and perquisites 	 Abbott Laboratories Archer-Daniels-Midland Company Colgate-Palmolive Company Danone S.A. Intel Corporation Johnson & Johnson Kimberly-Clark Corporation The Kraft Heinz Company McDonald's Corporation Mondelēz International, Inc. Nestlé S.A. NIKE, Inc. PepsiCo, Inc. Pfizer Inc. Philip Morris International Inc. The Procter & Gamble Company Starbucks Corporation Unilever PLC

^{*} Since some of the comparator group companies are not U.S.-based, a subgroup of the companies may be used for some purposes when data is not publicly available for the non-U.S.-based companies.

Role of the Compensation Consultant

Compensation Consultant Independence

The Committee is authorized by its charter to employ independent compensation consultants and other advisors. In 2024, the Committee engaged Meridian to serve as its independent consultant with respect to executive compensation programs. Meridian reports directly to the Committee.

In accordance with the Committee's Independent Compensation Consultant Policy (the "ICC Policy"), prior to the retention of a compensation consultant (or any other external advisor), and annually thereafter, the Committee assesses the independence of the compensation consultant. Under the ICC Policy, a consultant is considered independent if:

- The individual consultant and any consulting firm or organization that employs the consultant are independent of the Company;
- The individual consultant does not provide services or products of any kind to the Company or its affiliates or to their management, other than in its capacity as an advisor to the Board and its committees; and
- The consulting firm or individual consultant does not provide any other services to the Company without the prior written consent of the Committee.

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The Committee assessed Meridian's independence under the ICC Policy, including considering the following factors specified in the NYSE listing standards: (i) the provision of other services by the consulting firm to the Company; (ii) the amount of fees paid as a percentage of the total revenue of the consulting firm; (iii) the policies and procedures of the consulting firm that are designed to prevent conflicts of interest; (iv) any business or personal relationship of the consultant with a member of the Committee; (v) any stock of the Company owned by the consultant; and (vi) any business or personal relationship of the consultant or consulting firm with an executive officer of the Company. Meridian provided the Committee with confirmation of its independent status under the ICC Policy. Based on this evaluation, the Committee has determined that Meridian met the criteria for independence.

Compensation Consultant Duties

- Reports directly to the Committee with regular interface with the Committee Chair
- · Attends all meetings of the Committee, including executive sessions without management present
- · Reviews the Company's executive compensation strategy and programs to ensure appropriateness and market competitiveness
- Provides research, data analyses, survey information and design expertise in developing compensation programs for executives and incentive programs for eligible employees
- Regularly updates the Committee on market trends, changing practices, and legislation pertaining to executive compensation and benefits
- Advises the Committee on the appropriate comparator group for compensation and benefit programs

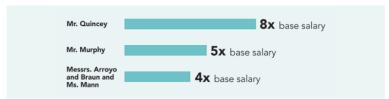
Risk Considerations

- The Committee reviews the risks and rewards associated with the Company's compensation programs. The programs are designed with features that the
 Committee believes mitigate risk without diminishing the incentive nature of the compensation. Our compensation programs encourage and reward
 prudent business judgment and appropriate risk-taking over both the short term and the long term.
- The Company's incentive compensation programs contain appropriate risk mitigation features, including award caps, multiple performance measures, clawback features and ranges of awards. In addition, the share ownership and retention guidelines mitigate risk.
- In 2024, the Company conducted, and both the compensation consultant and the Committee reviewed, a global risk assessment of our compensation programs. The risk assessment included conducting a global inventory of incentive plans and programs and considered factors such as the plan measures, number of participants, maximum payments and risk mitigation factors. Management and the Committee do not believe that any of the Company's compensation programs create risks that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse impact on the Company. As such, the Company did not make any material adjustments to its compensation policies and practices as a result of the global risk assessment.

Additional Compensation Information

Share Ownership Guidelines

- · Share ownership guidelines align executives' long-term financial interests with those of shareowners.
- All Named Executive Officers are in compliance with the share ownership guidelines.
- The 2024 share ownership guidelines for our Named Executive Officers were as follows:



- Shares are valued based on the average closing price of Common Stock for the prior one-year period.
- · Stock options do not count toward the ownership guidelines, and PSUs count only after the performance criteria have been met.
- To ensure compliance with the ownership guidelines, the Committee may direct that up to 50% of the annual incentive be withheld if an executive is not compliant. In addition, the Committee may mandate the retention of 100% of net shares after settlement of taxes and transaction fees.

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Share Retention Policy

- To ensure that our executives exhibit a strong commitment to Company stock, we have adopted a share retention policy. Our share retention policy
 applies in addition to the share ownership quidelines described above.
- Executive officers who have not yet met their share ownership objective must retain 50% of the shares (after paying taxes) obtained from option exercises
 or from the release of performance shares or restricted stock awards until the earlier of the date on which the share ownership objective is met or
 separation from the Company.
- Limited exceptions apply for donations of stock to charities, educational institutions or family foundations and for sales or divisions of property in the case of divorce, disability or death. The Committee is authorized to grant waivers in exceptional circumstances.

Hedging, Short Sale and Pledging Policies

- The Company's Insider Trading Policy prohibits our Directors, Section 16 Officers, and certain other insiders from (i) purchasing any financial instruments
 that are designed to hedge or offset any decrease in the market value of Company securities, or (ii) engaging in any short sales of Company securities.
 Our Directors and Section 16 Officers and certain other insiders are also prohibited from pledging Company Common Stock as collateral for a loan,
 holding Company Common Stock on margin or borrowing against Company Common Stock held in a margin account.
- For a more detailed discussion of the Company's hedging, short sale and pledging policies, see page 36

Clawback Policy

- The Company maintains a clawback policy to align with listing rules adopted by NYSE as required by the SEC. The policy applies to all executive officers (as defined under the applicable rules) and requires the Company to seek to recoup certain incentive-based compensation, whether cash- or equity-based, from current or former officers and in the event that the Company is required to prepare an accounting restatement due to the material noncompliance of the Company with any financial reporting requirement under the securities laws.
- In addition, under certain other circumstances, the Company's incentive compensation, including equity compensation, is subject to recoupment. These clawback provisions apply while an individual is employed and, if an employee separates from employment, until the later of one year from separation and payment of the applicable compensation. These clawback provisions allow the Company to recoup payments if an employee or former employee engages in certain prohibited activities, which include violation of any Company policy (including the Company's Code of Business Conduct), actions that result in reputational harm to the Company, disclosure of confidential information or trade secrets, acceptance of employment with competitors or solicitation of Company employees. These provisions apply regardless of whether these actions result in an accounting restatement.

Retirement and Benefit Plans

- Named Executive Officers generally participate in the same retirement and benefit plans as the broader population of non-union employees, as
 applicable. These plans provide for basic retirement needs and serve as a safety net to protect against the financial catastrophes that can result from
 illness, disability or death. Additional details of these plans are described in the Summary of Plans in Annex B beginning on page 110.
- Retirement plans generally include pension plans, retirement savings plans and deferred compensation plans. There are no special or enhanced pension formulas for the Named Executive Officers. See the 2024 Pension Benefits table on page 71 for the value of accumulated pension benefits for the Named Executive Officers.
- · Benefit plans generally include medical, dental and disability plans.

Change in Control

- The Company has change in control provisions in its annual and long-term incentive plans and some of its retirement plans in which the Named Executive
 Officers participate. Equity plans include "double-trigger" change in control provisions.
- Change in control provisions apply equally to all plan participants. There are no special change in control agreements or arrangements with any of the Named Executive Officers, and we do not provide a tax gross-up for any change in control situation.
- The change in control provisions are intended to address the concern that, in the event the Company is considering a change in control transaction, the
 employees involved in considering the transaction might otherwise be motivated to act in their own interests rather than the interests of the shareowners.
- For a more detailed discussion of change in control provisions, see the Payments on Termination or Change in Control section beginning on page 72.

Tax and Accounting Implications of Compensation

• We are generally entitled to a U.S. federal income tax deduction with respect to compensation income paid to our service providers, subject to limitation under Tax Code Section 162(m) with respect to certain compensation in excess of \$1 million paid in any one year to each of certain of our current and former executive officers. Generally, under GAAP, compensation is expensed as earned. Equity compensation is expensed in accordance with ASC Topic 718, which is generally over the vesting period. While the Committee considers tax and accounting implications as factors when considering executive compensation, they are not the only factors considered. Other important considerations may outweigh tax or accounting considerations. In addition, the Committee reserves the right to establish compensation arrangements that may not be fully tax-deductible under applicable tax laws.

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Company Overview

Voting Roadmap

Governance

Share Ownership

Compensation

Audit Matters

Shareowner

Annexes

COMPENSATION COMMITTEE REPORT

The Talent and Compensation Committee has reviewed and discussed the Compensation Discussion and Analysis required by Item 402(b) of Regulation S-K with management. Based on such review and discussions, the Talent and Compensation Committee recommended to the Board of Directors that the Compensation Discussion and Analysis be included in this Proxy Statement and incorporated by reference into the Form 10-K.





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BELA BAJARIA



LAGOMASINO



COMPENSATION COMMITTEE INTERLOCKS AND INSIDER PARTICIPATION

The Talent and Compensation Committee is composed solely of the three independent Directors listed above. No member of the Talent and Compensation Committee is a current, or during 2024 was a former, officer or employee of the Company or any of its subsidiaries. During 2024, no member of the Talent and Compensation Committee had a relationship that must be described under the SEC rules relating to disclosure of related person transactions. In 2024, none of our executive officers served on the board of directors or compensation committee of any entity that had one or more of its executive officers serving on the Board or the Talent and Compensation Committee.

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COMPENSATION TABLES

The following tables, footnotes and narratives discuss the compensation of our Named Executive Officers.

2024 Summary Compensation Table

Name and Principal Position ⁽¹⁾	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)		Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (\$)		Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)		All Other pensation (\$)	Total (\$)
James Quincey	(b) 2024	\$ 1,656,250	\$ (d) ()	S	9,549,022	\$ 8,588,282	\$	6,365,000	\$ 996.674	\$	847.056	\$ 28,002,284
Chairman of the Board and	2023	 1,600,000	 0		8,299,550	 7,217,020	Ψ.	6,080,000	 921,282		625,056	 24,742,908
Chief Executive Officer	2022	1,600,000	0		8,517,245	5,616,094		6,080,000	490,035		519,145	22,822,519
John Murphy	2024	1.097.980	0		3.103.416	2.791.195		3.159.624	818,601		232.001	11,202,817
President and	2023	1,055,750	0		3,227,606	2,806,614		3,038,100	725,785		272,290	11,126,145
Chief Financial Officer	2022	961,062	0		2,839,082	1,872,029		2,556,094	640,083		187,962	9,056,312
Manuel Arroyo	2024	717,168	0		2,227,878	1,002,166		1,719,809	299,775	7	117,056	13,083,852
Executive Vice President and	2023	689,585	0		1,844,338	1,603,782		1,653,665	276,429		587,344	6,655,143
Global Chief Marketing Officer	2022	664,625	0		3,096,885	1,021,310		1,590,063	264,214		714,076	7,351,173
Henrique Braun ⁽²⁾	2024	726,250	0		1,671,066	1,502,946		1,837,500	297,443		324,601	6,359,806
Executive Vice President and	2023	700,000	0		1,613,831	1,403,312		1,662,500	321,024	1,	246,446	6,947,113
President, International Development												
Jennifer Mann(3)	2024	723,060	0		1,312,964	1,180,884		1,460,160	183,736		110,252	4,971,056
Executive Vice President and	2023	695,250	0		1,152,704	1,002,361		1,333,800	264,308		65,504	4,513,927
President, North America operating unit												

⁽¹⁾ Principal position reflects position held as of December 31, 2024.

Salary (Column (c))

The amounts reported in the Salary column represent the base salary earned by each of the Named Executive Officers in the applicable year.

Bonus (Column (d))

The amounts reported in the Bonus column represent any cash-based guaranteed or discretionary bonuses, retention bonuses, hiring bonuses, or relocation bonuses not based on any predefined performance targets. No such bonuses were awarded to any of the Named Executive Officers in 2024, 2023 or 2022.

Stock Awards (Column (e))

The amounts reported in the Stock Awards column represent the grant date fair value of stock awards determined pursuant to ASC Topic 718. For 2024, all of the stock awards reported in the Stock Awards column are PSUs granted under the 2014 Equity Plan, which pay in stock if predefined performance targets are met over the applicable performance period.

If a PSU award's threshold level is not achieved, no shares are earned. For PSU awards granted in 2024, if the threshold level or greater is achieved for each of the performance measures, the number of shares earned ranges from 50% to 200% of the target number of shares. In addition, the PSUs are subject to a relative TSR modifier. The relative TSR modifier will decrease or increase the number of shares earned by 25% if TSR over the performance period relative to a predefined TSR comparator group falls outside of a predefined range. See page-55 for more information about the relative TSR modifier.

⁽²⁾ Effective January 1, 2025, Mr. Braun was promoted to the position of Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer. Compensation for Mr. Braun is provided only for 2024 and 2023 because he was not a Named Executive Officer for 2022.

⁽³⁾ Compensation for Ms. Mann is provided only for 2024 and 2023 because she was not a Named Executive Officer for 2022.

The 2024 amounts in the Summary Compensation Table above reflect the value of the PSU awards at the target (or 100%) level. The table below provides the potential value of the PSU awards at the threshold, target and maximum levels. The measures, targets and status of the PSU programs are described beginning on page 54.

	2024-2026 Performance Share Units Granted 02/28/2024											
Name	Value at Threshold Level (50%) ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		Value at Target (100%) (Reported in Column (e) Above) ⁽¹⁾		Value at Maximum Level (200%) ⁽¹⁾							
Mr. Quincey \$	4,774,482	\$	9,549,022	\$	19,098,044							
Mr. Murphy	1,551,680		3,103,416		6,206,833							
Mr. Arroyo	1,113,911		2,227,878		4,455,757							
Mr. Braun	835,533		1,671,066		3,342,132							
Ms. Mann	656,482		1,312,964		2,625,928							

⁽¹⁾ Pursuant to the relative TSR modifier on PSU awards, the number of shares earned will be decreased or increased by 25% if TSR over the applicable performance period relative to the S&P 500 Consumer Staples Index (see page 55) falls outside of a predefined range.

For information on the assumptions used by the Company in calculating the value of the awards, see Note 13 to the Company's consolidated financial statements in the Form 10-K. To see the value actually received by the Named Executive Officers upon vesting of stock in 2024, refer to the 2024 Option Exercises and Stock Vested table on page 70. Additional information on all outstanding stock awards is reflected in the 2024 Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End table beginning on page 69.

Option Awards (Column (f))

The amounts reported in the Option Awards column represent the grant date fair value of stock option awards granted under the 2014 Equity Plan to each of the Named Executive Officers, calculated in accordance with ASC Topic 718.

For information on the assumptions used by the Company in calculating these amounts, see Note 13 to the Company's consolidated financial statements in the Form 10-K. To see the value actually received upon exercise of options by the Named Executive Officers in 2024, refer to the 2024 Option Exercises and Stock Vested table on page 70. Additional information on all outstanding option awards is reflected in the 2024 Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End table beginning on page 69.

Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (Column (g))

The amounts reported in the Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation column reflect the amounts earned by each Named Executive Officer under the Company's Annual Incentive Plan. The Annual Incentive Compensation section of the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, which begins on <u>page 52</u>, describes how the 2024 Annual Incentive Plan awards to the Named Executive Officers were determined.

Change in Pension Value and Nongualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (Column (h))

The amounts reported for each year in the Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings column are comprised of changes in the actuarial present value of the accumulated pension benefits of each of the Named Executive Officers under the applicable pension plan during such year.

Pension values may fluctuate significantly from year to year depending on a number of factors, including age, years of service, average annual earnings and the assumptions used to determine the present value, such as the discount rate. The assumptions used by the Company in calculating the change in pension value are described on page 71.

The Company cautions that the values reported in the Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings column are theoretical, as those amounts are calculated pursuant to SEC requirements and are based on assumptions used in preparing the Company's audited financial statements for the applicable fiscal years. The Company's retirement plans utilize a different method of calculating actuarial present value for the purpose of determining a lump sum payment, if any. The change in pension value from year to year as reported in the table is subject to market volatility and may not represent the value that a Named Executive Officer will actually accrue or receive under the Company's retirement plans during any given year.

None of the Named Executive Officers received above-market or preferential earnings (as these terms are defined by the SEC) on their nonqualified deferred compensation accounts.

The material provisions of the Company's retirement plans and deferred compensation plans in which the Named Executive Officers participate are described in the Summary of Plans in **Annex B** beginning on page 110.

All Other Compensation (Column (i))

The amounts reported in the All Other Compensation column reflect, for each Named Executive Officer, the sum of (i) the incremental cost to the Company of all perquisites and other personal benefits; (ii) the amount of any tax reimbursements; (iii) the amount contributed by the Company to applicable Company 401(k) and savings plans; and (iv) the dollar value of life insurance premiums paid by the Company. The material provisions of the Company 401(k) and savings plans in which the Named Executive Officers participate are described in the Summary of Plans in **Annex B** beginning on page 110.

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⁽²⁾ Assumes threshold achievement for all performance measures.

The following table outlines those perquisites and other personal benefits and additional all other compensation required by SEC rules to be separately quantified for 2024. A dash indicates that the Named Executive Officer received the perquisite or personal benefit, but the amount was not required to be disclosed under SEC rules. The narrative following the table describes all categories of perquisites and other personal benefits provided by the Company in 2024.

	P	erqu	isites and Other Person	al Be	nefits			Additional All Other Compensation								
Name	Aircraft Usage		International Service Program Benefits		inancial and Tax Planning	Othe	r	Tax Reimbursement		Company Contributions to Company 401(k) and Savings Plans		Life Insurance Premiums				
Mr. Quincey	\$ 532,729	\$	_	\$	_	\$ —	- \$	3,939	\$	270,769	\$	3,048				
Mr. Murphy	_		_		_	_	-	20,867		144,763		2,437				
Mr. Arroyo	0		7,099,340		_	_	-	0		0		1,593				
Mr. Braun	179,697		25,164		_	_	-	17,401		83,606		1,600				
Ms. Mann	_		0					7,633		71,990		1,605				

Aircraft Usage

The Company operates leased aircraft to allow employees to safely and efficiently travel for business purposes around the world. Given the Company's significant global presence, we believe it is a business imperative for senior leaders to be on the ground at our global operations. The Company aircraft allow employees to be far more productive than if commercial flights were utilized, as the aircraft provide a confidential and highly productive environment in which to conduct business without the schedule constraints imposed by commercial airline service.

The Company aircraft have been made available to the Named Executive Officers for their personal use in the following situations and subject to the following considerations:

- Use of the Company aircraft is the Board's strongly preferred method for all travel by Messrs. Quincey and Murphy for both business and personal travel. This is for security purposes due to the high-profile and global nature of our business and well-recognized brands, as well as to ensure that they can be immediately available to respond to business priorities from any location around the world. This arrangement also allows travel time to be used productively for the Company. Messrs. Quincey and Murphy, and their immediate family members traveling with them, used the Company aircraft for a reasonable number of personal trips in 2024. Personal use of the Company aircraft results in imputed taxable income. Neither Mr. Quincey nor Mr. Murphy is provided a tax reimbursement for personal use of aircraft.
- No other Named Executive Officers use the Company aircraft for personal purposes except in limited circumstances. Mr. Braun had two trips on Company
 aircraft in 2024 for personal reasons, including one trip due to a death in his family and a second trip to travel from an international location to a business
 meeting. Mr. Braun was not provided a tax reimbursement for personal use of aircraft. No other Named Executive Officer used the Company aircraft
 solely for personal purposes in 2024.
- Spouses and guests of Named Executive Officers may travel on the Company aircraft when the aircraft is already going to a specific destination for a
 Company business purpose. This use has minimal cost to the Company and, where applicable, a nominal amount is included in the All Other
 Compensation table above. Income is imputed to the Named Executive Officer for income tax purposes, but no tax reimbursement is provided unless the
 Company determines that such persons are traveling for a business purpose.
- In determining the incremental cost to the Company of personal use of the Company aircraft, the Company calculates the average direct variable operating costs on an hourly basis, aggregating these costs across all aircraft for the year, including all costs that may vary by the hours flown. Items included in the calculation of this cost are as follows:
 - aircraft fuel and oil;
 - travel, lodging and other expenses for crew;
 - prorated amount for routine repairs and maintenance;
 - prorated amount for rental fee on airplane hangar (when away from home base);
 - catering;
 - logistics (landing fees, permits, etc.); and
 - . the amount, if any, of disallowed tax deductions associated with such use.

When an aircraft is already flying to a destination for business purposes, only the direct variable costs associated with the additional passenger (for example, catering) are included in determining the aggregate incremental cost to the Company.

While it happens rarely, if an aircraft travels empty before picking up or after dropping off a passenger flying for personal reasons, this "deadhead" segment would be included in the incremental cost attributable to overall travel.

International Service Program Benefits

The Company provides benefits to globally mobile employees under various international service programs, the material provisions of which are described on <u>page 112</u>. These programs are designed to relocate and support employees who are sent on an assignment outside of their home country. The purpose of the programs is to make sure that economic considerations do not play a role when the Company requests that an employee move outside his or her home country. This helps the Company quickly meet its business needs around the world and develop its employees.

Mr. Quincey participated in an international service program through April 30, 2017 because he was a citizen of the United Kingdom who relocated to the United States. Certain benefits related to his participation in the program were paid in 2024 and may be paid in future years.

Mr. Murphy participated in an international service program through December 31, 2020 because he was a citizen of Ireland who relocated to the United States in January 2019. Certain benefits related to his participation in the program were paid in 2024 and may be paid in future years.

Mr. Braun, a dual citizen of the United States and Brazil, participated in an international service program through March 31, 2023 while he was based in Brazil. He relocated to the United States in April 2023. Certain benefits related to his participation in the program were paid in 2024 and may be paid in future years.

Mr. Arroyo participated in an international service program for all of 2024 because he is a citizen of Spain based in the United States since August 2023. Certain benefits related to his participation in the program were paid in 2024 and will continue to be paid in future years.

The international service programs-related costs to the Company in 2024 were as follows:

Name	Home	Leave	Housing Allowance	Cost of Living Allowance	Tax Equalization(1)	Other Program Allowances
Mr. Quincey	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 13,824	\$ 0
Mr. Murphy		0	0	0	13,572	0
Mr. Arroyo	6	32,411	252,850	9,351	6,663,584	111,144
Mr. Braun		0	0	0	25,164	0

⁽¹⁾ The tax equalization amount, which includes tax preparation services, may differ significantly from year to year due to differences in timing of payments and tax reporting years in various countries. Specifically for Mr. Arroyo, an exit tax was paid due to his relocation from Singapore. This exit tax is expected to be fully offset by tax credits received in 2025 and subsequent years.

Financial and Tax Planning

The Company provides a taxable reimbursement to the Named Executive Officers for financial planning services, which may include tax preparation and estate planning services. No tax gross-ups are provided to the Named Executive Officers for this benefit.

Other Perquisites

The Company makes available executive physicals to its executives, including the Named Executive Officers. In 2024, the Company paid for club membership privileges for Mr. Murphy and Ms. Mann, which are used primarily for business purposes but also for occasional personal purposes. The Company does not incur any additional cost for Mr. Murphy's or Ms. Mann's use of their club membership for personal purposes. In 2024, gifts and other amenities were occasionally provided to our executive officers in connection with certain Company-sponsored meetings and events.

Tax Reimbursement

The amounts reported in the table on page 66 represent tax reimbursements for certain Named Executive Officers. All amounts for 2024 are related to business use of the Company aircraft. No Named Executive Officer is provided a tax reimbursement for personal use of aircraft, but Named Executive Officers are provided a tax reimbursement for taxes incurred when a spouse or significant other travels for business purposes. These taxes are incurred because of the IRS's extremely limiting rules concerning business travel by non-employees. It is sometimes necessary for spouses or significant others to accompany Named Executive Officers to business functions. In contrast to personal use, the Company does not believe an employee should pay personally when spousal or significant other travel is required or important for business purposes.

To calculate taxable income, the Standard Industry Fare Level rates set by the IRS are used. Where a tax reimbursement is authorized, it is calculated using the highest marginal federal tax rate, the applicable state rate and Medicare rates. The rate used to calculate taxable income has no relationship to the incremental cost to the Company associated with the use of the Company aircraft.

Company Contributions to Company 401(k) and Savings Plans

The Company makes matching contributions to Named Executive Officers who participate in applicable Company 401(k) or savings plans on the same terms and using the same formulas as other participating employees. In 2024, all of the Named Executive Officers except for Mr. Arroyo participated in the 401(k) Plan and Supplemental 401(k) Plan.

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The amounts reported in the table on page 72 represent the following Company contributions in 2024:

- Mr. Quincey \$12,075 to the 401(k) Plan and \$258,694 to the Supplemental 401(k) Plan
- Mr. Murphy \$12,075 to the 401(k) Plan and \$132,688 to the Supplemental 401(k) Plan
- Mr. Braun \$12,075 to the 401(k) Plan and \$71,531 to the Supplemental 401(k) Plan
- Ms. Mann \$12,075 to the 401(k) Plan and \$59,915 to the Supplemental 401(k) Plan

In 2024, Mr. Arroyo participated in the Mobile Employees Retirement Plan (the "Mobile Plan"), which is included in the 2024 Pension Benefits table on page 71.

Life Insurance Premiums

The Company provides life insurance to its U.S.-based employees, including the Named Executive Officers. In 2024, this coverage was equal to the lesser of 1.5 times base pay or \$2,000,000. The amounts reported in the table on page 66 represent the premiums paid for this insurance by the Company.

2024 Grants of Plan-Based Awards

		Estimated Future Payouts Under Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards Equity Incentive Plan Awards					All Other Option Awards: Number of Securities	r Base Pric		!	rice on irant	Value o	Fair of Stock d Option			
Name (a)	Grant Date (b)	Threshold (\$) (c)		Target (\$) (d)		Maximum (\$) (e)	Threshold (#) (f)	Target (#) (g)	Maximum (#) (h)	Underlying Options (#) (j)		Awards (\$/Sh) (k)	/Sh) (\$/\$			Awards (\$) (I)
James Quincey		\$ 0	\$	3,350,000	\$	6,700,000										
	2/28/2024						83,543	167,087	334,174						\$ 9,5	549,022
	2/28/2024									835,436	\$	60.28	\$ 6	0.40	8,5	88,282
John Murphy	_	0		1,662,960		3,325,920										
	2/28/2024						27,151	54,303	108,606						3,1	103,416
	2/28/2024									271,517		60.28	6	0.40	2,7	91,195
Manuel Arroyo	_	0		905,163		1,810,326										
-	2/28/2024						19,491	38,983	77,966						2,2	227,878
	2/28/2024									97,487		60.28	6	0.40	1,0	002,166
Henrique Braun	_	0		918,750		1,837,500										
-	2/28/2024						14,620	29,240	58,480						1,6	371,066
	2/28/2024									146,201		60.28	6	0.40	1,5	02,946
Jennifer Mann	_	0		730,080		1,460,160										
	2/28/2024						11,487	22,974	45,948						1,3	312,964
	2/28/2024									114,872		60.28	6	0.40		80,884

Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards (Annual Incentive) (Columns (c), (d) and (e))

The amounts represent the possible awards under the Annual Incentive Plan as described beginning on <u>page 52</u>. Actual payments under these awards were determined in February 2025, paid in March 2025, and are included in the Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation column (column (g)) of the 2024 Summary Compensation Table.

Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity Incentive Plan Awards (PSUs) (Columns (f), (g) and (h))

The awards represent PSUs granted in February 2024. The performance period is from January 1, 2024 to December 31, 2026 for the PSU awards. The awards are subject to a relative TSR modifier. The grant date fair value is included in the Stock Awards column (column (e)) of the 2024 Summary Compensation Table. For additional details of the PSU awards granted in 2024, see the discussion beginning on page 54.

All Other Option Awards and Exercise Price of Option Awards (Stock Options) (Columns (j) and (k))

The awards represent stock options granted in February 2024. These options have a term of 10 years from the grant date and vest 25% on each of February 28, 2025, February 27, 2026, February 26, 2027, and February 29, 2028. The exercise price of stock options is the average of the high and low prices of a share of Common Stock on the grant date.

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2024 Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

		Option Awards					Stock Awards					
Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable (c)	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date (f)	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (\$)				
(a) James Quincey	266.403 ⁽¹⁾	(c) \$		2/17/2026	259,310 (10) \$	16,144,641	627,548 (11) \$	39,071,138				
Junios Gamos,	337.824 (2)	•	40.8900	2/15/2027	200,010	10,111,011	σ21,σ1σ · · φ	00,071,100				
	444.296 (3)		44.4750	2/15/2028								
	527,087 (4)		45.4350	2/21/2029								
	486.651 (5)		59.4850	2/20/2030								
	415,947 (6)	138,650 (6)	50.4383	2/18/2031								
	341,196 (7)	341,197 (7)	61.3400	2/17/2032								
	183,359 (8)	550,078 (8)	60.0200	2/25/2033								
		835,436 (9)	60.2750	2/28/2034								
John Murphy	38,751 (1)		43.5150	2/17/2026	86,436 (12)	5,381,505	222,696 (13)	13,865,053				
	99,437 (2)		40.8900	2/15/2027								
	152,483 ⁽³⁾		44.4750	2/15/2028								
	193,265 (4)		45.4350	2/21/2029								
	162,217 ⁽⁵⁾		59.4850	2/20/2030								
	138,649 (6)	46,217 (6)	50.4383	2/18/2031								
	113,732 (7)	113,732 (7)	61.3400	2/17/2032								
	71,306 (8)	213,919 (8)	60.0200	2/25/2033								
		271,517 (9)	60.2750	2/28/2034								
Manuel Arroyo	57,581 ⁽³⁾		44.4750	2/15/2028	94,285 (14)	5,870,184	143,160 (15)	8,913,142				
	115,959 (4)		45.4350	2/21/2029								
	126,824 (5)		59.4850	2/20/2030								
	113,440 (6)	37,814 (6)	50.4383	2/18/2031								
	62,048 (7)	62,048 (7)	61.3400	2/17/2032								
	40,746 (8)	122,240 (8)	60.0200	2/25/2033								
		97,487 (9)	60.2750	2/28/2034								
Henrique Braun	50,545 (1)		43.5150	2/17/2026	41,904 (16)	2,608,943	115,526 (17)	7,192,649				
	55,500 ⁽²⁾		40.8900	2/15/2027								
	38,387 (3)		44.4750	2/15/2028								
	43,081 (4)		45.4350	2/21/2029								
	38,342 (5)		59.4850	2/20/2030								
	40,334 (6)	13,445 ⁽⁶⁾	50.4383	2/18/2031								
	27,577 (7)	27,577 (7)	61.3400	2/17/2032								
	35,653 (8)	106,960 (8)	60.0200	2/25/2033								
		146,201 ⁽⁹⁾	60.2750	2/28/2034								
Jennifer Mann	80,820 (4)		45.4350	2/21/2029	41,904 (18)	2,608,943	86,694 (19)	5,397,568				
	70,786 (5)		59.4850	2/20/2030								
	50,418 (6)	16,806 (6)	50.4383	2/18/2031								
	27,577 (7)	27,577 (7)	61.3400	2/17/2032								
	25,466 (8)	76,400 (8)	60.0200	2/25/2033								
		114.872 (9)	60.2750	2/28/2034								

^{*} Market values in columns (h) and (j) were determined by multiplying the number of shares of stock or units, as applicable, by \$62.26, the closing price of Common Stock on December 31, 2024, the last trading day of the year.

⁽¹⁾ These options were granted on February 18, 2016. The options vested 25% on the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the grant date.

⁽²⁾ These options were granted on February 16, 2017. The options vested 25% on the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the grant date.

⁽³⁾ These options were granted on February 15, 2018. The options vested 25% on the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the grant date.

⁽⁴⁾ These options were granted on February 21, 2019. The options vested 25% on the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the grant date.

⁽⁵⁾ These options were granted on February 20, 2020. The options vest 25% on the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the grant date.

⁽⁶⁾ These options were granted on February 18, 2021. The options vest 25% on the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the grant date.

⁽⁷⁾ These options were granted on February 17, 2022. The options vest 25% on the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the grant date.

⁽⁸⁾ These options were granted on February 27, 2023. The options vest 25% on February 29, 2024, February 28, 2025, February 27, 2026 and February 26, 2027.

⁽⁹⁾ These options were granted on February 28, 2024. The options vest 25% on February 28, 2025, February 27, 2026, February 26, 2027 and February 29, 2028.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Reflects 259,310 PSUs earned upon satisfaction of the performance measures under the 2022-2024 PSU program.

⁽¹¹⁾ Reflects 293,374 PSUs for the 2023-2025 PSU program at the maximum award level and 334,174 PSUs for the 2024-2026 PSU program at the maximum award level.

⁽¹²⁾ Reflects 86,436 PSUs earned upon satisfaction of the performance measures under the 2022-2024 PSU program.

⁽¹³⁾ Reflects 114,090 PSUs for the 2023-2025 PSU program at the maximum award level and 108,606 PSUs for the 2024-2026 PSU program at the maximum award level.

⁽¹⁴⁾ Reflects 94,285 PSUs earned upon satisfaction of the performance measures under the 2022-2024 PSU program.

2024 Option Exercises and Stock Vested

	Option Awards			Stock Awards			
	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise	٧	/alue Realized on Exercise	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting		Value Realized on Vesting	
Name	(#) (b)		(\$)	(#J)		(\$)	
(a)	(b)		(c)	(d)		(e)	
James Quincey	144,930	\$	4,077,817	443,544	\$	26,297,724	
John Murphy	57,298		1,204,753	147,848		8,765,908	
Manuel Arroyo	7,038		195,832	120,966		7,172,074	
Henrique Braun	57,298		1,214,311	43,010		2,550,063	
Jennifer Mann	129,268		3,370,630	53,762		3,187,549	

Option Awards (Columns (b) and (c))

The following table provides details of the stock options exercised in 2024.

Name	Grant Date	Options Exercised	Exercise Date	Value Realized on Exercise
Mr. Quincey	2/19/2015	102,533	8/21/2024	\$ 2,885,046
	2/19/2015	42,397	8/26/2024	1,192,771
Mr. Murphy	2/19/2015	57,298	5/9/2024	1,204,753
Mr. Arroyo	2/16/2017	7,038	8/7/2024	195,832
Mr. Braun	2/19/2015	57,298	5/15/2024	1,214,311
Ms. Mann	2/19/2015	18,622	8/21/2024	515,723
	2/18/2016	17,691	8/21/2024	461,112
	2/16/2017	19,024	8/21/2024	545,772
	2/15/2018	44,663	8/21/2024	1,121,269
	2/15/2018	29,268	8/22/2024	726,754

Stock Awards (Columns (d) and (e))

The following table provides details of the stock awards that vested and the value realized in 2024.

			Number of	Stock Price on	Value Realized	
Name	Grant Date	Release Date	Shares	Release Date(1)	on Release	Description
Mr. Quincey	2/18/2021	2/15/2024	443,544	\$ 59.29	\$ 26,297,724	Shares underlying a PSU award
Mr. Murphy	2/18/2021	2/15/2024	147,848	59.29	8,765,908	Shares underlying a PSU award
Mr. Arroyo	2/18/2021	2/15/2024	120,966	59.29	7,172,074	Shares underlying a PSU award
Mr. Braun	2/18/2021	2/15/2024	43,010	59.29	2,550,063	Shares underlying a PSU award
Ms. Mann	2/18/2021	2/15/2024	53.762	59.29	3.187.549	Shares underlying a PSU award

⁽¹⁾ Represents the closing price of Common Stock on the trading day prior to the release date.

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⁽¹⁵⁾ Reflects 65,194 PSUs for the 2023-2025 PSU program at the maximum award level and 77,966 PSUs for the 2024-2026 PSU program at the maximum award level.

 $^{^{(16)}}$ Reflects 41,904 PSUs earned upon satisfaction of the performance measures under the 2022-2024 PSU program.

⁽¹⁷⁾ Reflects 57,046 PSUs for the 2023-2025 PSU program at the maximum award level and 58,480 PSUs for the 2024-2026 PSU program at the maximum award level.

 $^{^{(18)}}$ Reflects 41,904 PSUs earned upon satisfaction of the performance measures under the 2022-2024 PSU program.

⁽¹⁹⁾ Reflects 40,746 PSUs for the 2023-2025 PSU program at the maximum award level and 45,948 PSUs for the 2024-2026 PSU program at the maximum award level.

2024 Pension Benefits

Name (a)	Plan Name (b)	Number of Years Credited Service (#) (c)	Present Value of Accumulated Benefit (\$) (d)	Payments During Last Fiscal Year (\$) (e)
James Quincey	Mobile Plan	11.1 (1) \$	2,655,804	\$ 0
	TCCC Pension Plan	10.6	306,798	0
	TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan	(2)	3,871,157	0
John Murphy	Mobile Plan	32.5 (3)	8,828,931	0
	TCCC Pension Plan	4.0	113,942	0
	TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan	(2)	958,882	0
Manuel Arroyo	Mobile Plan	7.4 (4)	1,382,627	0
Henrique Braun	TCCC Pension Plan	28.8	753,354	0
	TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan	(2)	1,508,004	0
Jennifer Mann	TCCC Pension Plan	27.2	595,479	0
	TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan	(2)	1,313,593	0

⁽¹⁾ In May 2017, Mr. Quincey stopped participating in an international service program and localized to the United States. As a result, he began participating again in the TCCC Pension Plan and the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan and stopped accruing benefits in the Mobile Plan. Mr. Quincey's total years of service with the Company is 28.3 years. He participated in the Coca-Cola UK Stakeholder Pension Plan (the "UK Savings Plan") for a portion of this time.

The Company provides retirement benefits from various plans to its employees, including the Named Executive Officers. Due to the Company's global operations, it maintains different plans to address different market conditions, various legal and tax requirements, and different groups of employees.

In 2024, all of the Named Executive Officers except for Mr. Arroyo participated in or had a benefit under The Coca-Cola Company Pension Plan (the "TCCC Pension Plan") and The Coca-Cola Company Supplemental Pension Plan (the "TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan"). In 2024, Mr. Arroyo participated in the Mobile Plan. Messrs. Quincey and Murphy have a benefit under the Mobile Plan for the period they were covered under an international service program. Additional details of these plans are described in the Summary of Plans in **Annex B** beginning on page 110. The table above reflects the present value of accumulated benefits for each of the Named Executive Officers under the applicable plans.

Compensation used for determining pension benefits under the TCCC Pension Plan, the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan and the Mobile Plan generally includes only base salary and annual cash incentives. The amounts reflected for each plan represent the present value of the maximum benefit payable under the applicable plans. In some cases, the payments may be reduced for early retirement or by benefits paid by other Company-sponsored retirement plans, statutory payments or Social Security.

The Company generally does not grant additional years of benefit service, and no Named Executive Officer has been credited with additional years of benefit service.

The discount rate assumption used by the Company in calculating the present value of accumulated benefits was 5.56% for the TCCC Pension Plan and 5.59% for the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan. For information on additional assumptions used by the Company in calculating the present value of accumulated benefits, see Note 14 to the Company's consolidated financial statements in the Form 10-K. The calculations assume that the Named Executive Officer continues to live at least until the earliest age at which an unreduced benefit is payable.

The Company's retirement plans utilize a different method of calculating actuarial present value for the purpose of determining a lump sum payment, if any. The traditional pension benefit under the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan is paid in the form of an annuity if the employee has reached at least age 55 with 10 years of service (or reached at least age 60 with any amount of service) at the time of his or her separation from the Company. Therefore, Messrs. Quincey and Braun are required to take the traditional pension benefit portion of their TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan benefit in the form of an annuity.

2024 Nonqualified Deferred Compensation

The following table provides information on the Named Executive Officers' participation in The Coca-Cola Company Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Deferred Compensation Plan") and the Supplemental 401(k) Plan, as applicable. These plans either allow

⁽²⁾ The same years of service apply to both the TCCC Pension Plan and the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan, as these plans work in tandem

⁽³⁾ In January 2021, Mr. Murphy stopped participating in an international service program and localized to the United States. As a result, he began participating in the TCCC Pension Plan and the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan and stopped accruing benefits in the Mobile Plan.

⁽⁴⁾ Mr. Arroyo had a prior period of employment with the Company for which his benefits in the Mobile Plan were fully distributed. The service shown reflects service from 2017 when he rejoined the Company and began participating again in the Mobile Plan. Mr. Arroyo's total years of service with the Company is 26.9 years. He participated in a savings plan in Spain (the "Spanish Savings Plan") for a portion of this time.

eligible employees to defer part of their base salary and annual incentive on a voluntary basis or make employees whole when the Company matching contribution is limited under the tax-qualified plan. The Company matching contribution under the Supplemental 401(k) Plan is provided at the same rate as the Company matching contribution under the 401(k) Plan. The Company does not match any additional voluntary deferrals.

Additional details of the Deferred Compensation Plan and the Supplemental 401(k) Plan are described in the Summary of Plans in **Annex B** beginning on page 110.

No.	Plant Name	Executive Contributions in Last FY	C	Registrant Contributions in Last FY	Aggregate Earnings in Last FY	Aggregate Withdrawals/ Distributions	Aggregate Balance at Last FYE
Name (a)	Plan Name	(\$) (b)		(\$) (c)	(\$) (d)	(\$) (e)	(\$) (f)
James Quincey	Deferred Compensation Plan	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Supplemental 401(k) Plan	N/A	\$	258,694	\$ 145,272	\$ 0	\$ 1,904,026
John Murphy	Deferred Compensation Plan	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Supplemental 401(k) Plan	N/A		132,688	28,404	0	417,930
Manuel Arroyo	Deferred Compensation Plan	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Henrique Braun	Deferred Compensation Plan	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Supplemental 401(k) Plan	N/A		71,531	34,395	0	463,235
Jennifer Mann	Deferred Compensation Plan	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	Supplemental 401(k) Plan	N/A		59,915	34,517	0	461,222

Executive Contributions in Last Fiscal Year (Column (b))

No Named Executive Officer contributed to the Deferred Compensation Plan in 2024.

Registrant Contributions in Last Fiscal Year (Column (c))

All Company matching contributions shown are included in the "All Other Compensation" column of the 2024 Summary Compensation Table.

Aggregate Earnings in Last Fiscal Year (Column (d))

The earnings reflected in column (d) represent deemed investment earnings or losses from voluntary deferrals and Company contributions, as applicable. The Deferred Compensation Plan and the Supplemental 401(k) Plan do not guarantee a return on deferred amounts. For these plans, no amounts included in column (d) are reported in the 2024 Summary Compensation Table because the plans do not provide for above-market or preferential earnings.

Aggregate Balance at Last Fiscal Year-End (Column (f))

The amounts reflected in column (f), with the exception of amounts reflected in columns (b), (c) and (d), if any, have been reported in prior proxy statements of the Company.

PAYMENTS ON TERMINATION OR CHANGE IN CONTROL

General

Most of the Company's plans and programs contain specific provisions detailing how payments are treated upon termination or change in control. The specific termination and change in control provisions under these plans, which are described below, apply to all participants in each plan.

The termination scenarios described in this section include voluntary separation, involuntary separation, disability and death. For more information on the plans described below, see Summary of Plans in **Annex B** beginning on page 110.

Change in Control

The change in control provisions in the various Company plans were adopted to mitigate the concern that, in the event the Company is considering a change in control transaction, the employees involved in considering the transaction might otherwise be motivated to act in their own interests rather than the interests of the shareowners. Thus, the change in control provisions are designed with the intention of ensuring that employees are neither harmed nor given a windfall in the event of a change in control. The Company's plans generally provide that a change in control may occur upon (i) a greater than 20% change in ownership of the Company; (ii) a change of the majority of the Board within a two-year period; or (iii) certain merger and consolidation transactions. As described below, Company equity plans include "double-trigger" change in control provisions.

The Company does not have individual change in control agreements, and no tax gross-up is provided for any taxes incurred as a result of a change in control payment. The Board can determine prior to the potential change in control that no change in control will be deemed to have occurred.

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Severance Plan

All of the Named Executive Officers are covered by The Coca-Cola Company Severance Plan (the "TCCC Severance Plan").

Termination, Death, Disability

Generally, benefits are payable under the TCCC Severance Plan when an employee is terminated involuntarily due to certain circumstances, such as an internal reorganization or position elimination. The maximum cash severance benefit under this plan is two years of base pay, payable as a lump sum.

Change in Control

There are no separate change in control provisions included in the TCCC Severance Plan.

Annual Incentive Plan

All of the Named Executive Officers were eligible to participate in the Annual Incentive Plan in 2024.

Termination, Death, Disability

Generally, participants employed on December 31 of a given calendar year are eligible to receive a cash incentive for that year, regardless of whether employment continues through the payment date. In addition, the following Company employees generally receive a prorated incentive based on actual Company performance and the portion of the year actually worked: (i) those who terminate employment prior to December 31, 2024, were employed before January 1, 2012 and are at least 55 years of age, or are at least 65 years of age regardless of hire date; (ii) those who die; or (iii) those who move to an affiliate of the Company.

Change in Control

Upon a change in control, participants receive the target amount of the annual incentive after the end of the performance year. This amount is prorated if the participant leaves during the year.

Deferred Compensation Plan

All of the Named Executive Officers except for Mr. Arroyo were eligible to participate in the Deferred Compensation Plan in 2024; however, none of them chose to contribute.

Termination, Death, Disability

Under the Deferred Compensation Plan, employees who terminate employment after age 50 with five years of service to the Company, or after age 55, receive payments based on elections made at the time they elected to defer compensation. Other employees receive a lump sum after termination. Individuals who are designated as "specified employees" under Tax Code Section 409A may not receive payments for at least six months following termination of employment to the extent the amounts were deferred after January 1, 2005. There are no enhanced benefits payable under the Deferred Compensation Plan upon a participant's death or disability.

Change in Control

Upon a change in control, any Company discretionary contributions to the Deferred Compensation Plan vest. No Named Executive Officer received a Company discretionary contribution in 2024.

Equity Plans

All of the Named Executive Officers participated in the Company's equity plans in 2024.

Termination

The treatment of equity upon termination of employment depends on the reason for the termination, the employee's age at termination and, for awards granted prior to 2022, length of service at termination. For awards granted in 2022 and later, continued vesting provisions apply in the event of an involuntary termination or participation in a Company-sponsored voluntary separation program. The tables below detail the termination provisions of the various equity award types.

Company

Award Type	Voluntary Separation Prior to Meeting Age Requirement of 60 Years	Separation After Meeting Age Requirement of 60 Years	Involuntary Separation (1)
Stock Options	Employees have six months to exercise vested options. Unvested options are forfeited. (2)	All options held at least 12 months vest. Employees have the full remaining term to exercise the options.	For stock options granted in 2022 and 2023, employees have six months to exercise vested options. For stock options granted in 2024 or later, employees have 12 months to exercise vested options. Unvested options are for
Restricted Stock / RSUs	Unvested awards are forfeited.	Some grants held at least 12 months vest upon meeting age requirement. Other unvested awards are forfeited.	Some grants with a vest date within 10 months after the date of termination shall continue to vest. Other unvested awards are forfeited.
PSUs	All PSUs are forfeited if separation occurs prior to certification of results and release of PSUs.	For grants held at least 12 months, the employee receives the same number of earned shares as active employees after the results are certified.	For grants with a vest date within 10 months after the date of termination, the employee receives the same number of earned shares as active employees after the results are certified. Other

Share Ownership

Compensation

Audit Matters

Shareowne

Annexes

Voting Roadmap

Governance

Death

If an employee dies, all options vest if the options have been accepted. For options granted in 2022 and later, the employee's estate has one year to exercise the options; for options granted prior to 2022, the employee's estate has five years to exercise the options. Provided they have been accepted, restricted stock and RSUs vest, and are released to the employee's estate. Provided the PSUs have been accepted, if death occurs during the performance period, the employee's estate receives a cash payment equal to the value of the target number of shares. For PSUs for which performance has been certified, the employee's estate receives a cash payment based on the certified results.

Disability

If an employee terminates employment because of disability, all options vest and the employee has the full remaining term to exercise the options. Restricted stock and RSUs vest and are released to the employee. For PSUs in the performance period, the employee receives a number of shares equal to the number of shares that the employee would have earned based on actual performance after the end of the performance period.

Change in Control

The treatment of equity awards upon a change in control is governed by the 2014 Equity Plan or the 2024 Equity Plan, as applicable. The table below details the "double-trigger" change in control provisions of the various equity award types if awards are assumed by the successor company. If awards are not assumed by the successor company, accelerated vesting generally occurs upon a change in control.

Award Type	Treatment
Stock Options	Options vest if an employee is terminated without cause within one year following the change in control.
Restricted Stock / RSUs	Shares vest if an employee is terminated without cause within one year following the change in control.
PSUs	PSUs vest if an employee is terminated without cause within two years following the change in control (i) at the target level if the change in control occurs during the first half of the performance period and (ii) based on actual performance if the change in control occurs during the second half of the performance period. In each case, the final payout is prorated based on time worked during the performance period.

⁽¹⁾ Applicable for involuntary separations due to specific circumstances, such as an internal reorganization, position elimination, or participation within a Company-sponsored voluntary separation program

⁽²⁾ Applicable for awards granted prior to 2022.

⁽³⁾ For stock options granted prior to 2022, all options held at least 12 months continue to vest for up to four years if certain age and service requirements are met.

Retirement and 401(k) Plans

All of the Named Executive Officers except for Mr. Arroyo were eligible to participate in the TCCC Pension Plan, the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan, the 401(k) Plan and the Supplemental 401(k) Plan in 2024. Mr. Arroyo participated in the Mobile Plan in 2024. Mr. Quincey has a benefit under the UK Savings Plan related to a prior period of employment. Mr. Arroyo has a benefit under the Spanish Savings Plan related to a prior period of employment.

Termination, Death, Disability

No payments may be made under the TCCC Pension Plan or the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan until an employee has separated from service and met eligibility requirements. Generally, no payments may be made under the 401(k) Plan, the Supplemental 401(k) Plan or the Mobile Plan until separation from service, except distributions may be taken from the 401(k) Plan after age 59½ and distributions related to mandatory tax payments may be made under the Mobile Plan, whether or not the employee has terminated employment.

Individuals who are designated as "specified employees" under Tax Code Section 409A may not receive payments from the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan, the Supplemental 401(k) Plan or the Mobile Plan for at least six months following termination of employment.

There are no enhanced benefits payable under the TCCC Pension Plan, the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan, the 401(k) Plan, the Supplemental 401(k) Plan, the Mobile Plan, the UK Savings Plan or the Spanish Savings Plan upon a participant's death or disability.

Change in Control

The TCCC Pension Plan and the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan contain change in control provisions that affect all participants equally, including the participating Named Executive Officers. These provisions provide an enhanced benefit to vested participants for benefits accrued under the defined benefit formula if certain conditions are met, including that the employee must actually leave the Company within two years of a change in control. A change in control has no effect on the cash balance portion of the TCCC Pension Plan, and there are no additional credited years of service. Upon a change in control under the TCCC Pension Plan and the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan, the earliest retirement age is reduced, resulting in an enhanced benefit for participants who have not reached the earliest retirement age. Ms. Mann would receive the enhanced benefit based on the reduced retirement age, but no other Named Executive Officer would receive such an enhanced benefit.

The 401(k) Plan, the Supplemental 401(k) Plan, the Mobile Plan, the UK Savings Plan and the Spanish Savings Plan do not have special provisions for a change in control.

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Quantification of Payments Upon Termination or Change in Control

The following table and footnotes describe the potential payments to the Named Executive Officers upon termination of employment or a change in control of the Company as of December 31, 2024.

The table does not include the following:

- compensation or benefits previously earned by the Named Executive Officers or equity awards that are fully vested;
- the value of pension benefits that are disclosed in the 2024 Pension Benefits table beginning on <u>page 71</u>, except for any pension enhancement triggered by the event, if applicable;
- the amounts payable under deferred compensation plans that are disclosed in the 2024 Nonqualified Deferred Compensation table on page 72; or
- the value of any benefits (such as retiree health coverage, life insurance and disability coverage) provided on the same basis to substantially all other employees in the country in which the relevant Named Executive Officer works.

	Voluntary Separation (\$) (a)	Involuntary Termination (\$) (b)	Death (\$) (c)	Disability (\$) (d)	Change in Control (\$) (e)
Mr. Quincey	` '	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	``	` '	``
Severance Payments	\$ 0	\$ 3,350,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Annual Incentive ⁽¹⁾	0	0	0	0	3,350,000
Stock Options ⁽²⁾	0	1,639,079	4,843,495	4,843,495	4,843,495
PSUs and Restricted Stock Units ⁽³⁾	0	259,310	28,032,752	0	31,789,147
Pension Enhancement	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	5,248,389	32,876,247	4,843,495	39,982,642
Mr. Murphy					
Severance Payments	0	2,217,280	0	0	0
Annual Incentive ⁽¹⁾	0	0	0	0	1,662,960
Stock Options ⁽²⁾	1,130,176	1,130,176	1,669,137	1,669,137	1,669,137
PSUs and Restricted Stock Units ⁽³⁾	0	86,436	9,764,921	0	11,243,969
Pension Enhancement	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	1,130,176	3,433,892	11,434,058	1,669,137	14,576,066
Mr. Arroyo					
Severance Payments	0	1,448,260	0	0	0
Annual Incentive ⁽¹⁾	0	0	0	0	905,163
Stock Options ⁽²⁾	0	447,026	971,439	971,439	971,439
PSUs and Restricted Stock Units ⁽³⁾	0	94,285	7,546,161	0	9,385,135
Pension Enhancement	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	1,989,571	8,517,600	971,439	11,261,737
Mr. Braun					
Severance Payments	0	1,470,000	0	0	0
Annual Incentive ⁽¹⁾	0	0	0	0	918,750
Stock Options ⁽²⁾	0	158,943	714,113	714,113	714,113
PSUs and Restricted Stock Units ⁽³⁾	0	41,904	4,969,469	0	5,583,477
Pension Enhancement	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL	0	1,670,847	5,683,582	714,113	7,216,340
Ms. Mann					
Severance Payments	0	1,460,160	0	0	0
Annual Incentive ⁽¹⁾	0	0	0	0	730,080
Stock Options ⁽²⁾	0	198,675	623,203	623,203	623,203
PSUs and Restricted Stock Units ⁽³⁾	0	41,904	4,071,929	0	4,776,961
Pension Enhancement	0	0	0	0	563,516
TOTAL	0	1,700,739	4,695,132	623,203	6,693,760

⁽¹⁾ Except upon a change in control, no amounts are included for the Annual Incentive Plan because the Named Executive Officers would be entitled to the same payment regardless of whether the event occurred. Upon a change in control, the target annual incentive amount is guaranteed (subject to proration if the participant leaves before the end of the year).

⁽²⁾ Represents the intrinsic value of the acceleration of vesting of any stock options that vest upon the event. Intrinsic value is the difference between the exercise price of the stock option and the closing price of Common Stock, which was \$62.26 on December 31, 2024, the last trading day of the year.

⁽³⁾ No amounts are included for the 2022-2024, 2023-2025, or 2024-2026 PSU programs for Voluntary Separation, Involuntary Termination and Disability because the PSUs remain subject to performance requirements even after the event. See page 56 for the status of these PSU programs.

Voluntary Separation (Column (a))

Amounts are included under "Stock Options" for Mr. Murphy because he has satisfied the age and service requirement, if applicable, for acceleration of vesting of certain equity awards held for at least 12 months. Messrs. Quincey, Arroyo and Braun and Ms. Mann have not satisfied the age and service requirement, if applicable, for acceleration of any equity awards and, therefore, no additional payments would be triggered upon voluntary separation.

Involuntary Termination (Column (b))

Amounts are included under "Stock Options" for Mr. Murphy because he has satisfied the age and service requirement, if applicable, for acceleration of vesting of certain equity awards held for at least 12 months. Amounts are included under "Stock Options" and "PSUs and Restricted Stock Units" for Messrs. Quincey, Arroyo and Braun and Ms. Mann because involuntary termination triggers continued vesting of certain equity awards after the age and service requirement, if applicable, has been met.

Death (Column (c))

Amounts are included under "Stock Options" and "PSUs and Restricted Stock Units" because death triggers acceleration of vesting of certain equity awards. The amounts for "PSUs and Restricted Stock Units" reflect the value of the target number of shares granted under the 2022-2024, 2023-2025 and 2024-2026 PSU programs.

Disability (Column (d))

Amounts are included under "Stock Options" because termination of employment caused by disability triggers acceleration of vesting or continued vesting of certain equity awards.

Change in Control (Column (e))

Amounts are included under "Stock Options" and "PSUs and Restricted Stock Units" because a change in control triggers acceleration of vesting of certain equity awards under certain conditions. Because equity awards have "double-trigger" change in control provisions, the table above assumes that both a change in control and a subsequent involuntary termination of employment have occurred. The amounts for "PSUs and Restricted Stock Units" reflect (i) the value of the number of shares granted under the 2022-2024 PSU program at the maximum award level; (ii) the value of the number of shares granted under the 2023-2025 PSU program at the target award level, prorated for two years of the performance period; and (iii) the value of the number of shares granted under the 2024-2026 PSU program at the target award level, prorated for one year of the performance period. A termination may also result in a severance payment under the TCCC Severance Plan, which is not assumed for purposes of Column (e).

EQUITY COMPENSATION PLAN INFORMATION

All numbers in the following table are as of December 31, 2024.

	Number of Securities to be Issued Upon Exercise of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Weighted-Average Exercise Price of Outstanding Options, Warrants and Rights	Number of Securities Remaining Available for Future Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans (Excluding Securities Reflected in Column (a))
Plan Category	(a)	(b)	(c)
Equity Compensation Plans Approved by Security Holders	40,213,899 ⁽¹⁾ \$	52.81 ⁽²⁾	255,630,739 ⁽³⁾
Equity Compensation Plans Not Approved by Security Holders	0	N/A	0
TOTAL	40,213,899		255,630,739

⁽¹⁾ Includes 30,559,193 shares issuable pursuant to outstanding options under the 2024 Equity Plan and the 2014 Equity Plan. The weighted-average exercise price of such options is \$52.81. Also includes 101,114 awards of shares outstanding under the GESPP and 9,553,592 full-value awards of shares outstanding under the 2024 Equity Plan, the 2014 Equity Plan and the 1989 Restricted Stock Award Plan, including (i) shares that may be issued pursuant to outstanding PSUs, based on certified financial results, where applicable, and otherwise assuming the target award is met and (ii) 73,479 shares of Common Stock issued under a prior global employee stock purchase plan in effect as a subplan of the 2014 Equity Plan.

Share units credited under the Supplemental 401(k) Plan and the Directors' Plan are not included in the table above since payouts under those plans are in cash.

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⁽²⁾ The weighted-average remaining contractual life of the outstanding options is 5.4 years.

⁽³⁾ Includes 240,865,221 shares that may be issued pursuant to future awards under the 2024 Equity Plan, including shares that may be issued pursuant to outstanding PSUs, based on certified financial results, where applicable, and otherwise assuming the target award is met. The 2024 Equity Plan uses a fungible share pool under which each share issued pursuant to an option reduces the number of shares available by one share, and each share issued pursuant to awards other than options reduces the number of shares available by three shares. The maximum term of the options is 10 years. See Long-Term Incentive Compensation beginning on page 54 for more information. Also includes 14,765,518 shares that may be issued from the GESPP.

The Company or its applicable subsidiary provides a matching contribution in Common Stock under various plans throughout the world. No shares are issued by the Company under any of these plans, and therefore these plans are not included in the table above. Shares are purchased on the open market by a third-party trustee. These plans are exempt from the shareowner approval requirements of the NYSE.

The Company also sponsors certain tax-advantaged employee share purchase plans in certain jurisdictions outside the United States. The Company does not grant or issue Common Stock pursuant to these plans but does facilitate the acquisition of Common Stock by employees in a cost-efficient manner. These plans are not equity compensation plans.

PAY RATIO DISCLOSURE

As required by SEC rules, we are providing the information below to explain the relationship between the annual total compensation of Mr. Quincey, who served as the Company's Chief Executive Officer in 2024, and the annual total compensation of the median employee of the Company, excluding our CEO. We identified the median employee using our employee population as of October 1, 2024.

The median annual total compensation disclosed below is based on the Company's global workforce and is not designed to capture the median compensation of the Company's U.S. employees. In addition, employees in flexible, part-time roles, such as certain employees at retail stores operated by Costa Limited, our coffee business, lower the annual total compensation for our median employee. Our compensation philosophy is to pay competitively to market and provide fair compensation regardless of the locale. The compensation approach used to determine compensation for our broader workforce is the same approach we use when setting CEO pay, including consideration of pay competitiveness and the use of performance-based incentives that reward exceptional business performance in each jurisdiction consistent with market practice. For more information regarding our compensation philosophy, see page 49.

For 2024, the median annual total compensation of all employees (other than the CEO) of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries was \$14,144. Mr. Quincey's annual total compensation for 2024, as reported under the "Total" column (j)) in the 2024 Summary Compensation Table, was \$28,002,284. Based on this information, for 2024, the ratio of the compensation of the CEO to the median annual total compensation of all other employees was estimated to be 1,980 to 1.

To identify, and to determine the annual total compensation of, the median employee, we used the following methodology:

- We collected the payroll data of all employees globally, whether employed on a full-time, part-time, temporary or seasonal basis as of October 1, 2024. We did not make any cost-of-living adjustments to compensation.
- We annualized the compensation of all permanent full-time and part-time employees who were hired by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries between January 1 and October 1, 2024.
- We applied an exchange rate as of October 1, 2024 to convert all foreign currencies into U.S. dollars.
- We used total base pay as of October 1, 2024 as our consistently applied compensation measure. We identified all employees within 5% of the median and, from this group, used statistical sampling to select an employee as a reasonable representative of our median employee.

Using this methodology, we determined that our median employee was a part-time, hourly barista employed in the United Kingdom by Costa Limited, with an annual total compensation of \$14,144 for 2024, calculated in accordance with the requirements of Item 402(c)(2)(x) of Regulation S-K. This calculation includes base pay and an employer retirement contribution.

We believe our pay ratio presented above is a reasonable estimate. The SEC rules for identifying the median employee and calculating the pay ratio allow companies to use different methodologies, exemptions, estimates and assumptions that reflect their employee populations and compensation practices. As a result, our pay ratio may not be comparable to the pay ratio reported by other companies.

PAY VERSUS PERFORMANCE DISCLOSURE

This disclosure has been prepared in accordance with the SEC's pay versus performance rules in Item 402(v) of Regulation S-K under the 1934 Act ("Item 402(v)") and does not necessarily reflect value actually realized by the Named Executive Officers or the Talent and Compensation Committee's methods for evaluating compensation decisions in light of Company or individual performance. For discussion of how the Talent and Compensation Committee seeks to align pay with performance when making compensation decisions, please review the Compensation Discussion and Analysis beginning on page 47.

The following tables and related disclosures provide information about (i) the total compensation ("SCT Total") of our principal executive officer ("PEO") and our non-PEO Named Executive Officers, collectively, the "Other NEOs") as presented in the Summary Compensation Table on page-64, (ii) the "compensation actually paid" ("CAP") to our PEO and our Other NEOs, as calculated pursuant to Item 402(v), (iii) certain financial performance measures, and (iv) the relationship of CAP to those financial performance measures.

	Summary Compensation	Compensation	Summary Compensation Table Total for non-PEO Named	Average Compensation Actually Paid to non-PEO Named	Inv	estm	al Fixed \$100 ent on Based on	Net	
Year	Table Total for PEO (\$)	Actually Paid to PEO	Executive Officers	Executive Officers (\$)	Total Shareholder Return		Peer Group Total Shareholder Return	Income (\$) (millions)	Organic Revenue Growth (non-GAAP)
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)		(g)	(h)	(ii)
2024	\$ 28,002,284	\$ 40,592,982	\$ 8,904,383	\$ 11,638,291	\$ 131	\$	121	\$ 10,649	12.0 %
2023	24,742,908	19,275,773	7,310,582	7,294,876	121		126	10,703	11.5 %
2022	22,822,519	54,495,284	7,731,933	16,456,021	126		132	9,571	16.0 %
2021	24,883,878	60,511,538	8,668,505	15,571,959	114		123	9,804	15.5 %
2020	18,383,474	2,270,190	6,153,532	2,584,955	102		108	7,768	(9.0)%

Names of PEO and Other NEOs (Column (b); Column (c); Column (d); Column (e))

2024 and 2023: PEO: James Quincey; Other NEOs: John Murphy, Manuel Arroyo, Henrique Braun and Jennifer Mann

2022: PEO: James Quincey; Other NEOs: John Murphy, Manuel Arroyo, Alfredo Rivera and Brian J. Smith

2021: PEO: James Quincey; Other NEOs: John Murphy, Manuel Arroyo, Alfredo Rivera, Brian J. Smith and Bradley M. Gayton

2020: PEO: James Quincey; Other NEOs: John Murphy, Manuel Arroyo, Bradley M. Gayton and Brian J. Smith

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Adjustments to Calculate Compensation Actually Paid to PEO (Column (c)) and Average Compensation Actually Paid to Other NEOs (Column (e))

The table below describes the adjustments, each of which is required by SEC rules, to calculate CAP from the SCT Total of our PEO (column (b)) and our Other NEOs (column (d)). The SCT Total and CAP do not reflect the actual amount of compensation earned by or paid to our executives during the applicable years, but rather are amounts determined in accordance with Item 402(v).

		202		2023		2022		2021		2020		
Adjustments SCT Total		PEO	Other NEOs*	PEO 24.742.908 \$	Other NEOs* 7.310.582 \$	PEO 22.822.519 \$	Other NEOs*	PEO 24.883.878 \$	Other NEOs*	PEO 18.383.474 \$	Other NEOs* 6.153.532	
	\$:	28,002,284	\$ 8,904,383 \$	24,742,908 \$	7,310,582 \$	22,822,519 \$	7,731,933 \$	24,883,878 \$	8,668,505 \$	18,383,474 \$	6,153,532	
Adjustments for defined benefit pension plans												
(Deduct): Aggregate change in actuarial												
present value included in SCT Total for												
the covered fiscal year		(996,674)	(399,889)	(921,282)	(396,887)	(490,035)	(405,368)	(293,215)	(170,695)	(759,678)	(415,224	
Add: Service cost for the covered fiscal		207.004	147,204	275 000	447.000	004.000	404.004	044.004	400.000	457.045	200 207	
year Add: Prior service cost for the covered		397,604	147,204	375,082	117,939	221,266	101,864	214,384	186,283	157,615	200,307	
fiscal year		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U		
Adjustments for stock awards and option awards**												
(Deduct): Aggregate value for stock												
awards and option awards included in												
SCT Total for the covered fiscal year	(18,137,304)	(3,698,129)	(15,516,570)	(3,663,637)	(14,133,339)	(4,064,153)	(16,472,735)	(3,982,125)	(14,591,093)	(4,358,086	
Add: Fair value at year end of awards granted during the covered fiscal year												
that were outstanding and unvested at												
the covered fiscal year end		31.822.084	6.597.859	21.893.789	5.169.372	24.679.920	7.158.191	39.672.363	8.896.040	7.155.518	2.761.88	
Add (Deduct): Year-over-year change in		31,022,004	0,337,033	21,090,709	3,103,372	24,013,320	7,130,131	39,072,303	0,030,040	7,133,310	2,701,000	
fair value at covered fiscal year end of												
awards granted in any prior fiscal year												
that were outstanding and unvested at												
the covered fiscal year end		(1,032,728)	(25,576)	(7,851,512)	(1,141,326)	19,902,921	5,525,189	15,006,128	3,307,124	(10,157,329)	(2,119,809	
Add: Vesting date fair value of awards		, ,	, , ,	, ,	, ,					, , , ,		
granted and vested during the covered												
fiscal year		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(
Add (Deduct): Change as of the vesting												
date (from the end of the prior fiscal												
year) in fair value of awards granted in												
any prior fiscal year for which vesting												
conditions were satisfied during the covered fiscal year		537.716	112,439	(3,446,642)	(101,167)	1,492,032	408,365	(2,499,265)	(494,044)	2,081,683	362,350	
(Deduct): Fair value at end of prior fiscal		537,716	112,439	(3,446,642)	(101,167)	1,492,032	408,300	(2,499,200)	(494,044)	2,081,083	362,350	
year of awards granted in any prior												
fiscal year that failed to meet the												
applicable vesting conditions during the												
covered fiscal year		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(839,129)	0	(
Add: Dividends or other earnings paid									. , ,			
on awards in the covered fiscal year												
prior to vesting if not otherwise included												
in the SCT Total for the covered fiscal												
year		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	C	
CAP Amounts (as calculated)	\$ 4	40,592,982	\$ 11,638,291 \$	19,275,773 \$	7,294,876 \$	54,495,284 \$	16,456,021 \$	60,511,538 \$	15,571,959 \$	2,270,190 \$	2,584,955	

^{*} Amounts presented are averages for the entire group of Other NEOs in each respective year.

Total Shareholder Return (Column (f); Column (g))

Total shareholder return assumes that dividends were reinvested on the day of issuance.

Peer Group Total Shareholder Return (Column (g))

The peer group used in this disclosure is the Dow Jones U.S. Food & Beverage Total Return Index, which is the same peer group used in Part II, Item 5 of our Form 10-K.

Net Income (Column (h))

Consolidated net income as reported in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income included in our Form 10-K.

^{**} To determine the value of stock options included in CAP, the lattice valuation model was used, which differs from the Black-Scholes valuation model that was used at grant date. The lattice valuation model was deemed most appropriate because it is better able to value stock options at varying levels of stock price relative to the option exercise price and is consistent with valuation methodologies permitted under GAAP.

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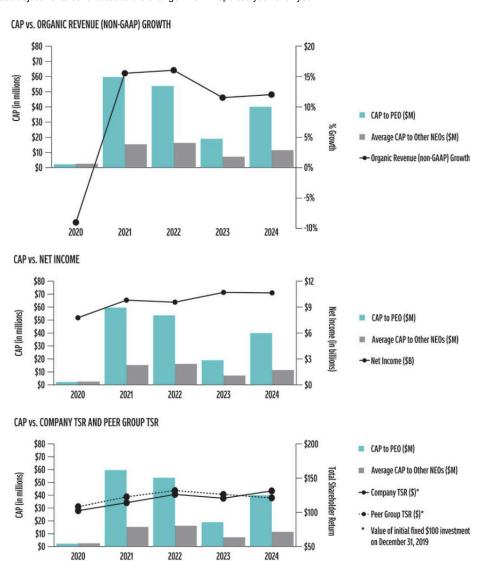
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Relationship Between Compensation Actually Paid and Performance

The graphs below show the relationship of CAP to our PEO and Other NEOs to (i) the Company's organic revenue (non-GAAP) growth, (ii) the Company's consolidated net income and (iii) TSR of both the Company and the Dow Jones U.S. Food & Beverage Total Return Index ("Peer Group TSR").

CAP, as calculated in accordance with Item 402(v), reflects, among other items, adjustments to the fair value of equity awards during the years presented. Factors impacting the fair value of equity awards include the price of our Common Stock at year end, as well as the projected and actual achievement of performance goals. These adjustments contributed to the change in CAP reported year-over-year.



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REPORT OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee operates under a written charter, adopted by the Board, that outlines the Audit Committee's responsibilities and the practices it follows. You can view the charter on the Company's website, **www.coca-colacompany.com**, by clicking on "Investors," then "Corporate Governance" and then "Documents." The Audit Committee reviews and assesses the adequacy of its charter at least annually and, when appropriate, recommends to the Board changes to the charter to reflect the evolving role of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee is composed entirely of non-employee Directors who meet the independence and financial literacy requirements of the NYSE and additional, heightened independence criteria applicable to members of the Audit Committee under SEC and NYSE rules. For 2024, the Board designated each of Amity Millhiser, Christopher C. Davis and David B. Weinberg as an "Audit Committee financial expert" under the SEC rules.

Primary Responsibilities and 2024 Actions

The Audit Committee represents and assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibility relating to the integrity of the Company's financial statements and the financial reporting process, the systems of internal accounting and financial controls, the internal audit function and the annual independent audit of the Company's financial statements. The Audit Committee oversees the Company's compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; the Independent Auditors' qualifications and independence; the performance of the Company's internal audit function and the Independent Auditors; the Company's ethical compliance programs, including the Company's Codes of Business Conduct; the Company's quality and food safety programs; the Company's workplace and distribution safety programs; and cybersecurity. The Audit Committee also generally oversees the Company's overall ERM program and has direct oversight over financial reporting and controls. In addition, the Audit Committee has oversight over certain processes related to the Company's significant external sustainability disclosures.

At the request of the Audit Committee, during some of its meetings, the Audit Committee participates in educational sessions on accounting and financial control matters, cybersecurity and on areas of the Company's operations, including some of the areas of risk it oversees.

In 2024, the Audit Committee held ten meetings, including one joint meeting with the Corporate Governance and Sustainability Committee. Meeting agendas are established by the Audit Committee Chair and the Chief of Internal Audit. During 2024, among other things, the Audit Committee did the following:

- met with the senior members of the Company's financial management team at each regularly scheduled meeting.
- during its regularly scheduled meetings, held separate, private sessions with each of the Company's Global General Counsel, the Independent Auditors
 and the Chief of Internal Audit, at which candid discussions regarding financial management, legal, tax, accounting, auditing and internal control matters
 took place:
- continued its long-standing practice of having independent legal counsel regularly attend Audit Committee meetings;
- met with the Chief Ethics and Compliance Officer to discuss the effectiveness of the Company's compliance programs and regularly received status reports of compliance issues;
- received periodic updates on management's process to assess the adequacy of the Company's system of internal control over financial reporting, the
 framework used to make the assessment and management's conclusions on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting;
- discussed with the Independent Auditors the Company's internal control assessment process, management's assessment with respect thereto and the Independent Auditors' evaluation of the Company's system of internal control over financial reporting;
- reviewed and discussed with management and the Independent Auditors the Company's earnings releases and Quarterly and Annual Reports on Form 10-Q and Form 10-K, respectively, prior to filing with the SEC;
- reviewed the Company's internal audit plan and the performance of the Company's internal audit function;
- reviewed with senior members of the Company's financial management team, the Independent Auditors and the Chief of Internal Audit the overall audit scope and plans, the results of internal and external audits, evaluations by management and the Independent Auditors of the Company's internal control over financial reporting and the quality of the Company's financial reporting;

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- reviewed with management, including the Chief of Internal Audit and the Global General Counsel, and the Independent Auditors, significant risks and
 exposures identified by management, the overall adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's legal, regulatory and ethical compliance programs,
 including the Company's Codes of Business Conduct, the Company's quality and food safety programs, workplace and distribution safety programs,
 significant external sustainability disclosures and cybersecurity;
- evaluated the performance of the Company's Independent Auditors;
- · received regular updates from management and discussed Company initiatives; and
- participated with representatives of management and the Independent Auditors in educational sessions about topics requested by the Audit Committee.

Oversight of Independent Auditors

The Audit Committee engaged EY as the Company's Independent Auditors for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024. In its meetings with representatives of the Independent Auditors, the Audit Committee asks them to address, and discuss their responses to, several questions that the Audit Committee believes are particularly relevant to its oversight.

These questions include the following:

- Are there any significant accounting judgments or estimates made by management in preparing the financial statements that would have been made differently had the Independent Auditors prepared and been responsible for the financial statements?
- Based on the Independent Auditors' experience and their knowledge of the Company, do the Company's financial statements fairly present to investors, with clarity and completeness, the Company's financial position and performance for the reporting period in accordance with GAAP and SEC disclosure requirements?
- Based on the Independent Auditors' experience and their knowledge of the Company, has the Company implemented internal controls and internal audit
 procedures that are appropriate for the Company?

The Audit Committee believes that using these questions to help focus its discussions with the Independent Auditors promotes a more meaningful dialogue that provides a basis for its oversight judgment.

The Audit Committee also discussed with the Independent Auditors those matters required to be discussed by the applicable requirements of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (the "PCAOB") and the SEC. The Audit Committee received the written disclosures and the letter from the Independent Auditors required by applicable requirements of the PCAOB regarding the Independent Auditors' communication with the Audit Committee concerning independence and has discussed with the Independent Auditors their independence. The Audit Committee and the Independent Auditors considered whether the Independent Auditors' provision of non-audit services to the Company during 2024 was compatible with the Independent Auditors' independence.

2024 Audited Financial Statements

In its oversight role, the Audit Committee relies on the work and assurances of the Company's management, which has the responsibility for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting and for preparing the financial statements and other reports, and of the Independent Auditors, who are engaged to audit and report on the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries and the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

The Audit Committee has reviewed and discussed with management and the Independent Auditors the audited financial statements in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024, including a discussion of the quality, not just the acceptability, of the accounting principles, the reasonableness of significant accounting judgments and estimates, and the clarity of disclosures in the financial statements. In addressing the quality of management's accounting judgments, members of the Audit Committee asked for management's representations, reviewed certifications prepared by the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer that the unaudited quarterly and audited consolidated financial statements of the Company fairly present, in all material respects, the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company, and expressed to both management and the Independent Auditors their general preference for conservative policies when a range of accounting options is available.

In reliance on these reviews and discussions, and the reports of the Independent Auditors, the Audit Committee has recommended to the Board, and the Board has approved, that the audited financial statements be included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2024 for filing with the SEC.



AMITY MILLHISEF Chair



CHRISTOPHER C. DAVIS



CAROLINE J. TSAY



DAVID B. WEINBERG





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ITEM 3:

RATIFICATION OF THE APPOINTMENT OF ERNST & YOUNG LLP AS INDEPENDENT AUDITORS



The Board of Directors recommends a vote FOR the ratification of the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as independent auditors

WHAT AM I VOTING ON?

Shareowners are being asked to ratify the appointment of EY, a registered public accounting firm, to serve as the Company's Independent Auditors for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2025. Although the Audit Committee has the sole authority to appoint the Independent Auditors, the Board submits its selection of the Independent Auditors to our shareowners for ratification as a matter of good corporate governance. If the shareowners should not ratify the appointment of EY, the Audit Committee will reconsider the appointment.

The Audit Committee has the sole authority and responsibility to hire, evaluate and, when appropriate, replace the Company's Independent Auditors and, in its capacity as a committee of the Board, is directly responsible for the appointment, compensation and general oversight of the work of the Independent Auditors.

The Audit Committee has appointed EY to serve as Independent Auditors for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2025. EY (including its predecessors) has served as the Company's Independent Auditors since 1921.

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Annual Evaluation and Selection of Independent Auditors

The Audit Committee annually evaluates the performance of the Company's Independent Auditors, including the senior audit engagement team, and determines whether to reengage the current Independent Auditors or consider other audit firms. Factors considered by the Audit Committee in deciding whether to retain EY, the current Independent Auditors, include the following:

- EY's global capabilities:
- EY's technical expertise and knowledge of the Company's global operations and industry;
- the quality and candor of EY's communications with the Audit Committee and Company management;
- EY's independence;
- the quality and efficiency of the services provided by EY, including input from management on EY's performance and how effectively EY has demonstrated its independent judgment, objectivity and professional skepticism;
- external data on audit quality and performance, including recent PCAOB reports on EY and its peer firms; and
- the appropriateness of EY's fees, EY's tenure as Independent Auditors, including the benefits of a longer tenure, and the controls and processes in place that help ensure EY's continued independence.

Benefits of Longer Tenure

- Enhanced audit quality EY's significant institutional knowledge and deep expertise of the Company's global business, accounting policies and practices, and internal control over financial reporting enhance audit quality.
- Competitive fees Because of EY's familiarity with the Company, audit and other fees are competitive with those of EY's peer companies.
- Avoidance of costs associated with a new auditor Bringing on new Independent Auditors would be costly and would require a significant time
 commitment, which could lead to management distractions.

Independence Controls

- Audit Committee oversight Oversight includes regular private sessions with EY, discussion with EY about the scope of audit and business imperatives, a comprehensive annual evaluation when determining whether to reengage EY and direct involvement by the Audit Committee and its Chair in the selection of the new lead assurance engagement partner and new global coordinating partner in connection with the mandated rotation of these positions.
- Limits on non-audit services The Audit Committee pre-approves audit and permissible non-audit services provided by EY in accordance with its pre-approval policy.
- ✓ EY's internal independence process EY conducts periodic internal reviews of its audit and other work, assesses the adequacy of partners and other personnel working on the Company's account and rotates the lead assurance engagement partner, the global coordinating partner and other partners on the engagement consistent with independence requirements. A new lead assurance engagement partner was appointed in 2022, and a new global coordinating partner was appointed in 2024.
- Strong regulatory framework EY, as an independent registered public accounting firm, is subject to PCAOB inspections, "Big 4" peer reviews from other premier accounting firms and PCAOB and SEC oversight.

Based on this evaluation, the Audit Committee and the Board believe that retaining EY to serve as Independent Auditors for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2025 is in the best interests of the Company and its shareowners.

Audit Fees and All Other Fees

The Audit Committee is responsible for approving the audit and permissible non-audit services provided by the Independent Auditors and the associated fees

The following table shows the fees for audit and other services provided by EY for fiscal years 2024 and 2023.

	(In	2024 Fees thousands)	(In	2023 Fees thousands)	Description
Audit Fees	\$	32,104	\$	31,789	Includes fees associated with the annual audit and the audit of internal control over financial reporting, comfort letters issued in 2024, the reviews of the Company's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, and statutory audits required internationally.
Audit-Related Fees		5,078		3,514	Fees for services that are reasonably related to the performance of the audit or review of financial statements and are not included in "Audit Fees." These services principally include due diligence in connection with acquisitions, audits of certain employee benefit plans' financial statements, consultation on accounting and internal control matters, information systems audits and other attest services.
Tax Fees		8,224		7,637	Fees for tax services, including tax compliance, tax advice and tax planning.
All Other Fees		162		432	Fees for services that are not included in the above categories and primarily include benchmarking services.
TOTAL	\$	45,568	\$	43,372	

Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Audit and Permissible Non-Audit Services of Independent Auditors

The Audit Committee pre-approves all audit and permissible non-audit services provided by the Independent Auditors. These services may include audit services, audit-related services, tax services and other services. The Audit Committee has adopted a policy for the pre-approval of services provided by the Independent Auditors.

Under the policy, pre-approval is generally provided for work associated with the following:

- registration statements under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (for example, comfort letters or consents);
- statutory or other financial audit work for non-U.S. subsidiaries that is not required for the 1934 Act audits;
- due diligence work for potential acquisitions or dispositions;
- attest services not required by statute or regulation;
- adoption of new accounting pronouncements or auditing and disclosure requirements for financial or non-financial data and accounting or regulatory consultations;
- internal control reviews and assistance with internal control reporting requirements;
- · review of information systems security and controls;
- tax compliance, tax planning and related tax services, excluding any tax service prohibited by regulatory or other oversight authorities, expatriate and other individual tax services; and
- assistance and consultation on questions raised by regulatory agencies.

For each proposed service, the Independent Auditors provide the Audit Committee with a description of the service and sufficient information to confirm the Independent Auditors' determination that the provision of such service will not impair the Independent Auditors' independence.

The Audit Committee has approved in advance certain permitted services whose scope is routine across the Company's operating units, including statutory or other financial audit work for non-U.S. subsidiaries that is not required for the 1934 Act audits.

Other Information

One or more representatives of EY will be present at the 2025 Annual Meeting. The representatives will have an opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so and will be available to respond to appropriate questions.

Ratification of the appointment of EY as Independent Auditors requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast by the holders of the shares of Common Stock voting in person or by proxy at the 2025 Annual Meeting.

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ITEMS 4-9:

SHAREOWNER PROPOSALS



The Board of Directors recommends a vote AGAINST each of the shareowner proposals

WHAT AM I VOTING ON?

The following proposals were submitted by shareowners. If the shareowner proponent of each proposal, or a representative who is qualified under state law, is present and submits the proposal for a vote, then the proposal will be voted on at the 2025 Annual Meeting.

In accordance with federal securities regulations, we included the shareowner proposal plus any supporting statements exactly as submitted by the proponent. The proposals may contain assertions about the Company or other matters that we believe are incorrect, but we have not attempted to refute all of those assertions. To ensure readers can easily distinguish between materials provided by the proponent and materials provided by the Company, we have placed a black box around the materials provided by the proponent and a teal box around materials provided by the Company. Information contained on or accessible through any website links included in the proposals, supporting statements, and the responses from our Board is not incorporated in, and does not constitute a part of, this Proxy Statement.

If proposals are submitted by more than one shareowner, we only list the primary filer's name, address and stock ownership. We also list the name of any co-filing proponent if specifically requested by such proponent. We will furnish the name, address and stock ownership of all co-filing proponents upon written request to the Corporate Secretary, addressed to the Office of the Secretary as specified in question 28 on page 109.

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ITEM 4:

Shareowner Proposal Regarding an Assessment of Non-Sugar Sweeteners

CommonSpirit Health, 444 West Lake Street, Suite 2500, Chicago, IL 60606, the beneficial owner for at least three years of Company Common Stock having a market value of at least \$2,000, as lead filer, and other co-filers, including the Benedictine Sisters of Mount St. Scholastica, the Congregation of Benedictine Sisters (San Antonio, TX) and Missionary Oblates of Mary Immaculate, United States Province, submitted the following proposal:

RESOLVED,

Shareholders of The Coca-Cola Company ("Coca-Cola" or the "Company") request the Board of Directors issue a third party assessment, at reasonable expense and excluding proprietary information, on the Company's efforts to assess and mitigate potential health harms associated with the use of non-sugar sweeteners ("NSS").

The report should cover how the Company evaluates potential health impacts of NSS in its products, including governmental and other safety authorities/experts relied upon for NSS guidance, and the Company's affiliation with and/or financial support of researchers/research institutions, international agencies, or reporting/regulatory bodies studying or making health or safety recommendations about NSS.

WHEREAS,

The Access to Nutrition Initiative US Index 2022 ranked Coca-Cola last among eleven of the largest US food and beverage companies in delivering healthy, affordable products, noting that it was the only company in the Index without a nutrient profiling system.¹

The World Health Organization recommended "against the use of non-sugar sweeteners (NSS) to control body weight or reduce the risk of noncommunicable diseases," and a 2022 meta-analysis found no associated long-term weight reduction benefits. The International Agency for Research on Cancer classified NSS Aspartame - used in some Coca-Cola products - as "possibly carcinogenic to humans." A BMJ study found an increased risk of cardiovascular diseases, warning that NSS should not be used as a sugar replacement. A 2022 study identified issues with memory in adults, associated with NSS consumption in youth, even at FDA-approved levels.

Recent research found that prolonged NSS intake is associated with insulin resistance and glucose intolerance. NSS is up to 20,000 times sweeter than sugar. This intense increase in sweetness has been found to decrease palatability in less sweet food, like fruits, while increasing a drive to choose sweet food over other more nutritious options.

Some South American countries require warning labels on products containing NSS. ¹⁰ Mexico requires warnings about NSS consumption in children, banning health-related claims and preventing child-focused marketing. ¹¹ South Africa is poised to implement regulations requiring NSS warning labels in 2025. ¹²

Coca-Cola states that 19 of its top 20 brands are NSS beverages, deemed safe according to testing done by "globally recognized food safety authorities." ¹³ Governing food authorities are often decades behind in reviewing products. The FDA last reviewed/approved Aspartame in 1996¹⁴ and Ace-K in 2003, ¹⁵ both of which are in Coke Zero and whose combination has been found to increase DNA damaging activity. ¹⁶

As the Company moves to more NSS beverage options, youth, Black and Hispanic populations continue to be a focus, most recently with a Sprite Zero campaign that appeals to communities of color and Gen Z.^{17,18} Trading a portfolio of sugary beverages for one of NSS products, and intentionally targeting associated advertising at populations more vulnerable to adverse health outcomes, warrants a robust review of impartial science.

¹ https://accesstonutrition.org/index/us-index-2022/

² https://www.who.int/news/item/15-05-2023-who-advises-not-to-use-non-sugar-sweeteners-for-weight-control-in-newly-released-guideline

³ https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC5764193/

⁴ https://www.iarc.who.int/news-events/aspartame-hazard-and-risk-assessment-results-released/

⁵ https://www.bmj.com/content/378/bmj-2022-071204

⁶ https://dornsife.usc.edu/news/stories/sugar-substitute-impair-memory-later/#

⁷ https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamapediatrics/fullarticle/2814105?resultClick=1

⁸ https://publications.aap.org/pediatrics/article/144/5/e20192765/38183/The-Use-of-Nonnutritive-Sweeteners-in-Children

⁹ https://www.health.harvard.edu/blog/artificial-sweeteners-sugar-free-but-at-what-cost-201207165030

¹⁰ https://www.worldobesity.org/news/new-who-guideline-advises-not-to-use-non-sugar-sweeteners-for-weight-control

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ſ	11 https://www.l	khlaw.com/insights/co	uld-mexicos-new-v	warning-labels-trigger	-labeling-laws-else	where		

- 12 https://foodcomplianceinternational.com/industry-insight/news/3135-warning-labels-on-unhealthy-foods-mandatory-by-2025

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 https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC8227014/#
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- 17 https://lbbonline.com/news/sprite-zero-sugar-appeals-to-impatient-gen-z-with-asmr-fuelled-relaunch-campaign
- ¹⁸ https://www.ana.net/miccontent/show/id/cs-2023-11-mca-sprite-zero-sugar-11595

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The Board's Statement in Opposition to Item 4

The Board of Directors recommends shareowners vote AGAINST this shareowner proposal.

This proposal requests that the Board issue a third-party assessment "on the Company's efforts to assess and mitigate potential health harms associated with the use of non-sugar sweeteners ("NSS")." However, no additional third-party assessment could usefully contribute to the abundant reporting and assessments issued by various food safety bodies and regulatory authorities, provided in detail below.

First, it is important that shareowners understand that the Company has strong confidence in the science behind the safety of our ingredients. The Company has very high standards, and one quality standard around the world recognized by global food safety authorities. All ingredients used in Company products, including NSS, have been thoroughly assessed by leading food safety bodies and are authorized for use by government regulatory authorities in each operating market. Several regulators and food safety bodies have reaffirmed the safety of NSS, including the Japanese Food Safety Commission and the European Commission, who state that "no health concerns" have been identified.

When consumed as part of a balanced diet and lifestyle, expert bodies and public health agencies have concluded that sugar alternatives can help consumers meet public health recommendations to reduce added sugars and serve as a tool to control calories and manage body weight, including Public Health England (PHE, 2017), the U.S. Dietary Guidelines Advisory Committee (US DGAC, 2020) and the U.S. Dietary Guidelines for Americans (US DGA, 2020).

Sugar alternatives also play a key role in offering dietary choices to people living with diabetes. In fact, the value of sugar alternatives in diabetes management is recognized by global diabetes associations including the European Association for the Study of Diabetes (2023), the American Diabetes Association (2024), Diabetes Canada (2018) and Diabetes UK (2018). Beyond their direct health benefits, NSS help make food systems more sustainable by using fewer resources in their production.

Regarding individual NSS approvals, on July 13, 2023, the Joint Expert Committee on Food Additives ("JECFA"), the leading global scientific body which since 1955 is responsible for evaluating the safety of food additives and providing advice to member state governments, reaffirmed the safety of aspartame. Shortly after the JECFA report was released, nearly 30 national food safety authorities, including the U.S. Food and Drug Administration ("FDA"), reaffirmed the safety of aspartame. The JECFA conclusions are consistent with the prior findings of more than 100 studies and more than 90 food safety agencies globally, including the European Food Safety Authority, the FDA, the United Kingdom Food Standards Agency and China's Public Health Ministry. As part of its comprehensive assessment, JECFA examined the International Agency for Research on Cancer ("IARC") conclusions on aspartame and found no concern for human health.

IARC is not a food safety body and does not determine if there is a risk of cancer from realistic exposures from food and beverages. JECFA, on the other hand, is the recognized international expert in food additive safety. It reviewed the studies used by IARC and numerous others specific to aspartame and found the alleged associations with cancer "not convincing."

Furthermore, the FDA, which regulates all ingredients used in the U.S. market, said:

The FDA disagrees with IARC's conclusion that these studies support classifying aspartame as a possible carcinogen to humans. FDA scientists reviewed the scientific information included in IARC's review in 2021 when it was first made available and identified significant shortcomings in the studies on which IARC relied. We note that JECFA did not raise safety concerns for aspartame under the current levels of use and did not change the Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI).

Aspartame is one of the most studied food additives in the human food supply. FDA scientists do not have safety concerns when aspartame is used under the approved conditions. The sweetener is approved in many countries. Regulatory and scientific authorities, such as Health Canada and the European Food Safety Authority have evaluated aspartame and also consider it safe at current permitted use levels.¹

We continue to make progress on sugar reduction in our beverages by changing our recipes to reduce added sugar as well as by using our global marketing resources and distribution network to boost awareness of, and interest in, our ever-expanding portfolio of low- and no-calorie beverages as well as smaller packaging options, such as the 7.5-ounce mini can, which offer consumers a portion-controlled option. We have also been accelerating the expansion of beverage options across our portfolio such as tea, coconut water, dairy and plant-based beverages, juice, water and coffee.

¹ https://www.fda.gov/food/food-additives-petitions/aspartame-and-other-sweeteners-food



The Board of Directors recommends a vote against the shareowner proposal regarding an assessment of non-sugar sweeteners.

ITEM 5:

Shareowner Proposal Regarding a Report on Food Waste

The Accountability Board, Inc., 401 Edgewater Place, Suite 600, Wakefield, MA 01880, the beneficial owner for at least one year of Company Common Stock having a market value of at least \$25,000, submitted the following proposal:

RESOLVED: Shareholders ask Coca-Cola to publish a report that: (1) identifies the types and quantities of food and beverage waste in its global waste streams (including related disposal methods), and (2) establishes measurable/timebound targets for reducing that waste.

DEAR FELLOW SHAREHOLDERS:

Coca-Cola's 2022 Business & Sustainability Report is replete with pledges to reduce certain types of waste, and even has a seven-page section titled, "Packaging: World Without Waste." But it never once addresses, nor even references, <u>food</u> waste. Neither does its 2023 Environmental Update (published August 2024).

This is perhaps especially relevant for Costa Coffee.

Coca-Cola owns Costa Coffee, which has nearly 4,000 cafés and 14,000 self-serve coffee bars worldwide, the food waste from which poses significant social, environmental, and economic concerns. For example, decomposing food in landfills generates significant greenhouse gas emissions and wasted food production consumes vast amounts of freshwater, fertilizer, and cropland.

Reducing food waste, however, mitigates such concerns—while also providing financial advantages.

In fact, a study by Champions 12.3—whose leadership includes the CEOs of Nestle and Rabobank, as well as the U.S. Secretary of Agriculture and Chief Economist for the U.N. Food & Agriculture Organization—found that "for every \$1 restaurants invested to cut down on food waste, they saved on average \$7 in operating costs over a three-year period. That's a 600% return on investment."

Further, Glass Lewis calls food waste "a growing issue that affects companies and their stakeholders and that has significant economic and environmental and social ramifications." And Institutional Shareholder Services (ISS) says it's "a growing area of concern globally and...is also starting to be addressed by regulators."

Yet, neither Coca-Cola nor Costa discloses food waste measurements or measurable/timebound reduction targets.

Coca-Cola has such targets for <u>other</u> waste though. So does Costa—like serving 25% of its beverages in reusable or refillable containers by 2030. Costa also has a surplus food donation policy and states, only generally, that it has some other food waste objectives.

But for years now, Costa's website has included this claim: "We're striving to get better data on exactly how much food gets wasted across our stores, so that we can put in place interim targets to achieve our ultimate aspiration that 'no edible food should go to waste'."

After years of striving though, shareholders still await the data and targets.

By contrast, for example, Starbucks—a major Costa competitor—measured and disclosed the types/quantities of food and beverages in its waste streams (including disposal methods) *years* ago and has a measurable target to halve its food waste by 2030.^{1,2}

We agree with BlackRock: "The need for solutions that...lower food waste and provide alternatives to scarce resources has never been greater."

Looking ahead, we believe identifying food waste totals and implementing timebound reduction targets would substantially advance the company's management of this hugely consequential issue. Thank you.

¹ www.bit.ly/Starbucks-Report

² www.bit.ly/Starbucks-Goal

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The Board's Statement in Opposition to Item 5

The Board of Directors recommends shareowners vote AGAINST this shareowner proposal.

Food waste is a global challenge, and we all have a part to play in reducing it.

For The Coca-Cola Company's global system generally, our operations result in little food waste. It is important to note that our Company purchases processed ingredients from industrial suppliers which are used in our beverages and sold in shelf-stable formats, such as orange juice, apple juice and refined sugar, which, again, results in little food waste.

The proponent states that food waste is especially relevant for a business like Costa Limited ("Costa"). The Coca-Cola Company owns Costa, which has over 4,000 company- and franchise-operated cafés and approximately 16,000 self-serve coffee bars worldwide.

In Costa's UK company-operated stores, waste data is recorded in detail and monitored against internal goals. To help reduce food waste, Costa has deployed a number of interventions, including optimizing product ranges, improving forecasting and stock management, and discounting goods with shorter shelf lives. Where possible, surplus food and coffee ground waste is also collected and sent to facilities who give waste a second life, for example, through anaerobic digestion or production of biomass fuels.

For a number of years, Costa has been engaged in industry collaborations, including efforts to divert surplus edible food waste. As an example, in 2023, Costa saved over 800,000 bags of food through its work with a UK surplus food rescue redistribution organization.

At The Coca-Cola Company, we focus our efforts where we can have the greatest impact, specifically at the intersection of our sustainability priorities of water, packaging and climate. We are committed to reporting on these areas in the future along with fulfilling the requirements of relevant regulatory schemes.

Because of the points outlined above, the Board believes that developing a dedicated and separate report to address this shareowner proposal is unnecessary, duplicative and an imprudent use of resources.



The Board of Directors recommends a vote against the shareowner proposal regarding a report on food waste.

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ITEM 6:

Shareowner Proposal Regarding Creation of an Improper Influence Board Committee

National Center for Public Policy Research, 2005 Massachusetts Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20036, the beneficial owner for at least three years of Company Common Stock having a market value of at least \$2,000, submitted the following proposal:

Improper Influence Report

Resolved: Shareholders request that the Board of Directors create a board-level Improper Influence Committee to assess the extent to which the Company's decision-making has been improperly influenced, contrary to best practices, by the non-pecuniary policy preferences of directors, executives, or money managers with their own custodial obligations. The Company should issue a public report on the committee's findings by the end of 2025.

Supporting Statement: Most of the claims made about corporate initiatives falling under the "ESG" banner commonly wilted into improbability under honest and objective analysis, and real-world application has supported the objective skeptics' positions rather than those of the covert partisans.

For example, the Company has set a goal to reduce "absolute emissions by 25% by 2030 against a 2015 baseline." 1 Yet emissions reductions are effectively pointless unless China, India, and the developing world implement similarly value-destroying initiatives. Instead, those countries appear quite happy to accept the competitive edge that comes from letting others commit to expensive, unreliable energy while they continue adding traditional, effective carbon fuel and carbon emissions.²

Similarly, the Company remains committed to DEI³ despite the fact that recent events have made clear that corporate DEI programs are so anti-American in their neo-racist and neo-Marxist attempts to distribute benefits and impose costs on employees and others on the basis of race that all it takes is for one man with a large following to simply expose a corporation's DEI program to the public for that company to lose tens of billions of dollars in market cap when its customers boycott in revulsion.⁴

Yet another example: The Company remains a perfect scorer on the Human Rights Campaign's so-called Corporate Equality Index.⁵ That perfect score is arguably an admission by our directors of their self-dealing, partisan-driven breach⁶ – yet remains a point of their pride. Again, consumers have repeatedly destroyed the value of companies pushing these divisive and radical policies.⁷

All of this raises the specter that the Company's decision-making has to some material extent been hijacked by activists posing as (a) fiduciaries or (b) bottom-line-driven investors. The board's duty is to identify and eliminate all such value-destroying distortions.

Two recent Harvard Law School Forum on Corporate Governance pieces highlighted the need for boards to improve such oversight and, accordingly, the appropriateness of shareholders encouraging them to do so. The first noted that "directors are increasingly prioritizing their role in the oversight and governance of human capital," and that the "dynamic business landscape requires boards' increasing focus on human capital governance and risk." The second, recommended boards "advocate for enhanced reporting on risks and fill knowledge gaps." 10

Finally, Cooley reported that "57% of directors say that they have not discussed their companies' positions on [social and public policy] issues with their boards in the past year," and saw "ESG on the board agenda declining from 55% in 2022 to 47% in 2024." 11

¹ https://www.coca-colacompany.com/content/dam/company/us/en/reports/2023-environmental-update/2023-environmental-update/pdf

 $^{{}^2\,}https://www.wsj.com/opinion/cop29-azerbaijan-ilham-aliyev-fossil-fuels-united-nations-climate-conference-348b9e2e$

³ https://www.coca-colacompany.com/social/diversity-and-inclusion

⁴ https://www.washingtonexaminer.com/news/3183349/anti-dei-crusader-robby-starbuck-predicts-rout-big-business-trump-wins/

⁵ https://www.hrc.org/resources/buyers-guide/coca-cola-co.-the-4

⁶ https://x.com/StefanPadfield/status/1852357530548150328

https://www.washingtonexaminer.com/news/3183349/anti-dei-crusader-robby-starbuck-predicts-rout-big-business-trump-wins/

⁸ https://clsbluesky.law.columbia.edu/2024/07/19/enhanced-scrutiny-and-the-omnipresent-specter-of-political-bias/

⁹ https://corpgov.law.harvard.edu/2024/10/25/why-boards-are-focused-on-human-capital-governance-and-risk/

¹⁰ https://corpgov.law.harvard.edu/2024/10/31/corporate-board-of-directors-latest-findings-from-pulse-survey/

¹¹ https://cooleypubco.com/2024/10/30/pwcs-2024-directors-survey/

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The Board's Statement in Opposition to Item 6

The Board of Directors recommends shareowners vote AGAINST this shareowner proposal.

The Board believes that the requested board committee and resulting report recommended in the proposal are not necessary.

Board committees are a critical component of a company's governance structure. Each committee has a particular purpose, and the committees enable boards to study in more depth the key elements of a company's business. The Company's Board utilizes committees as part of its governance framework to enable the Board to operate efficiently.

The formation of a new Board committee should be taken seriously and support the Company's strategy for building shareowner value. Creating a new committee to address an isolated and perceived issue of a stakeholder is not an appropriate use of time or resources.

The proponent argues that a new committee is needed because decisions made by the Company (the Board and management), which are cited in the proposal, are "value destroying." The Board disagrees with this claim.

Finally, we believe that the viability of such a committee is questionable, with little chance of tangible outcomes.

For these reasons, the Board believes that creating a board committee and report to address this shareowner proposal is not necessary.



creation of an improper influence board committee.

The Board of Directors recommends a vote against the shareowner proposal regarding

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ITEM 7:

Shareowner Proposal Regarding DEI Goals in Executive Pay

National Legal and Policy Center, 107 Park Washington Court, Falls Church, VA 22046, the beneficial owner for at least three years of Company Common Stock having a market value of at least \$2,000, submitted the following proposal:

Revisit DEI Goals in Executive Pay Incentives

WHEREAS: Since the June 2023 U.S. Supreme Court decision in *Students for Fair Admissions v. Harvard College*, hundreds of higher education institutions have shuttered their diversity, equity and inclusion (DEI) programs and positions.²

Consequently, "there has been a sharp uptick in litigation challenging corporate DEI programs and initiatives, alleging that they require unlawful employment and contracting decisions to be made on the basis of race, in violation of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964... "3

Corporations' compliance lawyers now advise clients that "DEI initiatives and programs that are not open to all applicants or those that apply an explicit race- or gender-based focus will likely face continued and heightened scrutiny." Also: "We also expect to see ongoing scrutiny of perceived hiring quotas and set-asides, particularly those that may appear to be incentivized by bonuses for management or company leadership." 4

Further, "companies, and their management teams and boards, should be prepared for increased employment-related litigation including litigation that seeks to hold executive officers and directors personally liable for purported breaches of their fiduciary duties in connection with the corporation's DEI policies."

Many corporations dramatically reduced or eliminated their DEI programs, ⁶ and companies face retribution for their discrimination. For example, Starbucks was the subject of a \$28.3 million judgment after a former worker claimed she was fired for being white.⁷

SUPPORTING STATEMENT: The Coca-Cola Company maintains "employee representation goals" designed to achieve diversity so the company "mirror[s] the markets we serve."8 The Company expects "by 2030, our employee population across all job levels will align with U.S. census data by race/ethnicity: Black: 13%; Hispanic: 18%; Asian: 6%."

Pay for the Company's executives includes annual cash incentives for "progress toward diversity, equity and inclusion aspirations," which "reinforce their collective accountability" to reach those goals. These incentives account for "10% of the Business Performance Factor" and are based on predefined "Diversity, Equity and Inclusion Components." These components "foster the design and implementation of sustainable diversity, equity and inclusion strategies, as well as to encourage progress toward the Company's 2030 aspirations, for example, to be 50% led by women globally."

These discriminatory quotas leave Coca-Cola ripe for regulatory, reputational and litigation risk. Its attempt to cram DEI's non-GAAP nature into the proxy statement's compensation discussion demands either a legally dubious quota regime, or it fails SEC compliance. ¹⁰ The Council of Institutional Investors' general counsel stated that research shows "companies are engaging in an opportunistic use of non-GAAP earnings to justify higher executive pay."

FTI Consulting advises there is a "heightened focus" on "litigation risk," which "has transitioned from being merely an operational concern to becoming a strategic priority for the highest levels of corporate governance." 11

RESOLVED: Shareholders request the Board of Directors' Talent and Compensation Committee to revisit its incentive guidelines for executive pay, to identify and consider eliminating discriminatory DEI goals from compensation inducements.

¹ https://www.supremecourt.gov/opinions/22pdf/20-1199_hgdj.pdf

² https://www.chronicle.com/article/tracking-higher-eds-dismantling-of-dei

³ https://www. wilmerhale.com/insights/client-alerts/20240627-corporate-dei-landscape-one-year-after-sffa

⁴ https://www.skadden.com/insights/publications/2023/12/2024-insights/esg/the-supreme-courts-affirmative-action-opinion

⁵ https://corpgov.law.harvard.edu/2024/02/14/how-boards-should-be-thinking-about-the-supreme-courts-sffa-affirmative-action-decision/

⁶ https://nypost.com/2024/09/03/us-news/how-robby-starbuck-is-prompting-brands-like-ford-to-ditch-dei/

⁷ https://www.cnn.com/2023/08/17/business/starbucks-payment-racial-discrimination-white/index.html

⁸ https://www.coca-colacompany.com/social/diversity-and-inclusion/black-representation

⁹ https://www.sec.gov/Archives/edgar/data/21344/000155837024003468/ko-20240501xdef14a.pdf

¹⁰ https://tax.thomsonreuters.com/news/council-of-institutional-investors-again-urges-sec-to-close-loophole-on-non-gaap-in-executive-pay/

¹¹ https://www.fticonsulting.com/insights/articles/de-risking-litigation-exposure-conflict-management-integral-business-administration

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The Board's Statement in Opposition to Item 7

The Board of Directors recommends shareowners vote AGAINST this shareowner proposal.

We believe the proposal is unnecessary because the ongoing practices of the Talent and Compensation Committee of the Board (the "Compensation Committee") already address the proposal's essential objective.

The essential objective of this proposal states that the Compensation Committee "revisit" its incentive guidelines for executive pay to "identify and consider" eliminating certain goals from compensation inducements.

The proposal does not request the Compensation Committee do anything other than "revisit", "identify" and "consider" the treatment of certain non-financial measures. As such, the proposal does not request that the Compensation Committee do anything more than what it has already done this year and in past years.

As discussed below and in more detail in the Compensation Discussion and Analysis of this Proxy Statement, the Compensation Committee, in conjunction with its independent compensation consultant and other advisors, already revisits the Company's incentive compensation programs on an annual basis and, in doing so, identifies and determines the measures to be used in structuring incentive awards, including non-financial measures. Therefore, the Compensation Committee's practices address the proposal's essential objective, and as a result, the Company has substantially implemented the proposal.

The Compensation Committee engages in ongoing review of the Company's executive compensation, including a yearly evaluation of all financial and non-financial measures to be included in the determination of incentive awards. The Compensation Committee is tasked with overseeing executive compensation and does so using a robust year-round engagement, planning, review and approval process. As disclosed in this and prior Proxy Statements, in the first quarter of each fiscal year, the Compensation Committee reviews overall robustness and rigor of performance measures and targets, finalizes performance measures and targets for upcoming performance cycles, approves annual and long-term incentive award opportunities for executive officers and discusses key components of its talent, leadership and culture strategy. In particular, typically at its meetings held in the early part of each year, the Compensation Committee sets targets and goals with respect to annual incentive compensation, grants long-term incentive awards and determines achievement of previously granted awards.

In carrying out this work, the Compensation Committee carefully considers a wide range of factors in determining which financial and non-financial measures to include in structuring incentive awards. With respect to non-financial measures, the Compensation Committee considered and determined in February 2024 to include measures in the annual and long-term incentive awards that relate to certain of the Company's sustainability aspirations. As in prior years, the Compensation Committee held a meeting in February 2025, where it once again revisited and considered the Company's incentive compensation programs and determined which financial and non-financial measures were appropriate for this year's annual and long-term incentive awards. Disclosure regarding this process and the resulting incentive programs are included in this Proxy Statement.



The Board of Directors recommends a vote against the shareowner proposal regarding DEI goals in executive pay.

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ITEM 8:

Shareowner Proposal Regarding a Report on Brand Image Impacts

As You Sow, 2020 Milvia Street, Suite 500, Berkeley, CA 94704, on behalf of the Michael E. Monteiro 2016 Rev Trust, the beneficial owner for at least one year of Company Common Stock having a market value of at least \$25,000, submitted the following proposal:

WHEREAS: On September 13, 2024, Coca-Cola's CEO, Director of Corporate Governance, VP & Head of Investor Relations, and Associate General Counsel & Corporate Secretary received a letter signed by investors with over \$63 billion in assets. The letter inquired as to why Coca-Cola was sponsoring a conference featuring keynote speaker Chris Rufo, a high-profile, right-wing radical activist who has been leading attacks against marginalized communities, first by weaponizing a distorted version of "critical race theory" and then by linking LGBTQ-inclusive education practices to pedophilic "grooming."²

Shareholders want to be confident that our Board of Directors and executives are focused on ensuring that our brand will attract the best and brightest employees, the most loyal customers, and long-term shareholders. The decision to sponsor the Canada Strong and Free event on September 21, 2024, featuring Chris Rufo associates our brand with divisiveness, homophobia, hate speech, and far-right radical activism. These associations diminish our brand equity and goodwill, alienate many of our customers, and harm our ability to retain top talent.

Coca-Cola's DEI webpage is titled: "Creating a culture of diversity, equity and inclusion." It continues, "Diversity, equity and inclusion are at the heart of our values and our growth strategy and play an important part in our company's success. We leverage the remarkable diversity of people across the world to achieve our purpose of refreshing the world and making a difference. Our aspiration is not only to mirror the diversity of the communities where we operate, but also to lead and advocate for a better shared future."³

The sponsorship of this conference, with Chris Rufo as a keynote speaker, is fundamentally misaligned with the Company's stated goals and values related to diversity, inclusion, and civil rights.

The end result of our Company's logo on Canada Strong's website is that we have seen media coverage calling out Coca-Cola's hypocrisy including stories in Forbes, Popular Information, as well as a video posted on X that asks, "Why is Coca-Cola associating itself with divisiveness and homophobia?" The video contrasts Chris Rufo's racist statements with Coca-Cola's declaration that: "We do not tolerate racism or discrimination of any kind. Coca-Cola has always stood for optimism, diversity and inclusion." The video ends by asking Coca-Cola to choose "Harmony" over "Harm." 5

RESOLVED: Shareholders request that the Coca-Cola Board of Directors prepare and publish a report at least six months prior to the next Annual General Meeting, at reasonable expense, analyzing the negative impacts to our brand image, culture, customer base, and shareholder value of associating our brand with politically divisive events that contravene our publicly stated goals and public commitments.

SUPPORTING STATEMENT: Shareholders recommend, at Board and management discretion, that the report outline policies that can be put in place to avoid such risks in the future.

¹ https://www.asyousow.org/press-releases/2024/9/13/coca-cola-mastercard-meta-and-doordashs-sponsorship-of-conference

² https://www.asyousow.org/press-releases/2024/9/13/coca-cola-mastercard-meta-and-doordashs-sponsorship-of-conference

³ https://www.coca-colacompany.com/social/diversity-and-inclusion

⁴ https://www.forbes.com/sites/michaelposner/2024/09/12/why-us-corporations-need-to-promote-greater-workplace- diversity/; https://popular.info/p/maior-corporations-sponsor-anti-woke

⁵ https://x.com/ccbecker271/status/1834674684010303832

The Board's Statement in Opposition to Item 8

The Board of Directors recommends shareowners vote AGAINST this shareowner proposal.

The proposal requests a report on potential damage to brand image, culture, customer base, and shareholder value from associating with a conference referenced in the proposal. Based on the following information, we believe this report is unwarranted.

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The Coca-Cola Company's participation in the public policy process provides an important means for the Company to protect the interests of our Company, our employees and our shareowners. By sharing views, constructive arguments and informed perspectives with policymakers, we can have a positive impact on the policy decisions that directly impact our business.

One of the ways our Company engages in the public policy process is by supporting and actively participating in organizations that can directly influence public policy. Membership in these types of organizations provides access to valuable connections, partnerships and collaboration with other companies, industry leaders, and government officials and regulators. Importantly, these organizations represent a variety of perspectives with both like-minded and opposing views on key issues.

The Canadian organization referred to in the proposal is one such organization with which our Company engages, and our Company is among several prominent sponsors. It is a mainstream conservative group that has been active in Canada for nearly 20 years, with a stated aspiration to strengthen Canada's conservative movement.

This organization periodically hosts conferences that draw notable speakers such as the leader of the Conservative Party of Canada Pierre Poilievre; Premier of Alberta Danielle Smith; former Prime Minister of Canada Stephen Harper; former British Prime Minister Boris Johnson; former Australian Prime Minister Tony Abbott; and many conservative Members of Parliament as well as conservative Premiers and Mayors from across Canada.

The conference highlighted by the proponent had more than 20 speakers, including professionals, current and former politicians, and academics. The proposal questions the appropriateness of just one of these speakers.

Our Company recognizes that in today's environment not every shareowner will agree with every decision the Company makes. We believe that sponsoring an event does not equate to endorsing the opinions of every speaker.

While it is the prerogative of shareowners to express their opinions about our business through the shareowner proposal process, we believe it is important to support diverse viewpoints, open dialogue and commitment to free speech. Exposure to differing opinions is a good thing and, in this case, allows audiences to critically evaluate ideas.

We note that in addition to filing this proposal, the proponent previously asked the Company to retract our sponsorship from the organization. The Company believes it is important to maintain our support for sponsored organizations. By maintaining their support, sponsors can demonstrate resilience, a commitment to dialogue, and a focus on the bigger picture rather than immediate controversies. Pulling out of sponsorships might also be seen as reactionary or inconsistent, and might also harm brand reputation among those who value open debate.

For these reasons, we believe there is no useful purpose for the requested report and that producing the report would be a misuse of resources.



The Board of Directors recommends a vote against the shareowner proposal regarding a report on brand image impacts.

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ITEM 9:

Shareowner Proposal Regarding a Report on Civil Liberties in Advertising Services

Bowyer Research, Inc., P.O. Box 120, McKeesport, PA 15135, on behalf of a shareowner, the beneficial owner for at least one year of Company Common Stock having a market value of at least \$25,000, submitted the following proposal:

Respect Civil Liberties in Advertising Services

Supporting Statement Coca-Cola is a global brand with immense influence and ad-buying power. It should be advertising in ways that support its competitive interests and build its reputation for serving its diverse customers.

But recent reports have shown that it colluded with the world's largest advertising buyers, agencies, industry associations, and social media platforms through the Global Alliance for Responsible Media¹ to demonetize platforms, podcasts, news outlets, and others for expressing disfavored political and religious viewpoints.

A product of the World Federation of Advertisers, GARM was formed in 2019 and quickly amassed tremendous market power. WFA members represent about 90% of global advertising, spending nearly a trillion dollars annually.²

GARM's express mission was to "do more to address harmful and misleading media environments," specifically "hate speech, bullying and disinformation," all under the guise of "brand safety." GARM leader Rob Rakowitz explained that the "whole issue bubbling beneath the surface" of the advertising industry and digital platforms is the "extreme global interpretation of the US Constitution." 4

GARM graded platforms on how much they censored using the above terms as well as terms like "insensitive" or "irresponsible" treatment of "debated sensitive social issues." The 2024 Viewpoint Diversity Business Index found that 76% of the largest tech and finance companies have similarly vague and subjective terms. These terms encourage companies—and activists like GARM—to restrict service for arbitrary and discriminatory reasons and let them avoid accountability by hiding censorship behind vague and shifting standards.

For its part, GARM promoted hyper-partisan and censorial groups like the Global Disinformation Index and NewsGuard, which smear many mainstream outlets as "disinformation." GARM threatened Spotify because Joe Rogan promoted views it disagreed with on COVID-19. And it infamously boycotted X because Elon Musk loosened some of the platform's censorship restrictions.

GARM disbanded shortly after public pressure and a lawsuit from X in 2024, 9 which ironically evinces how brand-damaging these practices are. But these censorious practices are still prevalent. Many of the "Big Six" advertising agencies that were all a part of GARM, for example, maintain similar policies. 10

These policies and Coca-Cola's actions create legal exposure under antitrust and anti-discrimination laws.

Coca-Cola needs to rebuild trust by providing transparency around these policies and practices. This will assure customers, shareholders, and others that it is protecting, not targeting, free speech and religious freedom.

Resolved: Shareholders request the Board of Directors of The Coca-Cola Company conduct an evaluation and issue a report within the next year, at reasonable cost and excluding proprietary information and confidential information, evaluating how it oversees risks related to discrimination against ad buyers and sellers based on their political or religious status or views.

Voting Roadmap

Governance

Share Ownership

Compensation

Audit Matters

Shareowner

Annexes

The Board's Statement in Opposition to Item 9

The Board of Directors recommends shareowners vote AGAINST this shareowner proposal.

Our Company is committed to responsible marketing practices. Marketing is a critical aspect of building and maintaining the Company's reputation, brands and business

The Coca-Cola Company's approach to marketing is consistent with the International Chamber of Commerce Marketing & Advertising Code and its Framework for Responsible Food and Beverage Marketing Communication. We support these guiding principles across all our marketing communications for all ages. More detail about our responsible marketing policy can be found on our website: https://www.coca-colacompany.com/policies-and-practices/responsible-marketing-policy.

Regarding the proposal and the requested report, our Company rejects the premise on which the proposal and the requested report is based. The Company chooses advertising platforms based on its business objectives and policies. Contrary to claims in the proposal, the Global Alliance for Responsible Media did not dictate the platforms on which the Company advertises, nor did it dictate what content the Company can post on media platforms.

As one of the Company's core functions to drive business growth, the Company invests considerable time, energy and resources into advertising decisions, including whether and how to advertise and which advertising channels to use. These channels include television, radio, print, cinema, social media and other online platforms and sites, including Company-owned websites and video-sharing platforms, direct marketing, product placement, interactive games, outdoor marketing, mobile marketing, contracted influencers or other platforms. These advertising decisions take into account, among other things, the Company's advertising budget, potential effects on the Company's brand, and the overall effectiveness of its advertising initiatives to grow the Company's business.

In short, in our highly competitive industry, advertising effectiveness affects the sales of products and services and is integral to our success. Decisions about the Company's advertising strategy, advertising spending and where it promotes its brands are fundamental to management's ability to run the Company on a day-to-day basis and, as a practical matter, it would not be prudent to subject them to shareowner directives.

For these reasons, the Board believes there is no useful purpose for the requested report and that doing so would be an imprudent use of Company resources.



The Board of Directors recommends a vote against the shareowner proposal regarding a report on civil liberties in advertising services.

Annexes

ANNEX A — QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Information About the Virtual Annual Meeting

1. How Will the 2025 Annual Meeting be Conducted?

The 2025 Annual Meeting will be held exclusively online via live webcast. While you will not be able to attend the meeting at a physical location, we are committed to ensuring that shareowners will be afforded the same rights and opportunities to participate as they would at an in-person meeting, including voting shares electronically and submitting questions during the virtual meeting. As in previous years, shareowners will also be able to vote and submit questions prior to the virtual meeting. We are excited to continue employing the latest technology to provide expanded access to shareowners, allowing them to participate from any location around the world, at no cost to them.

2. How Do I Attend and Participate in the 2025 Annual Meeting?

There will be no physical location for the 2025 Annual Meeting, which will be held exclusively online. To attend the virtual meeting, please visit **meetnow.global/KO2025**. Online access for the meeting will begin at 8:00 a.m. Eastern Time on April 30, 2025. The meeting will begin promptly at 8:30 a.m. Eastern Time on April 30, 2025.

Only shareowners of record of our Common Stock as of the close of business on March 3, 2025 are entitled to vote and submit questions during the meeting. If your shares are held in a bank or brokerage account, you are considered the "beneficial owner" of those shares. As outlined below, the procedures required to participate in the 2025 Annual Meeting vary depending on whether you are a shareowner of record or a beneficial owner.

For information on how to submit questions and vote in advance of the 2025 Annual Meeting, please see question 3 and question 12 below.

Shareowners of Record: Visit meetnow.global/KO2025 on the day of the meeting and log in by entering your 15-digit control number that appears on your Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials (the "Notice") or proxy card. Options for voting and submitting questions will be available after logging in with your control number. No advance registration is necessary.

Beneficial Owners: To attend the meeting or vote or submit questions during the meeting, beneficial owners must register for the meeting using one of two options:

Advance Registration (recommended): To register in advance, you must obtain a legal proxy from the bank, broker or other nominee that holds your shares, giving you the right to vote the shares. A copy of your legal proxy reflecting your Company holdings must be delivered, along with your name and email address, to our transfer agent, Computershare Trust Company, N.A. ("Computershare"), by email or mail at the addresses below:



By email:

Forward the email from your broker granting you a legal proxy, or attach an image of your legal proxy in an email, to legalproxy@computershare.com



By mail:

Computershare Trust Company The Coca-Cola Company Legal Proxy P.O. Box 43001 Providence, RI 02940-3001

Requests for registration above must be labeled as "Legal Proxy" and be received no later than 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time on April 25, 2025. You will receive a confirmation of your registration by email after Computershare receives your registration.

Online Registration at the 2025 Annual Meeting: We have arranged for an online registration solution that most beneficial owners can use to attend and participate in the meeting. If you choose to use this option, visit meetnow.global/KO2025 on the day of the meeting and log in by entering the control number that appears on your Notice or voting instruction form. Options for voting and submitting questions will be available after logging in with your control number.

We expect that most beneficial owners will be able to fully participate in the meeting using the online registration solution; however, there is no guarantee that online registration will be available for every type of beneficial owner control number. Accordingly, if you are a beneficial owner and plan to submit a question or vote during the meeting, <u>we recommend advance registration</u>.

Guest Attendance: Rather than registering in advance, you may also attend the meeting as a guest using the website address above, but you will not have the option to vote electronically at, or submit questions during, the meeting.

An archived copy of the meeting will be available on the 2025 Annual Meeting page of the Company's website, available at www.coca-colacompany.com/annual-meeting-of-shareowners, through June 2025.

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3. How Do I Submit Questions for the Meeting?

We value shareowner engagement and encourage questions. Our shareowners will have two ways to submit questions for the meeting:

In Advance of the 2025 Annual Meeting: Shareowners may submit questions in advance of the meeting by visiting the 2025 Annual Meeting page on the Company's website at www.coca-colacompany.com/annual-meeting-of-shareowners, or by emailing their questions, along with proof of Company share ownership, to shareownerservices@coca-cola.com. The deadline to submit questions is 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time on April 25, 2025. To show proof of ownership, shareowners should include a copy of one of the following: (i) your proxy card or voting instruction form; (ii) the Notice received by postal mail or email; or (iii) an account statement or a brokerage statement reflecting your ownership of Common Stock as of March 3, 2025.

During the 2025 Annual Meeting: After accessing the 2025 Annual Meeting as a shareowner of record or beneficial owner as described in question 2 above, click on the "Q&A" icon at the top of the screen to type in your question, then click "Send" to submit. Those who attend the 2025 Annual Meeting as a guest will not have the option to submit questions during the meeting.

As time permits and in accordance with our meeting procedures, we intend to answer all questions submitted that are pertinent to the Company and to the items on which shareowners will vote during the 2025 Annual Meeting. Questions regarding personal matters, including those related to employment, product or service issues, or suggestions for product innovations, are not pertinent to meeting matters and therefore will not be answered. Due to time constraints, questions that are substantially similar to one another will be answered only once.

4. What If I Experience Technical Difficulties?

The virtual meeting platform is fully supported across most internet browsers (Microsoft Edge, Firefox, Chrome and Safari) and devices (desktops, laptops, tablets and cell phones) running the most up-to-date version of applicable software and plug-ins. Participants should ensure that they have a sufficient internet connection wherever they intend to participate in the meeting.

Online access will open at 8:00 a.m. Eastern Time, 30 minutes prior to the start of the meeting, to allow time for you to log in and test your system and internet connectivity. We encourage you to access the meeting during this window prior to the meeting's start time. For further assistance, you may call 1-888-724-2416 (toll free) or 1-781-575-2748 (international toll).

Proxy Materials and Voting Information

5. Who May Vote at the 2025 Annual Meeting?

Only shareowners of record of our Common Stock as of the close of business on March 3, 2025, the record date, are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the meeting or at any adjournments or postponements of the meeting.

Each shareowner of record on the record date is entitled to one vote for each share of Common Stock owned. On March 3, 2025, there were 4,303,566,812 shares of Common Stock issued and outstanding.

6. What Is the Difference Between Owning Shares as a Shareowner of Record and as a Beneficial Owner?

If your shares are registered directly in your name with the Company's registrar and transfer agent, Computershare, you are considered the "shareowner of record" with respect to those shares. If your shares are held in a bank or brokerage account, you are considered the "beneficial owner" of those shares.

7. What Is Included in the Proxy Materials? What Is a Proxy Statement and What Is a Proxy?

The proxy materials for our 2025 Annual Meeting include the Notice, this Proxy Statement and our Form 10-K. If you received a paper copy of these materials, the proxy materials also include a proxy card or voting instruction form.

A proxy statement is a document that SEC regulations require us to give you when we ask you to sign a proxy designating individuals to vote on your behalf. A proxy is your legal designation of another person to vote the stock you own. That other person is called a "proxy."

If you designate someone as your proxy in a written document, that document is also called a "proxy" or a "proxy card." We have designated three of our officers as proxies for the 2025 Annual Meeting: James Quincey, John Murphy and Monica Howard Douglas.

The form of proxy and this Proxy Statement have been approved by the Board of Directors and are being provided to shareowners by the Board's authority.

8. Why Did I Receive a Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials Instead of a Full Set of Proxy Materials?

We are furnishing proxy materials to our shareowners primarily via "Notice and Access" delivery pursuant to SEC rules. On or about March 17, 2025, we mailed to our shareowners (other than those who previously requested a printed set) a Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials containing instructions on how to access the proxy materials via the Internet. Utilizing this method of proxy delivery expedites receipt of proxy materials by our shareowners, reduces the cost of producing and mailing the full set of proxy materials, and helps us contribute to sustainable environmental practices.

If you receive a Notice by mail, you will not receive a printed copy of the proxy materials in the mail. Instead, the Notice instructs you on how to access the proxy materials and vote over the Internet. If you received a Notice by mail and would like to receive paper copies of our proxy materials in the mail, you may follow the instructions in the Notice for making this request. The Notice also contains instructions on how you may request receipt of an electronic copy of our proxy materials by email.

9. Why Did I Receive More Than One Notice, Proxy Card or Voting Instruction Form?

If you received more than one Notice, proxy card or voting instruction form, you own shares registered in different names or own shares held in more than one account. To ensure that all shares are voted, please vote each account over the Internet or by telephone, or sign and return by mail all proxy cards and voting instruction forms. If you are a shareowner of record and would like to consolidate your accounts, please contact Computershare at (888) 265-3747 for assistance. If you hold your shares through a bank, broker or other nominee, you should contact them directly and request consolidation.

10. What Shares Are Included on the Proxy Card?

If you are a shareowner of record, you will receive only one Notice or proxy card for all of the shares of Common Stock you hold in certificate form, in bookentry form and in any Company benefit plan.

If you are a Company employee and own shares of Common Stock in the 401(k) Plan, the Caribbean Refrescos, Inc. Thrift Plan, or any of our other U.S. 401(k) plans (collectively, the "Plans"), it is important that you direct the trustee(s) of the Plans how to vote your shares held in such Plans. If you do not vote your shares or specify your voting instructions on your proxy card, the trustee of the applicable Plan will vote your shares in the same proportion as the shares for which they have received voting instructions in accordance with the trustees' duties. To allow sufficient time for voting by the trustee(s), your voting instructions must be received by April 25, 2025.

If you are a beneficial owner (other than as a participant in a Plan set forth above), you will receive voting instruction information from the bank, broker or other nominee through which you own your shares of Common Stock.

11. What Are My Voting Choices for Each Of the Proposals to Be Voted on at the 2025 Annual Meeting and What Are the Voting Standards?

Proposal	Voting Choices and Board Recommendation	Voting Standard
Item 1: Election of Directors	Vote in favor of each nominee;	Majority of
	 vote in favor of specific nominees; 	votes cast
	 vote against each nominee; 	
	 vote against specific nominees; 	
	 abstain from voting with respect to each nominee; or 	
	abstain from voting with respect to specific nominees.	
	The Board recommends a vote FOR each of the Director nominees.	
Item 2: Advisory Vote to	Vote in favor of the advisory proposal;	Majority of
Approve Executive	 vote against the advisory proposal; or 	votes cast
Compensation	abstain from voting on the advisory proposal.	
	The Board recommends a vote FOR the advisory vote to approve executive compensation.	
Item 3: Ratification of the	Vote in favor of the ratification;	Majority of
Appointment of Ernst & Young	vote against the ratification; or	votes cast
LLP as Independent Auditors	abstain from voting on the ratification.	
	The Board recommends a vote FOR the ratification.	

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ompany verview	Voting Roadmap	Governance	Share Ownership	Compensation	Audit Matters	Shareowner Proposals	Annexes
Proposal		Voting Choice	es and Board Recommend	ation			Voting Standard
Items 4–9: Shareowner Proposals A separate vote will be held on each of the six shareowner proposals, if properly presented at the meeting. With respect to each proposal, shareowners may do the following: • vote in favor of the shareowner proposal;					Majority of votes cast		
		 vote agai 	nst the shareowner prop	osal; or			
		 abstain fr 	om voting on the shareo	wner proposal			

As an advisory vote, the proposal to approve executive compensation is not binding on the Company. The Talent and Compensation Committee will consider the outcome of the advisory vote to approve executive compensation when making future compensation decisions. Although the Audit Committee has the sole authority to appoint the Independent Auditors, the Board submits its selection of the Independent Auditors to our shareowners for ratification as a matter of good corporate governance. If the shareowners do not ratify the appointment of EY, the Audit Committee will reconsider the appointment.

12. What Different Methods Can I Use to Vote?

In addition to the below details, see page 2 for additional information about how to vote.

By Telephone or Internet Prior to the 2025 Annual Meeting. All shareowners of record can vote through the Internet in advance using the procedures and instructions described on the Notice or proxy card, or by touchtone telephone within the United States, United States territories and Canada using the toll-free telephone number on the Notice or proxy card. Beneficial owners may vote in advance through the Internet or by telephone if their bank, broker or other nominee makes those methods available, in which case the bank, broker or other nominee will include the instructions with the proxy materials. The Internet and telephone voting procedures are designed to authenticate shareowners' identities, to allow shareowners to vote their shares and to confirm that their instructions have been recorded properly.

By Written Proxy. All shareowners of record can vote by written proxy card. If you are a shareowner of record and receive the Notice, you may request a written proxy card by following the instructions included in the Notice. If you are a beneficial owner, you may request a written proxy card or a voting instruction form from your bank, broker or other nominee.

Electronically During the 2025 Annual Meeting. After accessing the 2025 Annual Meeting as a shareowner of record or beneficial owner as described in question 2 above, shareowners of record and beneficial owners may vote electronically during the meeting.

13. What If I Am a Shareowner of Record and Do Not Specify a Choice for a Matter When Returning a Proxy?

Shareowners should specify their choice for each matter on the proxy card. If no specific instructions are given for a particular matter, proxies which are signed and returned will be voted as follows for each such matter:

- FOR the election of all Director nominees as set forth in this Proxy Statement
- FOR the advisory vote to approve executive compensation
- FOR the ratification of the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as Independent Auditors
- · AGAINST each of the shareowner proposals

14. What If I Am a Beneficial Owner and Do Not Give Voting Instructions to My Broker?

As a beneficial owner, in order to ensure your shares are voted in the way you would like, you must provide voting instructions to your bank, broker or other nominee by the deadline provided in the materials you receive from your bank, broker or other nominee. If you do not provide voting instructions to your bank, broker or other nominee, whether your shares can be voted by such person depends on the type of item being considered for a vote, as noted below.

Non-Discretionary Items. The election of Directors, the advisory vote to approve executive compensation and the shareowner proposals are non-discretionary items and may not be voted on by banks, brokers or other nominees who have not received specific voting instructions from beneficial owners.

Discretionary Items. The ratification of the appointment of EY as Independent Auditors is a discretionary item. Generally, banks, brokers and other nominees that do not receive voting instructions from beneficial owners may vote on this proposal in their discretion.

When a bank, broker or other holder of record is unable to vote shares due to a beneficial owner not providing voting instructions on non-discretionary items, it is called a "broker non-vote."

15. How Are Abstentions and Broker Non-Votes Counted?

Abstentions and broker non-votes are included in determining whether a quorum is present but will not be included in vote totals and will not affect the outcome of the vote.

16. What Can I Do If I Change My Mind After I Vote My Shares?

As shareowners, you can revoke a previously delivered proxy prior to the completion of voting at the meeting by doing the following:

- giving written notice to the Office of the Secretary of the Company;
- · delivering a later-dated proxy; or
- attending the meeting and voting your shares electronically through the online meeting platform (if you are a beneficial owner, you must follow the
 instructions outlined in question 2).

17. Can I Access the Proxy Materials on the Internet? How Can I Sign Up for the Electronic Proxy Delivery Service?

The Notice, Proxy Statement and Form 10-K are available at www.edocumentview.com/coca-cola. In addition, shareowners are able to access these documents on the 2025 Annual Meeting page of the Company's website at www.coca-colacompany.com/annual-meeting-of-shareowners. Instead of receiving future copies of the Notice or proxy materials by mail, shareowners of record and most beneficial owners can elect to receive an email that will provide electronic links to these documents. Opting to receive your Notice or proxy materials online will save us the cost of producing and mailing documents, help us contribute to sustainable practices, and give you an electronic link to the proxy voting site.

Electronic Document Delivery

- Electronic delivery has been offered since 2005.
- The Company has a tree planted on behalf of each shareowner that signs up for electronic delivery.
- Over 401,000 trees have been planted on behalf of Company shareowners.

Shareowners of Record. If you vote in advance on the Internet, simply follow the prompts for enrolling in the electronic document delivery service. You also may enroll in this service at any time in the future by going directly to

www.computershare.com/coca-cola and following the instructions.

Beneficial Owners. If you hold your shares in a bank or brokerage account, you also may have the opportunity to receive copies of these documents electronically. Please check the information in the proxy materials provided to you by your bank, broker or other nominee regarding the availability of this service.

18. Are Votes Confidential? Who Counts the Votes?

We will continue our long-standing practice of holding the votes of all shareowners in confidence from Directors, officers and employees except as follows:

- as necessary to meet applicable legal requirements and to assert or defend claims for or against the Company;
- in the case of a contested proxy solicitation;
- if a shareowner makes a written comment on the proxy card or otherwise communicates his or her vote to management; or
- to allow the independent inspectors of election to certify the results of the vote.

We also will continue, as we have for many years, to retain an independent tabulator to receive and tabulate the proxies and independent inspectors of election to certify the results.

19. When Will the Company Announce the Voting Results?

We will announce the preliminary voting results at the 2025 Annual Meeting. The Company will report the final results on our website and in a Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC within four business days after the 2025 Annual Meeting.

20. Does the Company Have a Policy About Directors' Attendance at the Annual Meeting of Shareowners?

The Company does not have a policy about Directors' attendance at the Annual Meeting of Shareowners, but Directors are encouraged to attend. All Directors and Director nominees at the time attended the 2024 Annual Meeting of Shareowners.

21. How Are Proxies Solicited and What Is the Cost?

We bear all expenses incurred in connection with the solicitation of proxies. We have engaged Innisfree M&A Incorporated to assist with the solicitation of proxies for an estimated fee of \$30,000 plus expenses. We will reimburse brokers, fiduciaries and custodians for their costs in forwarding proxy materials to beneficial owners of Common Stock.

Our Directors, officers and employees may also solicit proxies by mail, telephone and personal contact. They will not receive any additional compensation for these activities.

22. What Is Householding?

As permitted by the 1934 Act, only one copy of the Notice or proxy materials is being delivered to shareowners residing at the same address unless the shareowners have notified the Company of their desire to receive multiple copies of the Notice or proxy materials. This is known as "householding."

The Company will promptly deliver, upon oral or written request, a separate copy of the Notice or proxy materials to any shareowner residing at an address to which only one copy was mailed. Requests for additional copies should be directed to the Office of the Secretary as described in the response to question 28. Shareowners of record residing at the same address and currently receiving multiple copies of the Notice or proxy materials may contact our registrar and transfer agent, Computershare, to request that only a single copy of the Notice or proxy materials be mailed in the future.

Contact Computershare by phone at (888) 265-3747 or by mail at P.O. Box 43078, Providence, RI 02940-3078.

Beneficial owners should contact their bank, broker or other nominee.

23. Will You Make Available a List of Shareowners Entitled to Vote at the 2025 Annual Meeting?

We will make available an electronic list of shareowners of record as of the record date for inspection by shareowners for any purpose germane to the meeting from April 18 through April 29, 2025. To access the electronic list during this time, please send your request, along with proof of your Company share ownership, by email to **shareownerservices@coca-cola.com**. Proof of ownership includes a copy of one of the following: (i) your proxy card or voting instruction form; (ii) the Notice received by postal mail or email; or (iii) an account statement or a brokerage statement reflecting your ownership of Common Stock as of March 3, 2025. You will receive confirmation of your request and instructions on how to view the electronic list.

24. What Information Is Included on the 2025 Annual Meeting Page of the Company's Website?

The 2025 Annual Meeting page of our website allows our shareowners to (i) easily access the Company's proxy materials; (ii) vote in advance of the meeting via the Internet; (iii) submit questions in advance of the meeting; and (iv) learn more about our Company. Shareowners may access the 2025 Annual Meeting page of our website at www.coca-colacompany.com/annual-meeting-of-shareowners.

25. Could Any Additional Proposals Be Raised at the 2025 Annual Meeting?

Management does not know of any items, other than those referenced in the accompanying Notice, which may properly come before the meeting or other matters incident to the conduct of the meeting. As to any other item or proposal that may properly come before the meeting, including voting on a proposal omitted from this Proxy Statement pursuant to the rules of the SEC, it is intended that proxies will be voted in the discretion of the proxy holders. See the response to question 29 for how to submit a proposal for action at the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners.

Company Documents, Communications, Shareowner Proposals and Director Nominees

26. How Can I View or Request Copies of the Company's Corporate Documents and SEC Filings, Including the Form 10-K?

The Company's website contains the Company's Certificate of Incorporation, Corporate By-Laws, Corporate Governance Guidelines and committee charters. To view these documents, go to www.coca-colacompany.com, click "Investors," then "Corporate Governance" and then "Documents." To view the Company's Codes of Business Conduct, go to www.coca-colacompany.com, click "Investors," then "Corporate Governance" and then "Code of Conduct." To view the Company's SEC filings, including Forms 3, 4 and 5 filed by the Company's Directors and executive officers, go to www.coca-colacompany.com, click on "Investors," then "Filings & Reports" and then "All SEC Filings."

We will deliver free of charge, upon request, a copy of the Corporate Governance Guidelines, committee charters or Codes of Business Conduct to any shareowner requesting a copy. Requests should be directed to the Office of the Secretary as described in the response to question 28.

The Form 10-K includes our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. We have furnished the Form 10-K to all shareowners. The Form 10-K does not form any part of the material for the solicitation of proxies. We will promptly deliver free of charge, upon request, a copy of the Form 10-K to any shareowner requesting a copy. Requests should be directed to the Office of the Secretary as described in the response to question 28.

27. How Can I Communicate with the Company's Directors?

The Board has established a process to facilitate communication by shareowners and other interested parties with Directors. Communications can be addressed via mail to Directors in care of the Office of the Secretary, The Coca-Cola Company, P.O. Box 1734, Atlanta, Georgia 30301 or by email to asktheboard@coca-cola.com.

Communications may be distributed to all Directors, or to any individual Director, as appropriate. At the direction of the Board, all mail received may be opened and screened for security purposes. In addition, items that are unrelated to the duties and responsibilities of the Board shall not be distributed. Such items include, but are not limited to, spam, junk mail and mass mailings, product complaints or inquiries, new product suggestions, résumés and other forms of job inquiries, surveys and business solicitations or advertisements. In addition, material that is trivial, obscene, unduly hostile, threatening or illegal, or similarly unsuitable items, shall not be distributed. Any communication that is not distributed will be made available to any independent, non-employee Director upon any such Director's request.

To answer the many questions we receive about our Company and our products, we offer detailed information about common areas of interest on the "FAQs" page of our website, available at **www.coca-colacompany.com/faqs**.

28. What Is the Contact Information for the Office of the Secretary?

Materials may be sent to the Office of the Secretary (i) by mail to the Office of the Secretary, The Coca-Cola Company, P.O. Box 1734, Atlanta, Georgia 30301, or (ii) by email to **shareownerservices@coca-cola.com**.

29. What Is the Deadline to Propose Actions for Consideration at the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners?

Shareowners may present proper proposals for inclusion in our 2026 Proxy Statement and for consideration at the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners by submitting their proposals in writing to the Company in a timely manner. Proposals should be addressed to the Office of the Secretary as specified in question 28. For a shareowner proposal other than a director nomination to be considered for inclusion in our 2026 Proxy Statement for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners, we must receive the written proposal on or before November 17, 2025. In addition, shareowner proposals must otherwise comply with the requirements of Rule 14a-8 promulgated under the 1934 Act.

Under certain circumstances, shareowners may also submit nominations for directors for inclusion in our proxy materials by complying with the requirements in our By-Laws. For more information regarding proxy access, please see question 30.

Our By-Laws also establish an advance notice procedure for shareowners who wish to present a proposal, including the nomination of Directors, before an annual meeting of shareowners, but do not intend for the proposal to be included in our proxy materials. Pursuant to our By-Laws, in order for business to be properly presented before an annual meeting by a shareowner, the shareowner must have complied with the notice procedures specified in our By-Laws and such business must be a proper matter for shareowner action under the Delaware General Corporation Law. To be timely for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners, we must receive the written notice between December 1, 2025 and December 31, 2025. In addition to satisfying the requirements under our By-Laws, to comply with the universal proxy rules under the 1934 Act, shareowners who intend to solicit proxies in support of director nominees other than the Company's nominees must provide notice that sets forth the information required by Rule 14a-19(b) under the 1934 Act no later than March 2, 2026. Notice should be addressed to the Office of the Secretary as specified in question 28.

In addition, the shareowner proponent, or a representative who is qualified under state law, must attend the 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners to present such proposal or nomination.

30. How Do I Nominate a Director Using the Proxy Access Provisions of the Company's By-Laws?

Our Board has adopted a "Proxy Access for Director Nominations" by-law. The proxy access by-law permits a shareowner, or a group of up to 20 shareowners, owning 3% or more of the Company's outstanding Common Stock continuously for at least three years to nominate and include in the Company's proxy materials director nominees constituting up to two individuals or 20% of the Board (whichever is greater), provided that the shareowner(s) and the nominee(s) satisfy the requirements specified in Article I, Section 12 of our By-Laws.

Pursuant to our By-Laws, to be timely for inclusion in the proxy materials for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Shareowners, we must receive a shareowner's notice to nominate a Director using the Company's proxy materials between October 18, 2025 and November 17, 2025. Such notice should be addressed to the Office of the Secretary as specified in question 28. The notice must contain the information required by our By-Laws, and the shareowner(s) and nominee(s) must comply with the information and other requirements in our By-Laws relating to the inclusion of shareowner nominees in our proxy materials.

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ANNEX B — SUMMARY OF PLANS

The following section provides information on Company-sponsored plans in which the Named Executive Officers participated in 2024.

Retirement Plans - Pension

TCCC Pension Plan. The TCCC Pension Plan is a broad-based tax-qualified defined benefit plan for substantially all U.S. employees of the Company and its participating subsidiaries. A participant's benefit formula in the TCCC Pension Plan is dependent on the participant's date of hire and age. The information below summarizes the provisions applicable to employees, including the participating Named Executive Officers. Upon a change in control under the TCCC Pension Plan, the earliest retirement age is reduced, resulting in an enhanced benefit for participants who have not reached the earliest retirement age. Ms. Mann would receive the enhanced benefit based on the reduced retirement age, but no other Named Executive Officer would receive such an enhanced benefit

Vesting. Pension benefits vest after completing one year of service.

Benefit Formula. Prior to 2010, all pension benefits were based on a percentage of the employee's final average compensation (the five highest consecutive years out of the last 11) up to the limit for each year as set by the Tax Code, multiplied by the employee's years of credited service. Effective January 1, 2010, participants began accruing a pension benefit under a new cash balance formula (known as the "Part B benefit"). Participants employed as of December 31, 2009 retained the pension benefit they accrued under the prior benefit calculation formula through December 31, 2009 (known as the "Part A benefit") and were eligible for one or more special transition benefits. As a result, beginning in 2010 and through June 30, 2022, a participant's benefit was potentially based on two formulas: Part A (prior benefit calculation formula) plus Part B (new cash balance formula). Under the cash balance formula, the Company makes an annual pay credit allocation to each active participant's account on December 31, ranging from 3% to 8% of compensation, based on the participant's date of hire and age. Beginning July 1, 2022, the annual pay credit was set at 5.5%, credited monthly, with a transition period through June 30, 2027 for participants whose annual pay credit was above 5.5% as of June 30, 2022. In addition, effective July 1, 2022, the Company makes a monthly interest credit allocation based on the value of the participant's account as of the first day of such month. Prior to July 1, 2022, the interest credit was annually

The term "compensation" that is used to determine the pension benefit generally includes base salary, overtime, commissions and cash incentive awards but excludes any amounts related to stock options, performance-based cash awards, PSUs, restricted stock or RSUs. It also excludes deferred compensation and any extraordinary payments related to hiring or termination of employment.

Payment of Benefits. When benefits become payable upon separation from service, participants may choose between an annuity or a lump sum option. The TCCC Pension Plan provides for payment of a reduced benefit prior to normal retirement age and/or the current cash balance amount, as applicable.

Limitations on Benefits. In 2024, a participant could receive no more than \$275,000 annually from the TCCC Pension Plan and no compensation in excess of \$345,000 for the year could be taken into account for calculating benefits under the TCCC Pension Plan.

TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan. The TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan makes employees whole when the Tax Code limits the benefit that would otherwise accrue under the TCCC Pension Plan. The TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan also operates to keep employees whole when they defer part of their base salary or annual incentive under the Deferred Compensation Plan. Otherwise, electing to defer would reduce an employee's pension benefits. Upon a change in control under the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan, the earliest retirement age is reduced, resulting in an enhanced benefit for participants who have not reached the earliest retirement age. Ms. Mann would receive the enhanced benefit based on the reduced retirement age, but no other Named Executive Officer would receive such an enhanced benefit.

Vesting. Vesting and benefits under the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan are calculated generally in the same manner as if the participant's otherwise eligible compensation or full annual benefit were able to be paid from the TCCC Pension Plan.

Payment of Benefits. Benefits become payable upon separation from service. The form of payment is dictated by the terms of the plan and the participant's age and years of service at the time of separation. The cash balance portion of the TCCC Supplemental Pension Plan is paid as a lump sum. The traditional pension benefit portion is paid as an annuity if the participant separates on or after the earliest retirement date (generally, age 55 with 10 years of service). Otherwise, the traditional pension benefit portion is paid as a lump sum.

Mobile Plan provides a retirement benefit to globally mobile employees. The Mobile Plan applies the same terms to international service employees worldwide. Under the Mobile Plan, a globally mobile employee's account is credited with a monthly percentage of pay ("pay credit") and a defined rate of return ("interest credit"). The pay credit is generally 10% of pay, less any benefits provided by local retirement plans. Both pay credits and interest credits are immediately vested. A participant will continue to receive monthly interest credits for as long as participation in the Mobile Plan continues, even if the employee is no longer on a global assignment. Globally mobile employees who participated in certain other plans were transitioned to the Mobile Plan as of December 31, 2011 and were eligible for a monthly "transition credit" of up to 18% of pay based on the participant's date of hire, age and service. Benefits accrued under such other plans were converted to an opening balance in the Mobile Plan as part of the transition.

Retirement Plans - 401(k) and Savings Plans

401(k) Plan. The 401(k) Plan is a broad-based tax-qualified defined contribution plan for most U.S. employees of the Company and its participating subsidiaries. The Company matches participant contributions up to a maximum of 3.5% of the participant's compensation or the amount allowable under the limits imposed under the Tax Code, whichever is lower. The Company's matching contribution is initially invested in Common Stock, but participants may move the contribution to any other available investment option. Employees are immediately 100% vested in Company matching contributions. For 2024, compensation over \$345,000 could not be taken into account under the 401(k) Plan.

Supplemental 401(k) Plan. The Supplemental 401(k) Plan makes employees whole when the Tax Code limits the Company matching contributions that otherwise would be credited to them under the 401(k) Plan. The Supplemental 401(k) Plan also operates to keep employees whole when they defer part of their base salary or annual incentive under the Deferred Compensation Plan. The Company credits the employee with the Company matching contributions in hypothetical share units of Common Stock. The value of the accumulated share units, including dividend equivalents, is paid in cash after separation from service. Participants are immediately vested in their contributions. Employees are not permitted to make contributions to the Supplemental 401(k) Plan.

Spanish Savings Plan. The Spanish Savings Plan consists of a general plan and supplementary plans, which are broad-based defined contribution plans that complement social security coverage provided in Spain for eligible employees. In the general plan, employees contribute based on their pensionable salary, in fixed percentages according to applicable legislation. The Company triples the employee's contribution to the general plan. Participation in the supplementary plans is optional, and being active in the general plan is a requirement to contribute. Employees can choose to contribute to the supplementary plans from 1% up to 5% of their pensionable salary. The Company matches contributions to supplementary plans into an early retirement insurance policy. Vesting of these contributions occurs upon fulfillment of applicable social security early retirement rules, but only while the relevant employee is still employed with the Company. Generally, under the Spanish Savings Plan, normal retirement age is 65 and benefits may not be drawn before age 60.

UK Savings Plan. The UK Savings Plan is a broad-based registered defined contribution plan in which the majority of employees in the UK participate. Effective April 2019, participants must contribute 4% of pensionable salary and the Company contributes 10% of pensionable salary. There are no limits to the amount of contributions that employees can make to their pension account; however, tax effectiveness of contributions is limited by both an annual allowance and a lifetime allowance. These amounts have changed frequently over recent years and continue to be subject to change. For the 2024/2025 tax year, the annual allowance was £60,000. Generally, under the plan, normal retirement age is 65 and benefits may not be drawn before age 55.

Incentive Plans

Annual Incentive Plan. The Company maintains the Annual Incentive Plan for eligible employees. The Annual Incentive Plan provides an annual cash payment based on predefined performance measures. The Talent and Compensation Committee may designate one or more performance measures from the list contained in the plan. Annual incentive ranges are established for each participant. Payments are generally made in March in the year following the applicable performance year. No participant may receive an annual payment greater than \$10,000,000. See page-52 for additional information about the Annual Incentive Plan.

Long-Term Incentive Plans. The Company maintains long-term incentive plans for employees above a specified job level. The following types of awards may be granted under the plans, as designated by the Talent and Compensation Committee: (i) stock options; (ii) PSUs; (iii) restricted stock and RSUs; (iv) other performance-based awards, payable in cash or Common Stock; (v) stock appreciation rights ("SARs"); and (vi) other stock-based awards. The Company currently has outstanding awards of stock options, PSUs, restricted stock, RSUs and performance-based cash awards, which are described below. See page 54 for additional information about long-term incentive compensation.

Stock Options. Stock options give the holder the right to purchase shares of Common Stock at a specified price during specified time periods. The exercise price of an option may not be less than the fair market value of Common Stock on the grant date. The fair market value is the average of the high and low prices of a share of Common Stock on the grant date.

In certain foreign jurisdictions, the law requires additional restrictions on the calculation of the option price. The grants provide that stock options generally may not be exercised during the first 12 months after the grant date. Generally, options vest 25% annually and have a term of ten years. The Company's current compensation programs include stock options as part of the annual long-term compensation awards made to eligible employees.

PSUs. PSUs provide an opportunity for employees to receive Common Stock if predefined performance measures are met for a predefined performance period. The Company's current compensation programs include PSUs as part of the annual long-term compensation awards made to eliqible employees.

Restricted Stock and RSUs. Restricted stock awards may be performance-based or time-based. Shares of stock are granted and transferred into the employee's name. Shares remain subject to forfeiture until the shares are released under the terms of the awards. RSU awards may be performance-based or time-based and are settled in stock when all required criteria are met. Employees do not receive any dividend equivalents on RSUs during the term. The Company's current compensation programs include RSUs as part of the annual long-term compensation awards made to eligible employees. No Named Executive Officer received RSUs in 2024.

Performance Cash Awards. Performance cash awards are used in countries where it is difficult to grant equity. Employees who receive performance cash awards do not receive equity awards as part of the long-term incentive program. No Named Executive Officer received a performance cash award in 2024.

Other Awards. While the 2014 Equity Plan provided, and the 2024 Equity Plan provides, the Talent and Compensation Committee discretion to grant different types of equity awards, including SARs and other stock-based awards such as unrestricted shares, no such awards have been or are expected to be granted to Named Executive Officers.

Other Plans

Deferred Compensation Plan. The Deferred Compensation Plan is a nonqualified and unfunded deferred compensation program offered to approximately 425 U.S.-based Company employees in 2024. International service employees do not participate in the Deferred Compensation Plan. Eligible participants may defer up to 80% of their base salary and up to 95% of their annual incentive. The Company has the benefit of full unrestricted use of all amounts deferred under the Deferred Compensation Plan until such amounts are required to be distributed to the plan participants. Gains and losses are credited based on the participant's election of a variety of deemed investment choices. The Company does not match any employee deferral or guarantee a return. Participants' accounts may or may not appreciate and may depreciate depending on the performance of their deemed investment choices. None of the deemed investment choices provide returns at above-market or preferential rates. All deferrals are paid out in cash upon distribution. Participants may schedule a distribution during employment or may opt to receive their balance after separation from service. Participants who are considered "specified employees" under Tax Code Section 409A (generally, the top 50 highest paid executives) may not receive a post-termination distribution for at least six months following separation. On occasion, the Company may provide a one-time credit to the Deferred Compensation Plan to make up for benefits lost under various circumstances, such as benefits lost at a prior employer. The Company has not provided any such credits for any of the Named Executive Officers

International Service Programs. International service program benefits generally include relocation expenses, a housing allowance (including certain housing expenses), a cost-of-living adjustment (a cash adjustment designed to provide equivalent purchasing power), certain cash allowances recognizing differences in living conditions in the host location, a home leave allowance and currency protection. The programs also provide tax preparation services and tax equalization, where applicable. There were approximately 350 participants in these programs in 2024.

TCCC Severance Plan. The TCCC Severance Plan provides cash severance benefits to eligible employees who are involuntarily terminated. Eligible employees include regular, non-union U.S. employees and certain global mobility employees. Generally, benefits are payable when an employee is terminated involuntarily due to certain circumstances such as an internal reorganization or position elimination. Benefits are not payable if the employee is offered a comparable position with the Company or one of its affiliates, is terminated for cause or has entered into a separate agreement. The benefit payable is determined based on job level, salary and/or length of service. The minimum benefit is eight weeks of base pay, and the maximum benefit is two years of base pay.

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ANNEX C — RECONCILIATIONS OF GAAP AND NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

The Company reports its financial results in accordance with GAAP (or referred to in this Annex C as "reported"). However, management believes that certain non-GAAP financial measures provide investors with additional meaningful financial information that should be considered when assessing our underlying business performance and trends. Management also uses these non-GAAP financial measures in making financial, operating, compensation and planning decisions and in evaluating the Company's performance. Non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, and not as an alternative for, the Company's results prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our non-GAAP financial measures do not represent a comprehensive basis of accounting.

For additional details regarding the reconciliations of GAAP and non-GAAP financial measures below, see the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on February 11, 2025. This information is also available on the Company's website, **www.coca-colacompany.com**, by clicking on "Investors," then "Filings & Reports" and then "All SEC Filings."

(UNAUDITED)		Less: Adjustments to Repo	orted Net Operating Revenues	
	Reported Net		Impact of Acquisitions,	
	Operating Revenues		Divestitures and Structural	Organic Revenues
Percent Change	(GAAP)	Currency Impact	Changes, Net	(Non-GAAP)
2020	(11)	(2)	0	(9)
2021	17	1	0	16
2022	11	(7)	2	16
2023	6	(4)	(1)	12
2024	3	(5)	(4)	12

(UNAUDITED)

						Neutral Operating
		Less: Adjustments to Repor	ted Operating Income	Comparable Currency		Income Excluding
	Reported Operating	Items Impacting	Comparable	Neutral Operating	Structural	Structural Changes
Percent Change	Income (GAAP)	Comparability	Currency Impact	Income (Non-GAAP)	Changes Impact	(Non-GAAP)
2024	(12)	(17)	(11)	16	(2)	18

 (UNAUDITED)
 Less: Adjustments to Reported EPS
 Less: Adjustments to Reported EPS

 Percent Change
 (GAAP)
 Items Impacting Comparable EPS

 2024
 0
 Comparability (Non-GAAP)

(UNAUDITED) (In millions)	De	Year Ended cember 31, 2024
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities (GAAP)	\$	6,805
Purchases of Property, Plant and Equipment (GAAP)		(2,064)
Free Cash Flow (Non-GAAP)		4,741
Plus: IRS Tax Litigation Deposit		6,041
Free Cash Flow Excluding the IRS Tax Litigation Deposit (Non-GAAP)	\$	10,782

Note: Certain rows may not add due to rounding.

REFRESH MAKE A DIFFERENCE.





YOUR VOTE IS IMPORTANT

The meeting will be held virtually on April 30, 2025 at 8:30 a.m. (Eastern Time). All votes must be received by the end of the meeting.

SCAN the QR code or visit www. envisionreports.com/coca-cola to vote your shares CALL 1-800-652-VOTE (8683) within the USA, US territories and Canada

2025 ANNUAL MEETING - PROXY CARD

Attend the meeting on April 30, 2025 at 8:30 a.m. (Eastern Time), virtually at meetnow.global/K02025.

Election of Directors:	For Agains	t Abstain			For	Anainst	Abstain				For	Anai	nst Al	etain	_
01 - Herb Allen			07 - Maria Ele	na Lagomasino						ote to appro	ove		֓֟֟֟֝֟֝֟֟֝֟֟֟֟֟֟֟֟֟֟֟֟֓֟֟֟֟		т
02 - Bela Bajaria			08 - Amity Mil	lhiser				3. 1	Ratify the	appointmen	nt of Ernst	&	For	Against	Abstain
03 - Ana Botín			09 - James Qu	uincey						P as Indeper mpany to se					_
04 - Christopher C. Davis			10 - Caroline .	J. Tsay											
05 - Carolyn Everson			11 - David B. \	Weinberg											
06 - Thomas S. Gayner															
The Board of Directors	recommend	ls a vote	AGAINST Pro	posals 4 thi	ough 9	9:									
					5										
	18-5 200000		For Again	st Abstain					- 0				For	Against	Abstain
Vote on shareowner proposessment of non-sugar s		1	For Again	or growings		v vive	eowner p	ropos	al regardii	ng DEI goals	s in executi	ive pay		Against	Abstair
	sweeteners		For Again	or growings	7. Vot 8. Vot	e on share				ng DEI goals				Against	Abstair
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ATTEND

The 2025 Annual Meeting of Shareowners of The Coca-Cola Company will be held on April 30, 2025 at 8:30 a.m. (Eastern Time) exclusively online at meetnow.global/KO2025. If you plan to attend the 2025 Annual Meeting of Shareowners see question 2 of the accompanying Proxy Statement for details.

YOUR VOTE MATTERS

- Have a voice
- · Keep your account active
- · Stay informed



To access the virtual meeting, you must have the login details in the white circle located on the reverse side.



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Holders of record of our Common Stock as of March 3, 2025 are entitled to notice of, and to vote at, the meeting. Important Notice Regarding the Internet Availability of Proxy Materials for the 2025 Annual Meeting of Shareowners The material is available at: www.envisionreports.com/coca-cola.

 \downarrow IF VOTING BY MAIL, SIGN, DETACH AND RETURN THE BOTTOM PORTION IN THE ENCLOSED ENVELOPE. \downarrow



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2025 ANNUAL MEETING – PROXY CARD

This Proxy is solicited on behalf of the Board of Directors of The Coca-Cola Company

The undersigned, having received the Notice of 2025 Annual Meeting of Shareowners and Proxy Statement, hereby (i) appoints James Quincey, John Murphy and Monica Howard Douglas, and each of them, proxies with full power of substitution, for and in the name of the undersigned, to vote all shares of Common Stock of The Coca-Cola Company owned of record by the undersigned, and (ii) directs the Northern Trust Company, Banco Popular de Puerto Rico and Coca-Cola Southwest Beverages LLC, the trustees (the "Trustees") under The Coca-Cola Company and its subsidiaries' 401(k) and savings plans (the "Plans"), to vote in person or by proxy all shares of Common Stock of The Coca-Cola Company allocated to any accounts of the undersigned under such Plans, and which the undersigned is entitled to vote, in each case, on all matters which may come before the 2025 Annual Meeting of Shareowners to be held on April 30, 2025, at 8:30 a.m. Eastern Time, and any adjournments or postponements thereof, unless otherwise specified herein or unless to do so would be inconsistent with the Trustees' duties. The proxies, in their discretion, are further authorized to vote (x) for the election of a person to the Board of Directors if any nominee named herein becomes unable to serve or for good cause will not serve, (y) on any matter which the Board of Directors did not know would be presented at the 2025 Annual Meeting of Shareowners by a reasonable time before the proxy solicitation was made, and (z) on other matters which may properly come before the 2025 Annual Meeting of Shareowners and any adjournments or postponements thereof.

You are encouraged to specify your choices by marking the appropriate boxes (SEE REVERSE SIDE), but you need not mark any boxes if you wish to vote in accordance with the Board of Directors' recommendations. If no direction is given, your shares will be voted FOR all nominees listed, FOR Proposals 2 and 3 and AGAINST Proposals 4 through 9. The proxies cannot vote your shares unless you sign and return this card.

AUTHORIZED SIGNATURES - THIS SECTION MUST BE COMPLETED FOR YOUR VOTE TO COUNT; PLEASE DATE AND SIGN BELOW.

Date (mm/dd/yyyy) — Please print date below.	should each sign. When signing as attorney, executor, administrator, corpo Signature 1 — Please keep signature within the box.	Signature 2 — Please keep signature within the box.
/ /		

